

Third Quarter 2020 Financial Presentation Materials

Safe Harbor

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this document regarding anticipated financial, business, legal or other outcomes including business and market conditions, outlook and other similar statements relating to Rayonier Advanced Materials' future events, developments, or financial or operational performance or results, are "forward-looking statements" made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and other federal securities laws. These forward-looking statements are identified by the use of words such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "estimate," "believe," "intend," "forecast," "anticipate," "guidance," and other similar language. However, the absence of these or similar words or expressions does not mean a statement is not forward-looking. While we believe these forward-looking statements are reasonable when made, forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance or events and undue reliance should not be placed on these statements. Although we believe the expectations reflected in any forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance these expectations will be attained and it is possible actual results may differ materially from those indicated by these forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks and uncertainties.

Our operations are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to, those listed below. When considering an investment in our securities, you should carefully read and consider these risks, together with all other information in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and our other filings and submissions to the SEC, which provide much more information and detail on the risks described below. If any of the events described in the following risk factors actually occur, our business, financial condition or operating results, as well as the market price of our securities, could be materially adversely affected. These risks and events include, without limitation:

Safe Harbor

Business and Operating Risks

Our businesses we operate are highly competitive and many of them are cyclical, especially in commodity markets, which may result in fluctuations in pricing and volume that can adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations; Our ten largest customers represented approximately 33% of our 2019 revenue, and the loss of all or a substantial portion of our revenue from these large customers could have a material adverse effect on us; A material disruption at one of our major manufacturing facilities could prevent us from meeting customer demand, reduce our sales and profitability, increase our cost of production and capital needs, or otherwise adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operation; Changes in raw material and energy availability and prices could affect our results of operations and financial condition; The availability of, and prices for, wood fiber may significantly impact our business, results of operations and financial condition; We are subject to risks associated with manufacturing and selling products and otherwise doing business outside of the United States; Our operations require substantial capital for ongoing maintenance, repair and replacement of existing facilities and equipment; Currency fluctuations may have a negative impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations; Restrictions on trade through tariffs, countervailing and anti-dumping duties, quotas and other trade barriers, in the United States and internationally, especially with respect to China, Canada and as a result of "Brexit", could adversely affect our ability to access certain markets and otherwise impact our results of operations; We depend on third parties for transportation services and increases in costs and the availability of transportation could adversely affect our business; Our business is subject to extensive environmental laws, regulations and permits that may restrict or adversely affect our ability to conduct our business; The impacts of climate-related initiatives remain uncertain at this time; Our failure to maintain satisfactory labor relations could have a material adverse effect on our business; We are dependent upon attracting and retaining key personnel, the loss of whom could adversely affect our business; Failure to develop new products or discover new applications for our existing products, or our inability to protect the intellectual property underlying such new products or applications, could have a negative impact on our business; Risk of loss of the Company's intellectual property and sensitive business information, or disruption of its manufacturing operations, in each case due to cyberattacks or cyber security breaches, could adversely impact the Company; we may need to make significant additional cash contributions to our retirement benefit plans if investment returns on pension assets are lower than expected or interest rates decline, and/or due to changes to regulatory, accounting and actuarial requirements; and Public health crises such as epidemics or pandemics could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations - specifically, we are subject to risks associated with the COVID-19 pandemic and related impacts, which have had, and we expect will continue to have, a material adverse effect on our business, the nature and extent of which are highly uncertain and unpredictable).

Debt-Related Risks

While the Company has entered into an amendment (the "Amendment") to its Senior Secured Credit Facilities (as amended by the Amendment, the "Credit Agreement"), there can be no assurances that the Company will continue in full compliance with the amended covenants provided in the Credit Amendment; We have significant debt obligations that could adversely affect our business and our ability to meet our obligations; The phase-out of LIBOR as an interest rate benchmark could result in an increase to our borrowing costs; Challenges in the commercial and credit environments may materially adversely affect our future access to capital; and we may need additional financing in the future to meet our capital needs or to make acquisitions, and such financing may not be available on favorable terms, if at all, and may be dilutive to existing stockholders.

Other important factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those expressed in forward-looking statements that may have been made in this document are described or will be described in our filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Rayonier Advanced Materials assumes no obligation to update these statements except as is required by law.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

These presentation materials contain certain non-GAAP financial measures, including EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted free cash flows, adjusted operating income, adjusted income (loss) from continuing operations and adjusted net debt. These non-GAAP measures are reconciled to each of their respective most directly comparable GAAP financial measures in the appendix of these presentation materials.

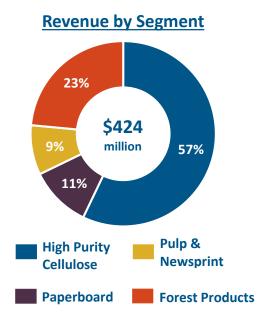
We believe these non-GAAP measures provide useful information to our board of directors, management and investors regarding certain trends relating to our financial condition and results of operations. Our management uses these non-GAAP measures to compare our performance to that of prior periods for trend analyses, purposes of determining management incentive compensation and budgeting, forecasting and planning purposes.

We do not consider these non-GAAP measures an alternative to financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP. The principal limitations of these non-GAAP financial measures are that they may exclude significant expenses and income items that are required by GAAP to be recognized in our consolidated financial statements. In addition, they reflect the exercise of management's judgment about which expenses and income items are excluded or included in determining these non-GAAP financial measures. In order to compensate for these limitations, management provides reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measures we use to their most directly comparable GAAP measures. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be relied upon, in whole or part, in evaluating the financial condition, results of operations or future prospects of the Company.



Q3'20 Financial Highlights

- Q3 Revenue of \$424 million with Operating Income of \$17 million
 - Gross margins up 200% from prior year benefiting from cost reduction activity and higher lumber prices
- Q3 Adjusted EBITDA of \$55 million; \$19 million above Q3'19
 - High Purity Cellulose improved costs and productivity offset by declines in CS volumes and commodity prices
 - Forest Products improvements driven by record lumber prices
 - Paperboard held stable as lower raw material input costs were offset by volume and mix declines
 - Pulp & Newsprint declines driven by lower prices and demand reduction for newsprint
 - Corporate costs up \$5 million, primarily from unfavorable currency changes and an insurance recovery in 2019
- YTD Q3 Free Cash Flow of \$34 million
 - Improved working capital and lower CapEx
 - Liquidity improved \$30 million in the quarter



Adjusted EBITDA by Segment

	\$ millions
High Purity Cellulose	36
Paperboard	7
Forest Products	29
Pulp & Newsprint	(4)
Corporate	(13)
Total	55

^{*}Revenue by Segment excludes eliminations

High Purity Cellulose

	Quarter Ended				
	Sep 26, 2020	Sep 28, 2019			
Key Financials (\$ millions)					
Net Sales	\$253	\$255	\$268		
Operating Income/(Loss)	8	7	7		
Adjusted EBITDA	36	31	41		

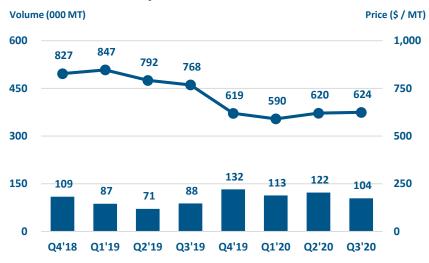
Cellulose Specialties - Volume and Price



HPC Operating Income/(Loss) Bridge

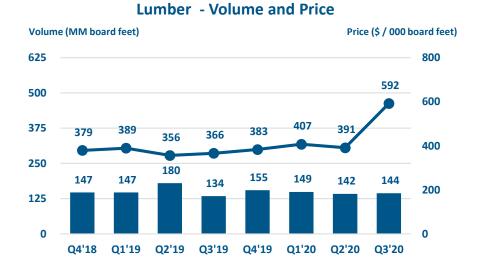


Commodity Products - Volume and Price



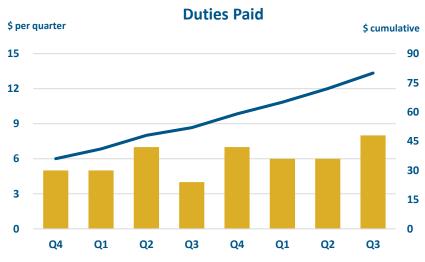
Forest Products

	Quarter Ended				
	Sep 26, 2020	Sep 28, 2019			
Key Financials (\$ millions)					
Net Sales	\$103	\$70	\$65		
Operating Income/(Loss)	25	(4)	(5)		
Adjusted EBITDA	29	(2)	(3)		



Forest Products Operating Income/(Loss) Bridge



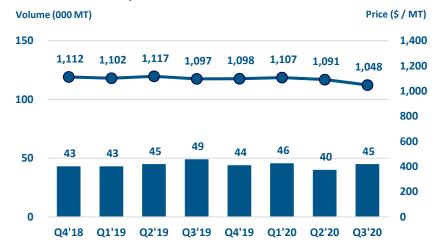


*\$80 million of duties paid since 2017

Paperboard

	Quarter Ended					
	Sep 26, 2020	Jun 27, 2020	Sep 28, 2019			
Key Financials (\$ millions)						
Net Sales	\$47	\$43	\$54			
Operating Income/(Loss)	3	6	2			
Adjusted EBITDA	7	10	7			

Paperboard - Volume and Price



Paperboard Operating Income/(Loss) Bridge

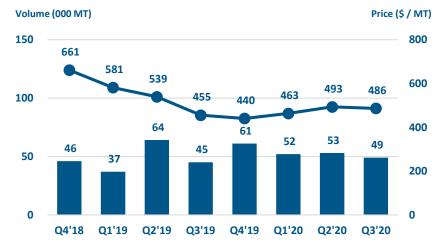




Pulp & Newsprint

	Quarter Ended					
	Sep 26, 2020	Sep 28, 2019				
Key Financials (\$ millions)						
Net Sales	\$38	\$43	\$46			
Operating Income/(Loss)	(6)	(6)	(4)			
Adjusted EBITDA	(4)	(4)	(1)			

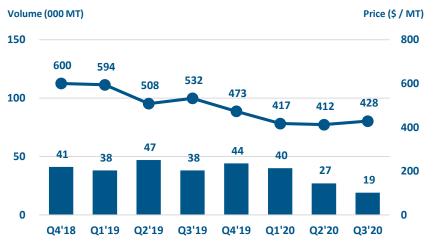
High-Yield Pulp - Volume and Price



Pulp & Newsprint Operating Income/(Loss) Bridge

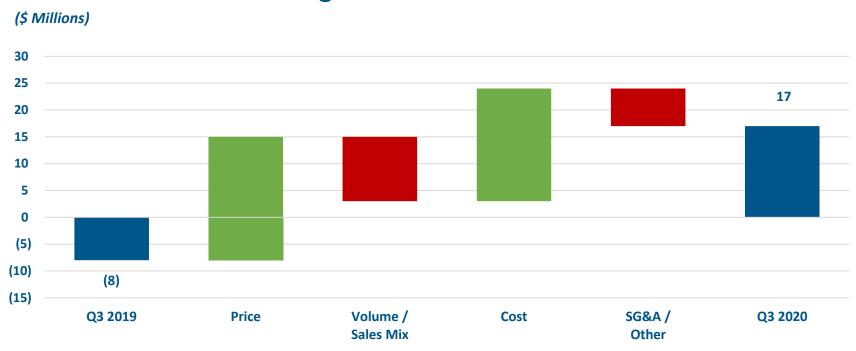


Newsprint - Volume and Price



Consolidated Operating Income/(Loss)

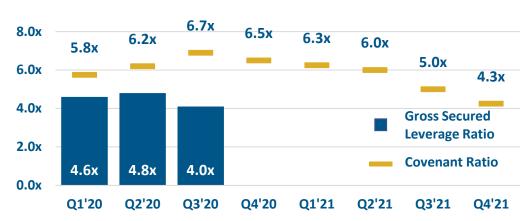
Bridge Q3 2019 to Q3 2020



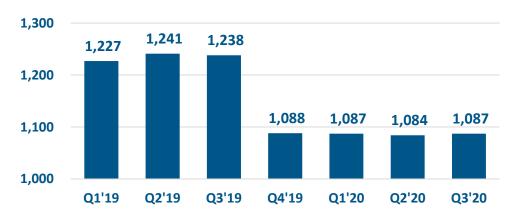
- Operating Income of \$17 million; up \$25 million from prior year
- Significant improvement to lumber price in Forest Products partially offset by price declines for commodity
 High Purity Cellulose and Newsprint
- Volume declines primarily due to lower CS and Newsprint sales volumes
- Cost improvements from market tailwinds for wood, chemicals and pulp along with continuous improvement efforts
- SG&A impacts primarily due to currency fluctuations and an insurance settlement that benefited 2019

Leverage and Liquidity

Gross Secured Debt/Covenant EBITDA*



Total Debt** (in millions)



^{*} based on definitions in Secured Debt agreements

Summary:

- Senior secured gross leverage of 4.0x* vs covenants of 6.65x.
 - Secured Debt of \$592 million
- Interest coverage ratio of 2.4x* vs covenant of 1.4x
- 39% EBITDA cushion vs. covenant
- Global liquidity of \$196 million as of September 26, 2020, including \$83 million of cash, \$97 million on the U.S. revolver and \$16 million on French factoring facility
- No significant debt maturities until November 2022



^{**} principal outstanding plus finance leases

Delivering against 2020 Financial Goals & Adapting to COVID-19

Reduce Costs and Improve Free Cash Flow

Goal	Actions
■ Remain compliant with financial covenants despite global market uncertainty	 Amended financial covenants in June to ensure compliance and increase liquidity in response to COVID-19
■ Operating Cost Improvements: \$15 million of savings through efficiencies in supply chain and continuous	 Operating costs down \$14 million through Q3'20, primarily from improvements in sourcing and logistic spend
improvements	 Reacted to COVID-19 by curtailing assets in Newsprint and Lumber
■ Corporate Cost Eliminations: Net cost savings of	■ Corporate EBITDA improvement of \$3 million YTD
\$10-15 million	■ Expect accelerated savings in Q4 to attain goal
■ CapEx Reduction: \$10-15 million reduction with a focus on maintaining assets	\$43 million of CapEx YTD Q3'20; \$38 million lower than YTD Q3'19
	 Reacted to COVID-19, by restraining CapEx; expect increases in Q4, but on target to meet or exceed goal
■ Working Capital Improvement: \$25 million reduction	■ Reduced working capital by \$13 million in first 9 months
from lower inventory and better payment terms	 Expect \$33 million cash tax refund in Q4 related to CARES Act, plus another \$22 million in the next 12 months

Lower YTD Costs by \$109 million* and Free Cash Flow generation of \$34 million



^{*} includes certain one-time items related to curtailment of production and other discrete events

Key Investment Highlights

Leader in High-Value Cellulose Specialties with five operating lines

Broad and Diversified Portfolio of Natural-based Products

Experienced Management Team

Taking Decisive Actions in Challenging Market to Control Costs and Improve Liquidity

Adequate Liquidity and Financial Flexibility to Manage through Market Challenges

Well Positioned to Capitalize on Improving Markets Conditions





Appendix

Definitions of Non-GAAP Measures

EBITDA is defined as income from continuing operations before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure used by our Chief Operating Decision Maker, existing stockholders and potential stockholders to measure how the Company is performing relative to the assets under management.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA adjusted for items management believes do not represent core operations. Management believes this measure is useful to evaluate the Company's performance.

Adjusted Free Cash Flows is defined as cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations adjusted for capital expenditures excluding strategic capital. Adjusted free cash flows is a non-GAAP measure of cash generated during a period which is available for dividend distribution, debt reduction, strategic acquisitions and repurchase of our common stock. Adjusted free cash flows is not necessarily indicative of the adjusted free cash flows that may be generated in future periods.

Adjusted Net Debt is defined as the amount of debt after the consideration of the original issue discount, premiums, and debt issuance costs, less cash. Adjusted net debt is a non-GAAP measure of debt and is not necessarily indicative of the adjusted net debt that may occur in future periods.

Adjusted Operating Income is defined as operating income adjusted for severance expense, non-recurring expense, loan amendment costs and insurance recovery.

Adjusted Net Income is defined as net income adjusted net of tax for gain on bargain purchase, pension settlement loss, severance expense, loan amendment costs, insurance recovery and certain non-recurring expenses.

Available Liquidity is defined as the funds available under the revolving credit facility and term loans, adjusted for cash on hand and outstanding letters of credit.



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

(\$ Millions)

Three Months Ended:	orest oducts	Pape	erboard	Pulp & ewsprint	h Purity Ilulose	orporate COther	Total
Sep 26, 2020							
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 26	\$	3	\$ (5)	\$ 8	\$ (4)	\$ 29
Depreciation and amortization	3		4	1	28	1	37
Interest expense, net	_		_	_	_	16	16
Income tax benefit	_		_	_	_	(28)	(28)
EBITDA	\$ 29	\$	7	\$ (4)	\$ 36	\$ (13)	\$ 55
Sep 28, 2019							
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (5)	\$	3	\$ (2)	\$ 8	\$ (18)	\$ (14)
Depreciation and amortization	2		4	1	33	_	40
Interest expense, net	_		_	_	_	15	15
Income tax benefit	_		_	_	_	(5)	(5)
EBITDA	\$ (3)	\$	7	\$ (1)	\$ 41	\$ (8)	\$ 36
Loan amendment costs	_		_	_	_	3	3
Insurance recoveries					 	(4)	 (4)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (3)	\$	7	\$ (1)	\$ 41	\$ (9)	\$ 35



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

(\$ Millions)

Adjusted Net Debt Reconciliation
Current maturities of long-term debt
Short-term factoring facility – France
Long-term debt & finance lease obligation
Total debt
Original issue discount, premiums and debt issuance costs
Cash and cash equivalents
Adjusted Net Debt

Sep 26, 2020	Dec 31, 2019		
\$ 16	\$	19	
2		_	
1,062		1,063	
\$ 1,080	\$	1,082	
8		6	
 (83)		(64)	
\$ 1,005	\$	1,024	



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

(\$ Millions)

Adjusted Free Cash Flows:

Cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations Capital expenditures

Adjusted Free Cash Flows

Nine I	Months	Ended

Sep 26, 2020		Sep 28, 2019
\$	63	\$ 5
	(29)	(63)
\$	34	\$ (58)



Reconciliation of Reported to Adjusted Earnings

(\$ Millions, except per share amounts)

Inroo	NAODT	nc -na	חסו
Three		IIS LIIU	ıcu

	Sep 26, 2020			Jun 27, 2020			Sep 28, 2019			
Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) and Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations (a):		\$	Per Diluted Share		\$	Per Diluted Share		\$		· Diluted Share
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	17		\$	(15)		\$	(8)		
Non-recurring expense (b)		_			_			_		
Loan amendment costs		_			_			3		
Insurance recovery		_			_			(4)		
Adjusted Operating Income (Loss)	\$	17		\$	(15)	:	\$	(9)	:	
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	\$	29	\$ 0.45	\$	(13)	\$ (0.20)	\$	(14)	\$	(0.29)
Non-recurring expense (b)		_	_		_	_		_		0.01
Loan amendment costs		_	_		_	_		3		0.06
Insurance recovery		_	_		_	_		(4)		(0.07)
Tax effects of adjustments		_			_			_		
Adjusted Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	\$	29	\$ 0.45	\$	(13)	\$ (0.20)	\$	(15)	\$	(0.29)

⁽a) Adjusted operating income (loss) is defined as operating income adjusted for non-recurring costs related to the Company's review of its commodity asset portfolio, loan amendment costs, insurance recovery received, and severance expense. Adjusted income (loss) from continuing operations is defined as income (loss) from continuing operations adjusted net of tax for non-recurring costs related to the Company's review of its commodity asset portfolio, loan amendment costs, insurance recovery received, severance expense and the gain on bargain purchase. Adjusted operating income (loss) and income (loss) from continuing operations are not necessarily indicative of results that may be generated in future periods.

b) Non-recurring expenses are related to the Company's review of its commodity asset portfolio

Key Index Pricing

Product	Index*	Q3'20 Average Index Price	Q2'20 Average Index Price	Q1'20 Average Index Price	Q4'19 Average Index Price
Cellulose Specialties	• None	• N/A	• N/A	• N/A	• N/A
High Purity Commodity	Bleached Kraft FluffViscose Pulp delivered to China	\$1,175\$620	\$1,183\$635	\$1,122\$650	\$1,107\$655
Forest Products	 2x4 Random Lengths Grade 2 & Better Great Lakes 2x4 8' Stud Great Lakes 	\$861\$865	\$446\$467	\$482\$426	\$465\$367
Paperboard	Solid Bleached Sulfate 16 point	• \$1,030***	• \$1,030***	• \$1,040***	• \$1,060***
High-Yield Pulp	Bleached Eucalyptus Kraft**	• \$443	• \$465	• \$460	• \$455
Newsprint	• 45 gram US East	• \$615	• \$640	• \$669	• \$701

^{*} Indices provide directional relationship between products and pricing; contractual arrangements and mix will determine actual pricing



^{**} Alterative Index includes Bleached Chemi-Thermo Mechanical Pulp (BCTMP), which more closely reflects production capabilities

^{***} Index is based on price per short ton; sales are measured on metric ton