RBC Global Financial Institutions Conference



Building Rewarding Relationships

March 5, 2025



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Key Messages

Leading Community Bank in the Greater NYC Area

Well Diversified and Low Risk Loan Portfolio

History of Sound Credit Quality since IPO in 1995

- Growing Asian Banking Niche
- Beneficiary of a Steepening Yield Curve



Conservative Underwriting with History of Solid Value Creation



Flushing Financial Snapshot (NASDAQ: FFIC)

4Q24 Key Statistics						
Balance Sheet Performance Valuation						
Assets	\$9.0B	GAAP/Core ROAA	(2.17)%/0.19% ¹	Closing Price, 2/25/25	\$14.25	
Loans, net	\$6.7B	GAAP/Core ROAE	(29.24)%/2.54% ¹	Market Cap (MM)	\$480	
Total Deposits	\$7.2B	GAAP/Core NIM	2.39%/2.25% ²	Price/TBV	68%	
Equity	\$0.7B	Book/Tangible Book Value	\$21.53/\$20.97	Dividend Yield	6.2%	

Brand Promise

Footprint

Nurturing Relationships and Rewarding Customers, Employees, and Shareholders

Deposits primarily from 28 branches in multicultural neighborhoods and our online division, consisting of





¹ See Reconciliation of GAAP (Loss) to Core Earnings in Appendix ² See Reconciliation of GAAP to Core Net Interest Income and NIM in Appendix

Strong Asian Banking Market Focus

Asian Communities – Total Loans \$749 million and Deposits \$1.3 billion

Multilingual Branch Staff Serves Diverse Customer Base in NYC Metro Area

About One Third of Branches are in Asian markets...more to come

Growth Aided by the Asian Advisory Board

Sponsorships of Cultural Activities Support New and Existing Opportunities

18% of Total Deposits

\$40B

Deposit Market Potential (~3% Market Share¹)

5.8%

1 Year Growth in 2024 vs (1.5)%¹ for the Comparable Asian Markets

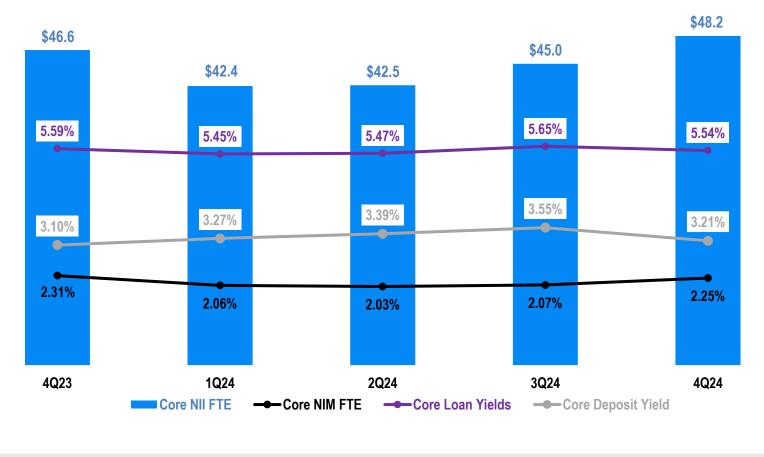
Key Community Events: Street Fairs, BID, and Ganesh Utsav Bellerose





2024 Actions Expand GAAP and Core NIM QoQ

Net Interest Income and NIM (\$ Millions)

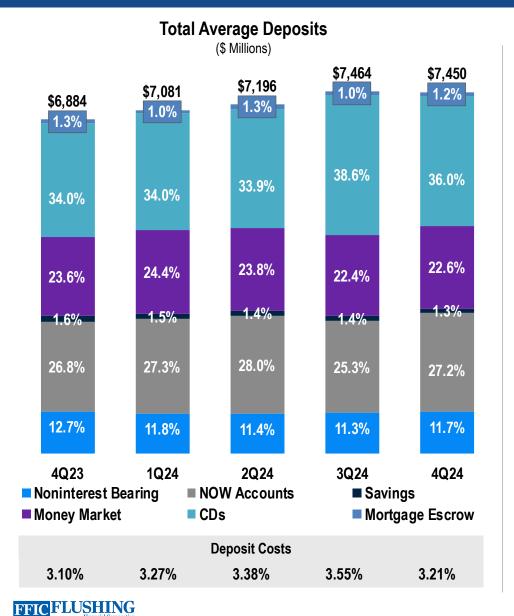


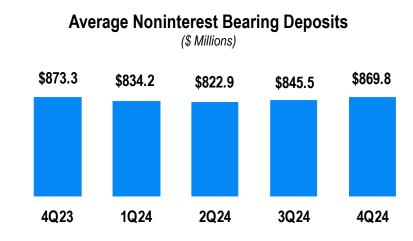
GAAP NIM FTE 2.29% 2.10% 2.06% 2.05% 2.39%



FFIC FLUSHING See Appendix for definitions of Core NII FTE, Core NIM, and Core Loan Yields

Average NIB Deposits Expand QoQ; Cost of Deposits Decline

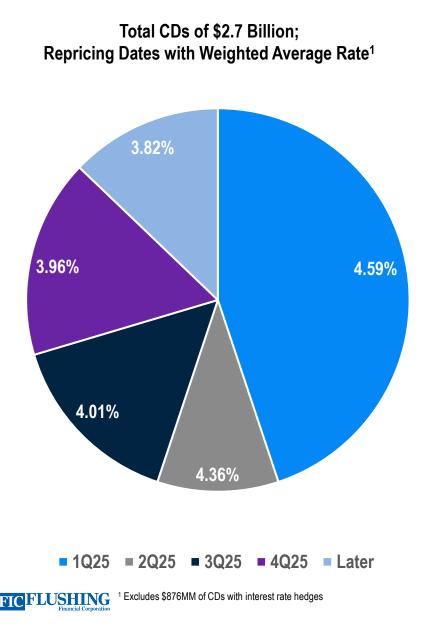




- Noninterest bearing deposits turned a corner in 2H24
- Quick response to declining rate environment
- From 3Q24-4Q24, downward interestbearing deposits betas and non-maturity interest-bearing deposit betas were 51% and 59% compared to the upward betas (from 4Q21-3Q23) of 57% and 61%, respectively

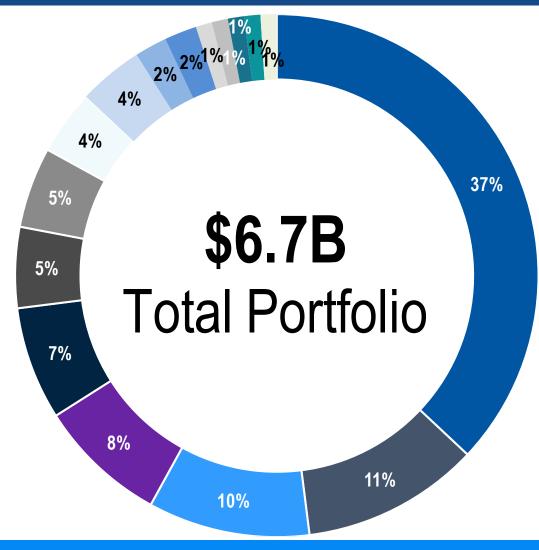
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CDs Expected to Reprice Downward



- CDs have a weighted average rate of 4.27%¹ as of December 31, 2024
- Current CD APYs are approximately 3.50-4.25%; recent customer preferences are for short term CDs
- Approximately 87%¹ of the CD portfolio will mature within one year
 - \$792.0 million in 1Q25 at 4.59%¹
 - \$180.4 million in 2Q25 at 4.36%
- Historically, we retain a high percentage of maturing CDs
 - Retained 78% of maturing CDs in 4Q24 with a weighted average rate reduction of 88 bps
- Downward Fed moves will improve funding costs

Loans Secured by Real Estate Have an Average LTV of <35%



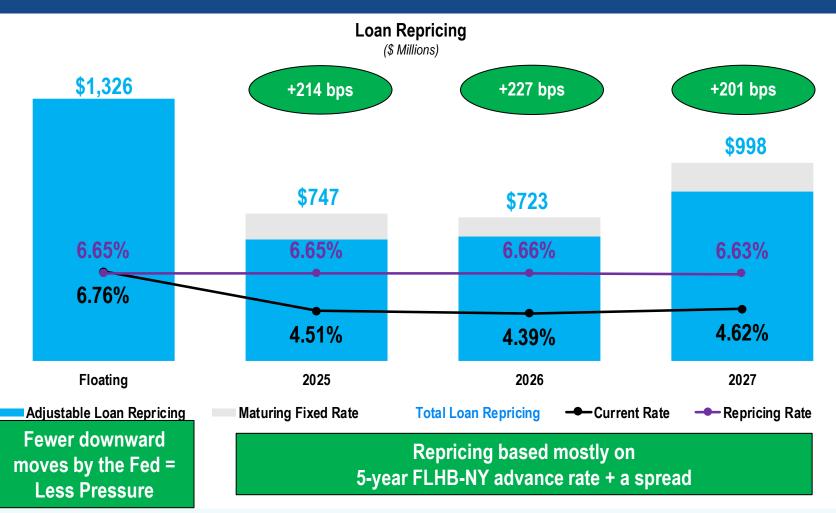
90% Real Estate Based

- Multifamily: 37.0%
- Owner Occupied CRE: 11.0%
- Non Real Estate: 10.0%
- One-to-four family Mixed Use: 8.0%
- General Commercial: 7.0%
- **CRE Shopping Center: 5.0%**
- CRE Strip Mall: 5.0%
- Commercial Mixed Use: 4.0%
- One-to-four family Residential: 4.0%
- CRE Single Tenant: 2.0%
- Industrial: 2.0%
- Office Multi & Single Tenant: 1.0%
- Health Care/Medical Use: 1.0%
- Commercial Special Use: 1.0%
- Construction: 1.0%
- Office Condo & Co-Op: 1.0%

Manhattan Office Buildings are Approximately 0.5% of Gross Loans

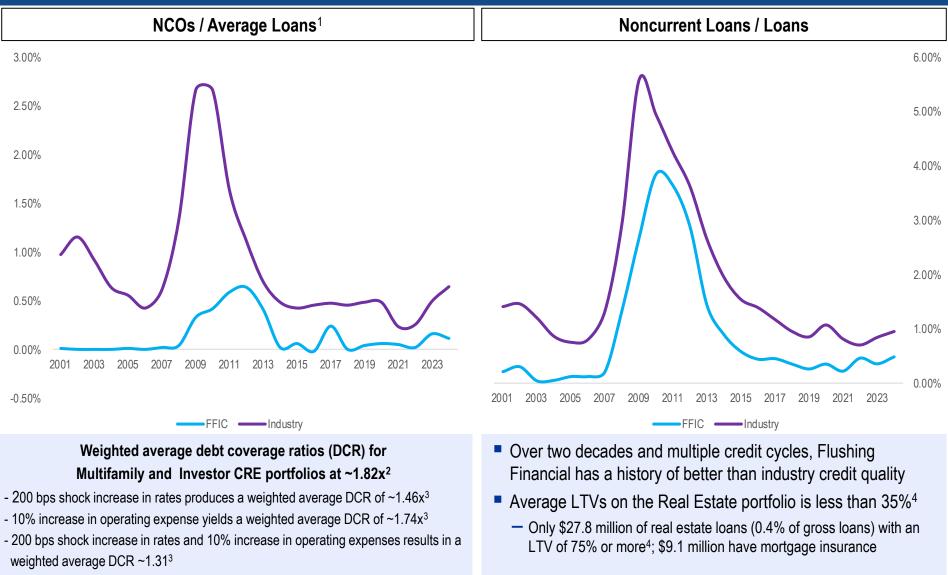


Significant Loan Repricing to Occur Through 2027



- Floating rate loans include any loans (including back-to-back swaps) tied to an index that reprices within 90 days; Including interest rate hedges of \$500 million, \$1.8 billion or ~27% of the loan portfolio is effectively floating rate
- Through 2027, loans to reprice 201-227 bps higher assuming index values as of December 31, 2024 **FFIC FLUSHING**

Net Charge-offs Significantly Better Than the Industry; Strong DCR



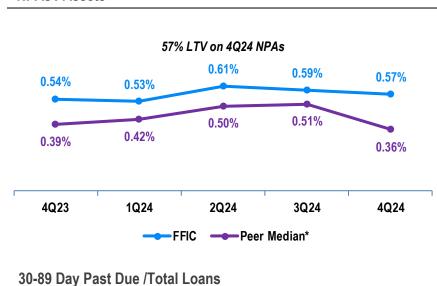
⁻ In all scenarios, weighted average CLTV is less than 50%^{3,4}



FFIC FLUSHING ¹ "Industry" includes all U.S. Commercial Banks per S&P Capital IQ 7inancial Corporation ² Based on most recent Annual Loan Review

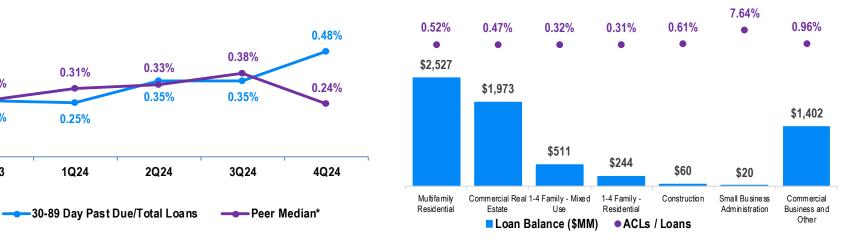
³ Based upon a sample size of 74% of multifamily and investor real estate loans as of December 31, 2023 ⁴ Based on appraised value at origination

Low Risk Credit Profile Results



Criticized and Classified Loans / Gross Loans 3.57% 2.62% 2.73% 2.28% 1.13% 1.11% 1.07% 1.00% 0.87% 4Q23 1Q24 2Q24 3Q24 4Q24 -FFIC ---- Peer Median*

ACL by Loan Segment (4Q24)



NPAs / Assets

0.26%

0.25%

4Q23

FFICFLUSHING Peer data through 4Q24 where availa

Peer data through 4Q24 where available; Peers include: BKU, DCOM, FLG , FLIC, HNVR, KRNY, NFBK, PFS, and VLY

Strong Credit Quality In Key Portfolios

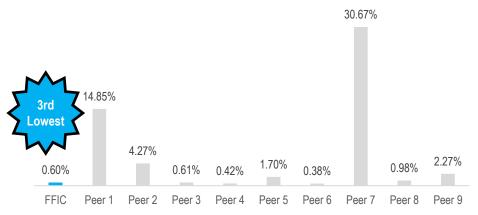
Portfolio Data Points	Multifamily	Investor CRE ¹	Office CRE
NPLs/Loans:	44 bps	0 bps	260 bps ³
Criticized and Classified Loans/Loans:	102 bps	0 bps	260 bps ³
Weighted Average DCR ² :	1.8x	1.8x	1.9x
Portfolio Size:	\$2.5 billion	\$1.7 billion	\$242 million
Average Loan Size:	\$1.2 million	\$2.5 million	\$3.0 million



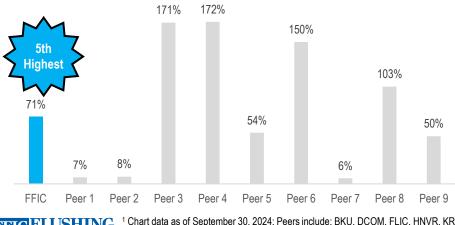
Low Risk Multifamily Loan Portfolio

Multifamily Ratios vs Peer Banks¹

Criticized and Classified Multifamily Loans / Total Multifamily Loans



Multifamily Allowance for Credit Losses / Criticized and Classified Multifamily Loans



Loan Rating Criteria

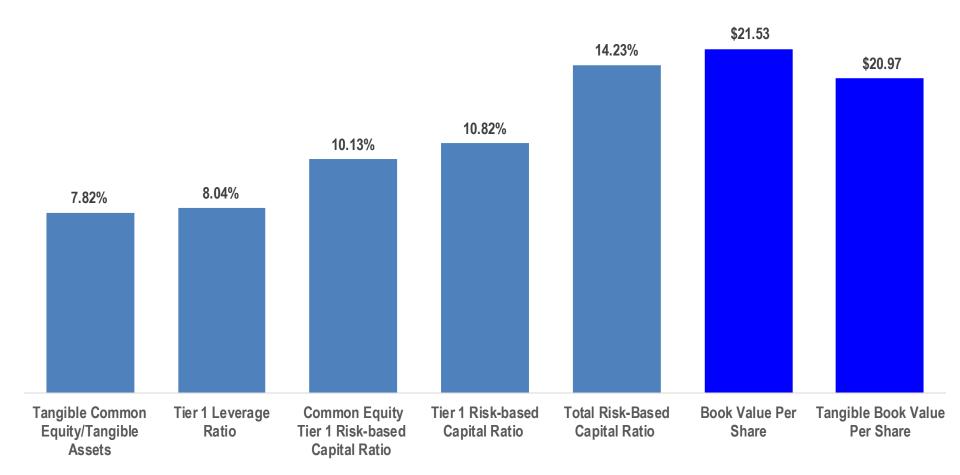
- We employ a model to determine loan risk ratings for real estate loans
- The model consists of four factors: property condition, current DCR, current LTV, and loan payment history with DCR and LTV combining for 70% of the weight
- The model output cannot be overridden to improve the risk rating

Multifamily Credit Quality Statistics²

- 30-89 days past due are 0.86% of total multifamily loans
- NPL loans are 0.44% of total multifamily loans
- Criticized and Classified loans to multifamily loans are 1.02%
- LLRs to multifamily criticized and classified loans are 51%

¹ Chart data as of September 30, 2024; Peers include: BKU, DCOM, FLIC, HNVR, KRNY, NFBK, NYCB, PFS, and VLY ² As of December 31. 2024

Strong Capital Ratios





Operating Environment Is Improving

- The 3-month to 5-year spread has turned positive, which should benefit NIM over time
- Opportunities to continue to lower deposit rates
- Loan repricing continued to be favorable
- Focused on remixing the balance sheet
- New business initiatives for 2025
 - Demand deposits
 - Branch expansion
 - Expand customer relationships
 - Enhanced relationship pricing model
 - -SBA team additions



Outlook

Balance Sheet

- Expect slight increase in loans but stable total assets
- Focused on improving asset and funding mix; expect normal historical funding patterns

Net Interest Income

- Balance sheet restructuring estimated to have a 10-15 bps positive impact to 1Q25 Core NIM
- \$792 million of retail CDs to mature over the first quarter at a weighted average rate of 4.59%; current CD rates are 3.50-4.25%
- Opportunities to continue to reprice non-maturity deposits lower
- \$747 million of loans scheduled to reprice upwards 214 bps in 2025 (based on December 31, 2024 index values)

Noninterest Income

- Approximately \$59 million of back-to-back swaps in the loan pipeline; banking services fee income to benefit in the quarter as these loans close
- BOLI income expected to be \$1.4 million in 1Q25, \$3.3 million in 2Q25, and \$2.2 million per quarter thereafter; estimates could change based timing of settlements of the 1035 exchange

Noninterest Expense

- 2025 core noninterest expense expected to increase 5-8% from the 2024 base of \$159.6 million
- Seasonal expenses in 1Q25 are expected to be approximately \$2.0 million

Effective Tax Rate

- Expecting 25-28% for 2025



Key Takeaways

2025 Areas of Focus

- Preserve Strong Liquidity and Capital
 - \$3.6 billion of undrawn lines and resources at of December 31, 2024
 - Uninsured and uncollateralized deposits were 17% of total deposits
 - Average total deposits increased 8.2% YoY but declined 0.2% QoQ
 - Tangible Common Equity to Tangible Assets was 7.82% as December 31 2024, up 82 bps QoQ
- Maintain Credit Discipline
 - Approximately 90% of the loan portfolio is collateralized by real estate with an average LTV of less than 35%
 - Weighted average debt service coverage ratio is approximately 1.8x for multifamily and investor commercial real estate loans
 - Criticized and classified loans are 1.07% of gross loans
 - Manhattan office buildings exposure is minimal at 0.5% of gross loans
- Improve Profitability
 - GAAP and Core NIM expanded 29 and 18 bps QoQ
 - Balance Sheet restructuring expected to add 10-15 bps to NIM in 1Q25
 - Real Estate loans expected to reprice ~200 bps higher
 - CD repricing is expected to be lower
 - · Continuing to invest in people and branches to drive core business improvements
 - Focused on improving ROAE over time
 - Capital to grow as profitability improves



Appendix





Summary of Restructuring Actions

- On December 16, 2024, closed a \$70 million (gross) common equity raise to improve profitability and strengthen the balance sheet through a restructuring
- Sold \$444.8 million of AFS securities (book value) with a weighted average yield of 1.98% and pre-tax loss of \$72.6 million (recorded in noninterest income (loss))
- Purchased \$382.5 million of AFS securities with a weighted average yield of 5.67%
- Pre-tax gain of \$3.0 million on the termination of the investment securities swap (recorded in net interest income)
- Terminated \$251.1 million of FHLB advances with a weighted average coupon of 4.82% at a pre-tax loss of \$2.6 million (recorded in noninterest expense); funding was largely initially replaced by short term FHLB advances with a weighted average rate of 4.54% and expected to be partially replaced by deposits over time
- As of December 31, 2024, \$73.9 million of loans with a weighted average coupon of 3.91% were moved to held for sale resulting in a pre-tax interest rate mark of \$3.8 million (recorded in noninterest income (loss))
- It is expected most of these loans will be sold in 1Q25 with no significantly change in value
- The impact to 4Q24 EPS in total was \$76.0 million pre-tax or \$1.74 per share, net of tax

These Actions are Expected to Improve the Earnings Profile and Strengthen the Balance Sheet



4Q24 GAAP to Core Reconciliation

(\$ in 000s, except for EPS)

	GAAP 4Q24	Restructuring Actions	Other Core Adjustments	Core* 4Q24
Net Interest Income	\$51,235	(\$2,971)	(\$131)	\$48,133
Provision for Credit Losses	6,440			6,440
Noninterest Income (Loss)	(71,022)	76,427	576	5,981
Noninterest Expense	45,630	(2,572)	(308)	42,750
(Loss) Income Before Income Taxes	(71,857)	76,028	753	4,924
(Benefit) Provision for Income Taxes	(22,612)	23,048	279	715
Net (Loss) Income	(\$49,245)	\$52,980	\$474	\$4,209
(Loss) Earnings per share	(\$1.61)	\$1.74	\$0.02	\$0.14
NIM FTE	2.39	% (0.13) %	(0.01) %	2.25
NCOs/Average Loans	0.28	% - %	- %	0.28
NPAs/Assets	0.57	-	-	0.57

- Net Interest Income: \$3.0 MM swap termination gain, fair value adjustments, and purchase accounting accretion
- Noninterest Income (Loss): \$72.6 MM loss on sale of securities from restructuring, \$3.8 MM write-down on loans move to held for sale, life insurance proceeds, and fair value adjustments
- Noninterest Expense: \$2.6 MM of prepayment penalties on FHLB advance terminations and other miscellaneous expenses
- (Benefit) Provision for Income Taxes: the effective tax rates vary per column due to the level of pre-tax income and temporary timing differences



Digital Banking Usage Continues to Increase

9%

Increase in Monthly Mobile Deposit Active Users December 2024 YoY Growth



Internet Banks

iGObanking and BankPurely national deposit gathering platforms ~2% of Average Deposits in December 2024

~14,600

Users with Active Online Banking Status December 2024



톏

15%

Digital Banking Enrollment December 2024 YoY Growth

Numerated

Small Business Lending Platform

\$18.0MM of Commitments in 2024

~14,800

Zelle[®] Transactions

Zelle Dollar Transactions in December 2024

Technology Enhancements Remain a Priority to Grow Customer Base and Increase Engagement



\$

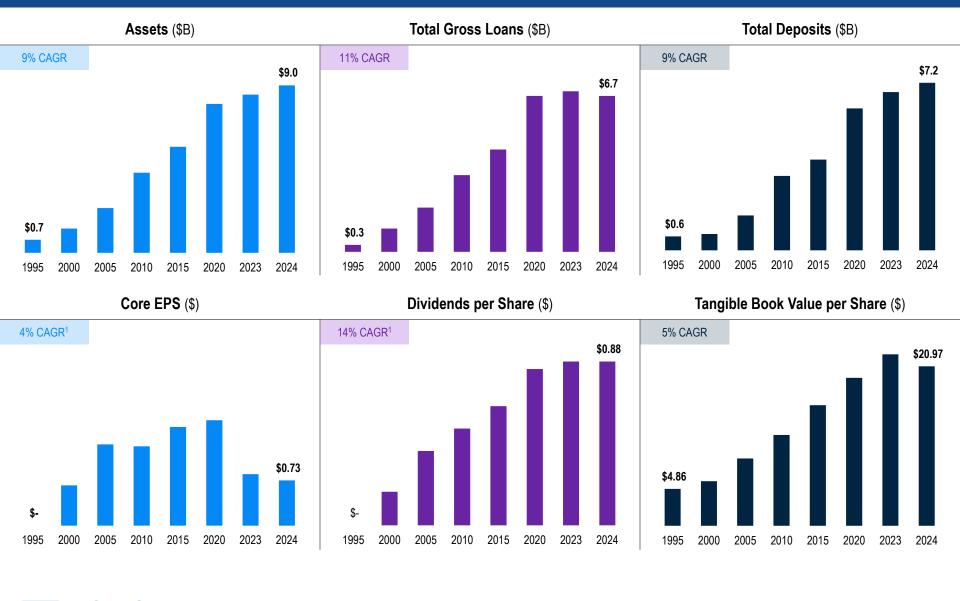
Annual Financial Highlights

	2024	2023	202	2	2021	2020	2019
Reported Results							
(Loss) Earnings per Share	(\$1.05)	\$0.96	\$2	.50	\$2.59	\$1.18	\$1.44
ROAA	(0.35)	% 0.34	%	.93 %	6 1.00	% 0.48	% 0.59 %
ROAE	(4.67)	4.25	1	.44	12.60	5.98	7.35
NIM FTE	2.15	2.24	:	.11	3.24	2.85	2.47
Core ¹ Results							
EPS	\$0.73	\$0.83	\$2	.49	\$2.81	\$1.70	\$1.65
ROAA	0.24	% 0.29	%	.92 %	6 1.09	% 0.68	% 0.68 %
ROAE	3.25	3.69	1	.42	13.68	8.58	8.42
NIM FTE	2.10	2.21		.07	3.17	2.87	2.49
Credit Quality							
NPAs/Loans & REO	0.76	% 0.67	%	.77 %	6 0.23	% 0.31	% 0.24 %
LLRs/Loans	0.6	0.58	(.58	0.56	0.67	0.38
LLR/NPLs	120.51	159.55	124	.89	248.66	214.27	164.05
NCOs/Average Loans	0.11	0.16	(.02	0.05	0.06	0.04
Criticized & Classifieds/Loans	1.07	1.11	(.98	0.87	1.07	0.66
Capital Ratios							
CET1	10.13	% 10.25	% 10	.52 %	6 10.86	% 9.88	% 10.95 %
Tier 1	10.82	10.93	1	.25	11.75	10.54	11.77
Total Risk-based Capital	14.23	14.33	14	.69	14.32	12.63	13.62
Leverage Ratio	8.04	8.47	:	.61	8.98	8.38	8.73
TCE/TA	7.82	7.64		.82	8.22	7.52	8.05
Balance Sheet							
Book Value/Share	\$21.53	\$23.21	\$2	.97	\$22.26	\$20.11	\$20.59
Tangible Book Value/Share	20.97	22.54	22	.31	21.61	19.45	20.02
Dividends/Share	0.88	0.88	(.88	0.84	0.84	0.84
Average Assets (\$B)	9.0	8.5		8.3	8.1	7.3	6.9
Average Loans (\$B)	6.8	6.8		6.7	6.6	6.0	5.6
Average Deposits (\$B)	7.3	6.9		6.5	6.4	5.2	5.0



¹ See Reconciliation of GAAP (Loss) Earnings and Core Earnings in Appendix

29 Year Track Record of Steady Growth



Approach to Real Estate Lending: Low Leverage & Shared Philosophy

Since 1929, we have a long history of lending in metro New York City

- Historically, credit quality has outperformed the industry and peers
 - From 2001-2024, median NCOs to average loans has been 4 bps compared to 59 bps for the industry
 - Median noncurrent loans to total loans has been 41 bps compared to 127 bps for the industry over the same period

The key to our success is shared client philosophy

- Our clients tend to have low leverage (average LTV is <35%) and strong cash flows (DCR is 1.8x for multifamily and investor CRE¹)
- Multigenerational our clients tend to build portfolio of properties; generally, buy and hold
- Borrowers are not transaction oriented average real estate loan seasoning is over 8 years, which is generally passed the 5-year reset for multifamily and investor CRE loans
- We do not attract clients who are short term borrowers, who want funds on future cash flows, or who are aggressively trying to convert rent regulated units into market rents

Our Conservative Lending Profile Has Served Us Well Over Many Cycles



Multifamily: Conservative Underwriting Standards

Portfolio Data Poir	nts	Underwriting Standards at Origination
Portfolio Size:	\$2.5 billion	 All loans underwritten with a 250-300 bps increase in rates at origination; especially when
Average Loan Size:	\$1.2 million	rates were lowDebt coverage ratios (DCR) based on current
Current Weighted Average Coupon:	5.08%	rents; not projected cash flows
Weighted Average LTV:	42%	 Underwritten Net Operating Income (NOI) at origination includes forecasted increases in
% of Loans with LTV >75%	0.11%	expenses and potential increase in interest rates, which limits overall leverage
Weighted Average DCR ¹ :	1.8x	 Cap rates were underwritten to 5%+ when rates were low
NPLs/Loans	0.44%	 Annual loan reviews performed; cash flows updated annually and a trend analysis on the
30-89 Days Past Due/Loans	0.86%	portfolio is performed30-year amortization
Criticized and Classified Loans/Loans	102 bps	 Loans generally reset every 5 years (FHLB Advance rate + 225 bps)
FFIC FLUSHING Financial Corporation Data as of December 31, 2024 ¹ Excludes co-ops		27

Multifamily: Manageable Repricing Risk

Actual Repricing

	At Origination		At Rep	rice Date
(\$000s)	2019	Stressed	CAGR	2023
Purchase Price:	\$7,500			\$7,500
Loan Amount:	\$4,250	\$3,824		\$3,824
LTV:	56.7%			51.0%
Rate:	3.75%	5.75%		6.45%
Annual Payment:	\$159	\$301		\$324
Income:	725	848	4%	848
Expense:	362	423	4%	423
NOI:	\$363	\$425		\$425
DCR:	2.28	1.41		1.31

		NOI Sensitivity				
	CAGR	2023	CAGR	2023		
Loan Balance:		\$3,824		\$3,824		
Repricing Rate:		6.45%		6.45%		
Annual Payment:		\$324		\$324		
Income:	4%	848	4%	848		
Expense:	6%	458	8%	492		
NOI:		\$390		\$356		
DCR:		1.20		1.10		

FFIC FLUSHING

Key Data Points

- At year end 2023, there were \$302 million of multifamily loans schedule to reprice or mature ~199 bps higher based on the December 31, 2023 index
 - Approximately 81% of the loans repriced and remained with the Bank
 - These loans repriced 225 bps higher to a weighted average rate of 6.65%
 - Over 98% of these loans are current and only 34 bps of these loans are 90+ days delinquent
- For 2025, \$345 million of loans are forecasted to reprice 267 bps higher to a weighted average rate of 6.80%¹
- Example of a typical 2023 loan repricing:
 - Income and expense increased at an approximate 4% CAGR
 - Rate resets to FHLB 5-yr advance + 225 bps
 - NOI sensitivity provided for illustrative purposes only; actual expense CAGR has been 4%

Multifamily: DCR Risks Are Well Contained

Debt Coverage Ratio Details ¹		Key Data Points ¹
Multifamily weighted average DCR	1.8x ²	 Underwriting assumes higher rates at origination leading to strong DCRs
Amount of loans with a DCR of 1.0-1.2x	\$195.8 million ³	 Low amount of loans with DCRs less than 1.2x and minimal amount below 1.0x
LTV of loans with a DCR of 1.0-1.2x	49%	 Borrowers have significant equity positions in these loans, especially for those with
Amount of loans with a DCR <1.0x	\$82.6 million ³	DCRs less than 1.0x
LTV of loans with a DCR <1.0x	43%	 Credit performance is favorable for DCRs of 1.2x or less:
Of the loans with a DCR <1.2x:	 None have an LTV >70% \$45.6 million have an LTV >60% \$0.9 million are 90+ days past due; \$11.8 million criticized or classified (with WA LTV of 46%) 	 \$0.9 million 90+ days past due Only \$11.8 million of criticized or classified loans with a weighted average LTV of 46%



Multifamily: Minimal Interest Only; High Quality Performance

Interest Only Loan Details ¹					
Total interest only loans	\$214.4 million				
Weighted average LTV	46%				
Weighted average DCR	2.3x ²				
Amount of loans with a DCR <1.2x	\$0 ²				
30-89 Days Past Due/Loans	\$0				
Criticized and Classified Loans/Loans	\$5 million				
Amount of loans to become fully amortizing in 2024	 \$86.2 million 2.9x current DCR and ~1.9x when fully amortized 				

FICFLUSHING ¹ As of June 30

inancial Corporation ² Excludes co-or

Key Data Points¹

- Interest only loans are typically only offered to relationship customers who have a prior history with the Bank
- A client requests an interest only loan when cash flows early in the project are low and will increase after improvements occur or if the cash flow is strong enough to cover the required debt service amortizing yet a preferred return for a limited time frame is desired
- Significant equity or multiple properties are offsetting factors
- Loans are generally interest only for 1-3 years and then become fully amortizing
- Underwritten on a fully amortizing basis
- Credit performance is stellar with only one loan for \$5 million that is criticized and classified

30

Multifamily: Rent Regulated Portfolio – Granular and Low Risk

Portfolio Data Points ¹					
Portfolio Size:	\$1.6 billion				
Average Loan Size:	\$1.4 million				
Current Weighted Average Coupon:	4.82%				
Weighted Average LTV:	48%				
% of Loans with LTV >75%	0.2%				
Weighted Average DCR:	1.8x ²				
Average Seasoning:	7.6 years				
30-89 Days Past Due	\$5.5 million				
Criticized and Classified Loans	\$7.5 million				
Buildings that are 100% rent regulated	\$778 million				
Buildings that are 50-99% rent regulated	\$525 million				
Buildings that are <50% rent regulated	\$290 million				

FICFLUSHING

¹ Data as of June 30

ancial Corporation ² Based on annual loan reviews

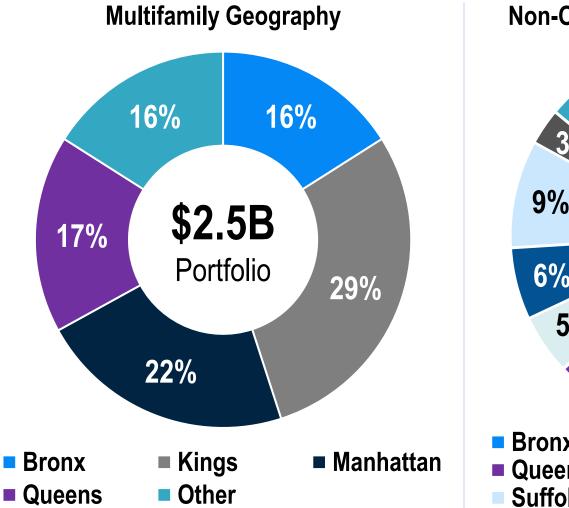
Key Data Points¹

- New York City area has a shortage of affordable housing creating the need for rent regulated units; annual the Rent Guidelines Board establishes rental increases for these units
- Loans that contain rent regulated properties are about two thirds of the multifamily portfolio
- This portfolio is very granular with about half the portfolio in buildings that are 100% rent regulated and half with a mix of market rents
- Borrowers have over 50% equity in these properties
- With average seasoning over 7 years, these borrowers have experienced rate resets
- Credit performance is solid with low levels of delinquencies, criticized, and classified loans

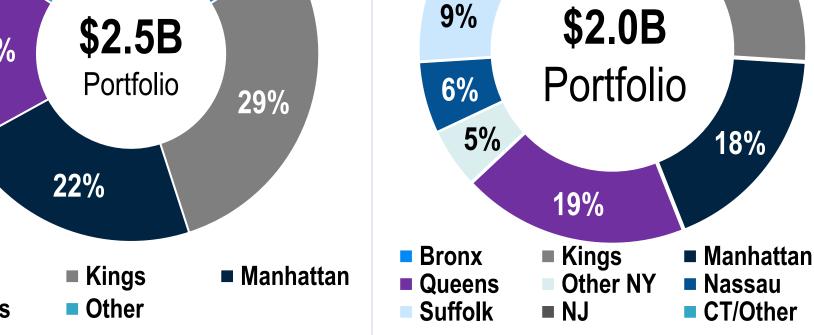
Investor CRE: Conservative Underwriting Standards

Portfolio Data Poir	nts	Underwriting Standards at Origination
Portfolio Size:	\$2.0 billion	 All loans underwritten with a 250-300 bps increase in rates at origination; especially when
Average Loan Size:	\$2.6 million	rates were lowDebt coverage ratios (DCR) based on current
Current Weighted Average Coupon:	5.26%	rents; not projected cash flows
Weighted Average LTV:	44%	 Underwritten Net Operating Income (NOI) at origination includes forecasted increases in
% of Loans with LTV >75%	32 bps	expenses and potential increase interest rates, which limits overall leverage
Weighted Average DCR:	1.8x	 Cap rates were underwritten to 5%+ when rates were low
NPLs/Loans	32 bps	 Annual loan reviews performed; cash flows updated annually and a trend analysis on the
30-89 Days Past Due/Loans	0.26%	portfolio is performed30-year amortization
Criticized and Classified Loans/Loans	32 bps	 Loans generally reset every 5 years (FHLB Advance rate + 225 bps)
FFIC FLUSHING Data as of December 31, 2024		3

Geographically Diverse Multifamily and CRE Portfolios



Non-Owner Occupied CRE Geography 8% 14% 3% 18%

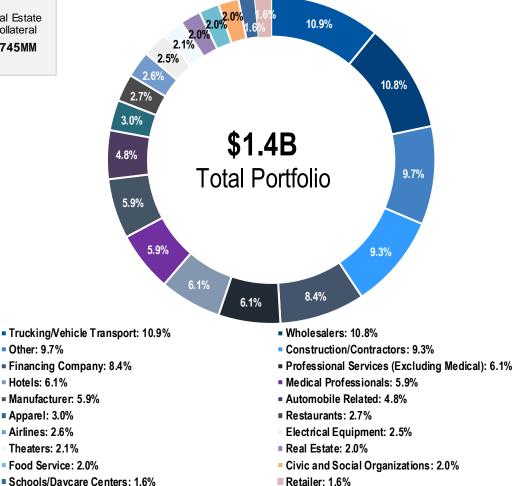


Underwrite Real Estate Loans with a Cap Rates over 6% in 2024 (5%+ Historically) and Stress Test Each Loan



Well-Diversified Commercial Business Portfolio

Real Estate Collateral \$745MM



Schools/Daycare Centers: 1.6%

JUSHING

FFIC

Data as of December 31, 2024

Commercial Business

- Primarily in market lending
- Annual sales up to \$250 million
- Lines of credit and term loans, including owner occupied mortgages
- Loans secured by business assets, including account receivables, inventory, equipment, and real estate
- Personal guarantees are generally required
- Originations are generally \$100,000 to \$10 million
- Adjustable rate loans with adjustment periods of five years for owner-occupied mortgages and for lines of credit the adjustment period is generally monthly
- Generally not subject to limitations on interest rate increases but have interest rate floors

Average loan size of \$1.3 million

Swap Maturities: >50% of Interest Rate Hedges Mature through 2026

Swap Type	Notional (\$ Million)	2025 Maturities (\$ Million)	2026 Maturities (\$ Million)	2027 Maturities (\$ Million)	Annualized Net Interest Income ¹ (\$ Million)
Loans ²	\$695.6	\$140.7	\$315.4	\$115.0	\$8.9
Funding ²	\$875.8	\$225.0	\$180.0	\$50.0	\$19.7

- The \$1.6 billion of total interest rate hedges has annualized net interest income of \$28.6 million as of December 31, 2024
 - The net benefit will expand if the Fed raises rates or compress if the Fed cuts rates
 - The annualized impact of a 25 bp change in SOFR is approximately \$3.9 million
- Approximately 23% of the interest rate hedges will mature in 2025 and 32% in 2026

Non-cash Fair Value Adjustments to GAAP Earnings

The variance in GAAP (loss) earnings and core earnings is partly driven by the impact of non-cash net gains and losses from fair value adjustments. These fair value adjustments relate primarily to borrowings carried at fair value under the fair value option.

Core Net Income, Core Diluted EPS, Core ROAE, Core ROAA, Pre-provision, Pre-tax Net Revenue, Core Net Interest Income FTE, Core Net Interest Margin FTE, Core Interest Income and Yield on Total Loans, Core Noninterest Income, Core Noninterest Expense and Tangible Book Value per common share are each non-GAAP measures used in this presentation. A reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures appears below in tabular form. The Company believes that these measures are useful for both investors and management to understand the effects of certain interest and noninterest items and provide an alternative view of the Company's performance over time and in comparison, to the Company's competitors. These measures should not be viewed as a substitute for net income. The Company believes that tangible book value per common share is useful for both investors and management as this measure is commonly used by financial institutions, regulators and investors to measure the capital adequacy of financial institutions. The Company believes this measure facilitates comparison of the quality and composition of the Company's capital over time and in comparison, to its competitors. This measure should not be viewed as a substitute for retime and in comparison, to its competitors. This measure should not be viewed as a substitute for a provide and incompany believes that tangible book value per common share is useful for both investors and management as this measure is commonly used by financial institutions, regulators and investors to measure the capital adequacy of financial institutions. The Company believes this measure facilitates comparison of the quality and composition of the Company's capital over time and in comparison, to its competitors. This measure should not be viewed as a substitute for total shareholders' equity.

These non-GAAP measures have inherent limitations, are not required to be uniformly applied and are not audited. They should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of results reported under GAAP. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.



Reconciliation of GAAP (Loss) Earnings to CORE Earnings - Quarters

				For the year ended								
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	I	December 31, 2024		September 30, 2024	 June 30, 2024	 March 31, 2024	I	December 31, 2023	1	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023
GAAP (loss) income before income taxes	\$	(71,857)	\$	11,457	\$ 7,136	\$ 4,997	\$	11,754	\$	(48,267)	\$	39,833
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments												
(Noninterest income (loss)) Net loss on sale of securities		1,136		(974)	(57)	834		(906)		939		(2,573)
(Noninterest income (loss))		72,315		_	_			_		72,315		_
Life insurance proceeds (Noninterest income (loss)) Valuation allowance on loans transferred to held for		(284)		(1)	—	—		(697)		(285)		(1,281)
sale (Noninterest income (loss)) Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on		3,836		—	—	_		—		3,836		_
qualifying hedges (Net interest income) Prepayment penalty on borrowings (Noninterest		(2,911)		(554)	(177)	187		872		(3,455)		(371)
expense) Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments		2,572		—	—	_		—		2,572		_
and intangibles (Various)		(101)		(62)	(85)	(169)		(355)		(417)		(1,007)
Miscellaneous expense (Professional services)		218		10	494	_		526		722		526
Core income before taxes		4,924		9,876	 7,311	 5,849		11,194		27,960		35,127
Provision for core income taxes		715		2,153	1,855	1,537		3,648		6,260		10,209
Core net income	\$	4,209	\$	7,723	\$ 5,456	\$ 4,312	\$	7,546	\$	21,700	\$	24,918
GAAP diluted (loss) earnings per common share	\$	(1.61)	\$	0.30	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.12	\$	0.27	\$	(1.05)	\$	0.96
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments, net of tax		0.03		(0.03)	(0.01)	0.02		(0.02)		0.02		(0.06)
Net loss on sale of securities, net of tax		1.65		_	_	_		_		1.68		_
Life insurance proceeds Valuation allowance on loans transferred to held for		(0.01)		—	—	_		(0.02)		(0.01)		(0.04)
sale, net of tax Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on		0.09		_	_	—		—		0.09		—
qualifying hedges, net of tax		(0.07)		(0.01)	_	_		0.02		(0.08)		(0.01)
Prepayment penalty on borrowings, net of tax Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments,		0.06		_	_	_		_		0.06		_
net of tax		_		_	_			(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.02)
Miscellaneous expense, net of tax		—		_	0.01	—		0.01		0.02		0.01
Core diluted earnings per common share ⁽¹⁾	\$	0.14	\$	0.26	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.14	\$	0.25	\$	0.73	\$	0.83
Core net income, as calculated above	\$	4,209	\$	7,723	\$ 5,456	\$ 4,312	\$	7,546	\$	21,700	\$	24,918
Average assets		9,060,481		9,203,884	8,830,665	8,707,505		8,569,002		8,951,618		8,501,564
Average equity		662,190		672,762	667,557	669,185		669,819		667,913		675,151
Core return on average assets ⁽²⁾		0.19 %		0.34 %	0.25 %	0.20 %		0.35 %		0.24 %		0.29 %
Core return on average equity ⁽²⁾		2.54 %		4.59 %	3.27 %	2.58 %		4.51 %		3.25 %		3.69 %

FFIC FLUSHING Financial Corporation ¹ Core diluted earnings per common share may not foot due to rounding ² Ratios are calculated on an annualized basis

Reconciliation of GAAP Revenue and Pre-provision Pre-tax Net Revenue - Quarters

		For	For the year ended				
	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2024	2024	2024	2024	2023	2024	2023
GAAP Net interest income Net (gain) loss from fair value	\$ 51,235	\$ 45,603	\$ 42,776	\$ 42,397	\$ 46,085	\$ 182,011	\$ 179,152
adjustments on qualifying hedges Net amortization of purchase	(2,911)	(554)	(177)	187	872	(3,455)	(371)
accounting adjustments	(191)	(155)	(182)	(271)	(461)	(799)	(1,454)
Core Net interest income	\$ 48,133	\$ 44,894	\$ 42,417	\$ 42,313	\$ 46,496	\$ 177,757	\$ 177,327
GAAP Noninterest (loss) income Net (gain) loss from fair value	\$ (71,022)	\$ 6,277	\$ 4,216	\$ 3,084	\$ 7,402	\$ (57,445)	\$ 22,588
adjustments	1,136	(974)	(57)	834	(906)	939	(2,573)
Net loss on sale of securities Valuation allowance on loans	72,315	_	_	_	_	72,315	—
transferred to held for sale	3,836	_		—	_	3,836	
Life insurance proceeds	(284)	(1)			(697)	(285)	(1,281)
Core Noninterest income	\$ 5,981	\$ 5,302	\$ 4,159	\$ 3,918	\$ 5,799	\$ 19,360	\$ 18,734
GAAP Noninterest expense Prepayment penalty on borrowings Net amortization of purchase	\$ 45,630 (2,572)	\$ 38,696 —	\$ 39,047 —	\$ 39,892 —	\$ 40,735 —	\$ 163,265 (2,572)	\$ 151,389 —
accounting adjustments	(90)	(93)	(97)	(102)	(106)	(382)	(447)
Miscellaneous expense	(218)	(10)	(494)		(526)	(722)	(526)
Core Noninterest expense	\$ 42,750	\$ 38,593	\$ 38,456	\$ 39,790	\$ 40,103	\$ 159,589	\$ 150,416
Net interest income	\$ 51,235	\$ 45,603	\$ 42,776	\$ 42,397	\$ 46,085	\$ 182,011	\$ 179,152
Noninterest income (loss)	(71,022)	6,277	4,216	3,084	7,402	(57,445)	22,588
Noninterest expense	(45,630)	(38,696)	(39,047)	(39,892)	(40,735)	(163,265)	(151,389)
Pre-provision pre-tax net (loss) revenue	\$ (65.417)	\$ 13,184	\$ 7,945	\$ 5,589	\$ 12,752	\$ (28,600)	\$ 50,351
levenue	\$ (65,417)	\$ 15,184	\$ 7,945	\$ 5,589	\$ 12,752	\$ (38,699)	\$ 50,351
Core:							
Net interest income	\$ 48,133	\$ 44,894	\$ 42,417	\$ 42,313	\$ 46,496	\$ 177,757	\$ 177,327
Noninterest income	5,981	5,302	4,159	3,918	5,799	19,360	18,734
Noninterest expense	(42,750)	(38,593)	(38,456)	(39,790)	(40,103)	(159,589)	(150,416)
Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue	\$ 11,364	\$ 11,603	\$ 8,120	\$ 6,441	\$ 12,192	\$ 37,528	\$ 45,645
Efficiency Ratio	79.0	% 77.2 %	% 82.6	% 86.1 %	76.7 %	81.0 %	6 76.7 %



Efficiency ratio, a non-GAAP measure, was calculated by dividing core noninterest expense (excluding OREO expense and the net gain/loss from the sale of OREO) by the total of core net interest income and core noninterest income.

Reconciliation of GAAP to Core Net Interest Income and NIM - Quarters

				For the year ended									
	- 1	December 31,	;	September 30,	_	June 30,	_	March 31,	December 31,	De	ecember 31,	D	ecember 31,
(Dollars in thousands)		2024		2024		2024		2024	 2023		2024		2023
GAAP net interest income	\$	51,235	\$	45,603	\$	42,776	\$	42,397	\$ 46,085	\$	182,011	\$	179,152
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges Net amortization of purchase accounting		(2,911)		(554)		(177)		187	872		(3,455)		(371)
adjustments		(191)		(155)		(182)		(271)	(461)		(799)		(1,454)
Tax equivalent adjustment		98		100		98		100	 101		396		404
Core net interest income FTE	\$	48,231	\$	44,994	\$	42,515	\$	42,413	\$ 46,597	\$	178,153	\$	177,731
Episodic items ⁽¹⁾ Net interest income FTE excluding episodic		(648)		(1,647)		(369)		(928)	 (3,416)		(3,592)		(5,268)
items	\$	47,583	\$	43,347	\$	42,146	\$	41,485	\$ 43,181	\$	174,561	\$	172,463
Total average interest-earning assets (2)	\$	8,590,022	\$	8,712,443	\$	8,358,006	\$	8,238,395	\$ 8,080,550	\$	8,475,681	\$	8,027,898
Core net interest margin FTE		2.25 %		2.07 %		2.03 %		2.06 %	2.31 %		2.10 %	,	2.21 %
Net interest margin FTE excluding episodic items		2.22 %		1.99 %		2.02 %		2.01 %	2.14 %		2.06 %	1	2.15 %
GAAP interest income on total loans, net ⁽³⁾ Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments)\$	94,104	\$	95,780	\$	92,728	\$	92,959	\$ 95,616	\$	375,571	\$	355,348
on qualifying hedges - loans		29		(364)		(137)		123	978		(349)		(345)
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments		(216)		(168)		(198)		(295)	(484)		(877)		(1,503)
Core interest income on total loans, net	\$	93,917	\$	95,248	\$	92,393	\$	92,787	\$ 96,110	\$	374,345	\$	353,500
Average total loans, net ⁽²⁾	\$	6,783,264	\$	6,740,579	\$	6,751,715	\$	6,807,944	\$ 6,872,115	\$	6,770,826	\$	6,850,124
Core yield on total loans		5.54 %		5.65 %		5.47 %		5.45 %	5.59 %		5.53 %	,	5.16 %



¹ Episodic items include prepayment penalty income, net reversals and recovered interest from nonaccrual and delinquent loans, and swap terminations fees/income. ² Excludes purchase accounting average balances for all periods presented ³ Excludes interest income from loans held for sale.

Calculation of Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to Tangible Assets - Quarters

(Dollars in thousands)	December 31, 2024			September 30, 2024	June 30, 2024			March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Total Equity	\$	724,539	\$	666,891	\$	665,322	\$	669,827	\$	669,837	
Less:	Ψ	, 2 1,8 8 9	Ψ	000,071	Ψ	000,022	Ψ	009,027	Ψ	009,007	
Goodwill		(17,636)		(17,636)		(17,636)		(17,636)		(17,636)	
Core deposit intangibles		(1,123)		(1,220)		(1,322)		(1,428)		(1,537)	
Tangible Stockholders' Common		i		<u> </u>		i		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Equit y	\$	705,780	\$	648,035	\$	646,364	\$	650,763	\$	650,664	
Total Assets	\$	9,038,972	\$	9,280,886	\$	9,097,240	\$	8,807,325	\$	8,537,236	
Less:											
Goodwill		(17,636)		(17,636)		(17,636)		(17,636)		(17,636)	
Core deposit intangibles		(1,123)		(1,220)		(1,322)		(1,428)		(1,537)	
Tangible Assets	\$	9,020,213	\$	9,262,030	\$	9,078,282	\$	8,788,261	\$	8,518,063	
Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to											
Tangible Assets		7.82	%	7.00 %		7.12 %		7.40 %		7.64 %	



Reconciliation of GAAP (Loss) Earnings and Core Earnings - Years

	Years Ended											
(Dollars In thousands, except per share data)	December 31 2024	,	Decemb 202		Ľ	December 31, 2021	I	December 31, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019	I	December 31, 2018
GAAP (loss) income before income taxes	\$ (48,267)		\$ 39	,833	\$	104,852	\$	109,278	\$	45,182	\$	53,331
Day 1, Provision for Credit Losses - Empire transaction	_			_				_		1,818		
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments	939		(2,	,573)		(5,728)		12,995		2,142		5,353
Net (gain) loss on sale of securities	72,315			_		10,948		(113)		701		15
Life insurance proceeds	(285)		(1	,281)		(1,822)		_		(659)		(462)
Valuation allowance on loans transferred to held for sale	3,836							_		_		
Net gain on sale or disposition of assets	—					(104)		(621)		—		(770)
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges	(3,455)		((371)		(775)		(2,079)		1,185		1,678
Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death	—							_		_		455
Prepayment penalty on borrowings	2,572							_		7,834		
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments and intangibles	(417)		(1	,007)		(2,030)		(2,489)		80		
Miscellaneous/Merger expense	722	_		526				2,562		6,894		1,590
Core income before taxes	27,960		35.	,127		105,341		119,533		65,177		61,190
Provision for core income taxes	6,260	_	10	,209		28,502		30,769		15,428		13,957
Core net income	\$ 21,700	=	\$ 24	,918	\$	76,839	\$	88,764	\$	49,749	\$	47,233
GAAP diluted (loss) earnings per common share	\$ (1.05)		\$	0.96	\$	2.50	\$	2.59	\$	1.18	\$	1.44
Day 1, Provision for Credit Losses - Empire transaction, net of tax	_							_		0.05		_
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments, net of tax	0.02		(0.06)		(0.14)		0.31		0.06		0.14
Net (gain) loss on sale of securities, net of tax	1.68			_		0.26		_		0.02		_
Life insurance proceeds	(0.01)		(0.04)		(0.06)		_		(0.02)		(0.02)
Valuation allowance on loans transferred to held for sale, net of tax	0.09							_		_		_
Net gain on sale or disposition of assets, net of tax	_			_				(0.01)		_		(0.02)
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges, net of tax	(0.08)		(0.01)		(0.02)		(0.05)		0.03		0.05
Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death, net of tax	_			_				_		_		0.01
Prepayment penalty on borrowings, net of tax	0.06							_		0.20		_
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments and intangibles, net of tax	(0.01)		(0.02)		(0.05)		(0.06)		_		
Miscellaneous/Merger expense, net of tax	0.02			0.01				0.06		0.18		0.04
NYS tax change		-						(0.02)				
Core diluted earnings per common share ⁽¹⁾	\$ 0.73		\$	0.83	\$	2.49	\$	2.81	\$	1.70	\$	1.65
Core net income, as calculated above	\$ 21,700		\$ 24	,918	\$	76,839	\$	88,764	\$	49,749	\$	47,233
Average assets	8,951,618		8,501	,564		8,307,137		8,143,372		7,276,022		6,947,881
Average equity	667,913		675			672,742		648,946		580,067		561,289
Core return on average assets ⁽²⁾	0.24	%		0.29 %		0.92 %		1.09 %		0.68 %		0.68 %
Core return on average equity ⁽²⁾	3.25			3.69 %		11.42 %		13.68 %		8.58 %		8.42 %
	5.25	/0		5.07 70		11.42 70		15.08 70		0.50 70		0.42 70



FFICFLUSHING Core diluted earnings per common share may not foot due to rounding Financial Corporation ² Ratios are calculated on an annualized basis

Reconciliation of GAAP Revenue and Pre-Provision Pre-Tax Net Revenue - Years

	Years Ended											
	De	cember 31,	De	ecember 31,	De	ecember 31,	De	ecember 31,	De	cember 31,	De	cember 31,
(Dollars In thousands)		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
GAAP Net interest income	\$	182,011	\$	179,152	\$	243,616	\$	247,969	\$	195,199	\$	161,940
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges Net amortization of purchase		(3,455)		(371)		(775)		(2,079)		1,185		1,678
accounting adjustments		(799)		(1,454)		(2,542)		(3,049)		(11)		_
Core Net interest income	\$	177,757	\$	177,327	\$	240,299	\$	242,841	\$	196,373	\$	163,618
GAAP Noninterest income (loss) Net (gain) loss from fair value	\$	(57,445)	\$	22,588	\$	10,009	\$	3,687	\$	11,043	\$	9,471
adjustments		939		(2,573)		(5,728)		12,995		2,142		5,353
Net (gain) loss on sale of securities Valuation allowance on loans		72,315		—		10,948		(113)		701		15
transferred to held for sale		3,836		_						—		_
Life insurance proceeds		(285)		(1,281)		(1,822)				(659)		(462)
Net gain on disposition of assets						(104)		(621)				(770)
Core Noninterest income	\$	19,360	\$	18,734	\$	13,303	\$	15,948	\$	13,227	\$	13,607
GAAP Noninterest expense Prepayment penalty on borrowings	\$	163,265 (2,572)	\$	151,389	\$	143,692	\$	147,322	\$	137,931 (7,834)	\$	115,269
Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death Net amortization of purchase		_		—		—		_		_		(455)
accounting adjustments Miscellaneous/Merger expense		(382) (722)		(447) (526)		(512)		(560) (2,562)		(91) (6,894)		(1,590)
Core Noninterest expense	\$	159,589	\$	150,416	\$	143,180	\$	144,200	\$	123,112	\$	113,224
GAAP:												
Net interest income	\$	182,011	\$	179,152	\$	243,616	\$	247,969	\$	195,199	\$	161,940
Noninterest income (loss)		(57,445)		22,588		10,009		3,687		11,043		9,471
Noninterest expense		(163,265)		(151,389)		(143,692)		(147,322)		(137,931)		(115,269)
Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue	\$	(38,699)	\$	50,351	\$	109,933	\$	104,334	\$	68,311	\$	56,142
Core:												
Net interest income	\$	177,757	\$	177,327	\$	240,299	\$	242,841	\$	196,373	\$	163,618
Noninterest income		19,360		18,734		13,303		15,948		13,227		13,607
Noninterest expense	\$	(159,589)	¢	(150,416)	\$	(143,180)	¢	(144,200)	\$	(123,112)	¢	(113,224)
Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue	\$	37,528	\$	45,645	_	110,422	\$	114,589	_	86,488	\$	64,001
Efficiency Ratio		81.0 %)	76.7 %)	56.5 %	ό	55.7 %	6	58.7 %	D	63.9 %



Efficiency ratio, a non-GAAP measure, was calculated by dividing core noninterest expense (excluding OREO expense and the net gain/loss from the sale of OREO) by the total of core net interest income and core noninterest income.

Reconciliation of GAAP and Core Net Interest Income and NIM - Years

	Years Ended												
		December 31,		December 31,		December 31,		December 31,		December 31,		December 31	,
(Dollars In thousands)		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	
GAAP net interest income	\$	182,011	\$	179,152	\$	243,616	\$	247,969	\$	195,199	\$	161,940	
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges Net amortization of purchase accounting		(3,455)		(371)		(775)		(2,079)		1,185		1,678	
adjustments		(799)		(1,454)		(2,542)		(3,049)		(11)		_	
Tax equivalent adjustment		396		404		461		450		508		542	
Core net interest income FTE	\$	178,153	\$	177,731	\$	240,760	\$	243,291	\$	196,881	\$	164,160	-
Episodic items ⁽¹⁾ Net interest income FTE excluding		(3,592)		(5,268)		(6,445)		(6,629)		(4,576)		(6,501))
episodic items	\$	174,561	\$	172,463	\$	234,315	\$	236,662	\$	192,305	\$	157,659	=
Total average interest-earning assets (2)	\$	8,475,681	\$	8,027,898	\$	7,841,407	\$	7,681,441	\$	6,863,219	\$	6,582,473	
Core net interest margin FTE Net interest margin FTE excluding episodic		2.10 %	ó	2.21 9	6	3.07	%	3.17 %	ó	2.87	%	2.49	%
items		2.06 %	ó	2.15 9	6	2.99	%	3.08 %	ó	2.80	%	2.40	%
GAAP interest income on total loans, net ⁽³⁾ Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments	\$	375,571	\$	355,348	\$	293,287	\$	274,331	\$	248,153	\$	251,744	
on qualifying hedges Net amortization of purchase accounting		(349)		(345)		(775)		(2,079)		1,185		1,678	
adjustments		(877)		(1,503)		(2,628)		(3,013)		(356)			_
Core interest income on total loans, net	\$	374,345	\$	353,500	\$	289,884	\$	269,239	\$	248,982	\$	253,422	=
Average total loans, net (2)	\$	6,770,826	\$	6,850,124	\$	6,748,165	\$	6,653,980	\$	6,006,931	\$	5,621,033	
Core yield on total loans		5.53 %	ó	5.16 %	6	4.30	%	4.05 %	ó	4.14	%	4.51	%



¹ Episodic items include prepayment penalty income, net reversals and recovered interest from nonaccrual and delinquent loans, and swap terminations fees/income. ² Excludes purchase accounting average balances for the years ended 2024, 2023, 2022, 2021, and 2020 ³ Excludes interest income from loans held for sale.

Calculation of Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to Tangible Assets - Years

	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Equity	\$ 724,539	\$ 669,837	\$ 677,157	\$ 679,628	\$ 618,997	\$ 579,672
Less:						
Goodwill	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(16,127)
Core deposit intangibles	(1,123)	(1,537)	(2,017)	(2,562)	(3,172)	—
Intangible deferred tax liabilities				328	287	292
Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity	\$ 705,780	\$ 650,664	\$ 657,504	\$ 659,758	\$ 598,476	\$ 563,837
Total Assets	\$ 9,038,972	\$ 8,537,236	\$ 8,422,946	\$ 8,045,911	\$ 7,976,394	\$ 7,017,776
Less:						
Goodwill	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(16,127)
Core deposit intangibles	(1,123)	(1,537)	(2,017)	(2,562)	(3,172)	—
Intangible deferred tax liabilities				328	287	292
Tangible Assets	\$ 9,020,213	\$ 8,518,063	\$ 8,403,293	\$ 8,026,041	\$ 7,955,873	\$ 7,001,941
Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to						
Tangible Assets	7.82 %	<u>7.64</u> %	7.82 %	8.22 %	7.52 %	8.05 %



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