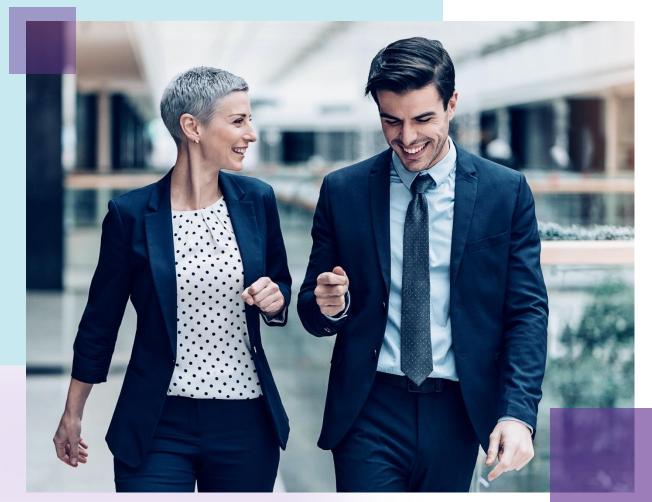


Noble Capital Markets Emerging Growth Virtual Equity Conference

June 4, 2025



Building Rewarding

Relationships

Safe Harbor Statement

"Safe Harbor" Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995: Statements in this Presentation relating to plans, strategies, economic performance and trends, projections of results of specific activities or investments and other statements that are not descriptions of historical facts may be forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking information is inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, and actual results could differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors, which include, but are not limited to, risk factors discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, and in other documents filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. Forward-looking statements may be identified by terms such as "may", "will", "should", "could", "expects", "plans", "intends", "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "predicts", "forecasts", "goals", "potential" or "continue" or similar terms or the negative of these terms. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. The Company has no obligation to update these forward-looking statements.



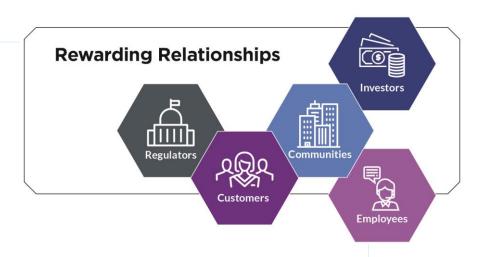
Flushing Financial Snapshot (Nasdaq: FFIC)

1Q25 Key Statistics

Balance Sheet		Performance		Valuation				
Assets	\$9.0B	GAAP/Core ROAA	(0.43)%/0.35% ¹	Closing Price, 5/28/25	\$12.09			
Loans, net	\$6.7B	GAAP/Core ROAE	(5.36)%/4.34% ¹	Market Cap (MM)	\$408			
Total Deposits	\$7.7B	GAAP/Core NIM	2.51%/2.49% ²	Price/TBV	58%			
Equity	\$0.7B	Book/Tangible Book Value	\$20.81/\$20.78	Dividend Yield	7.3%			

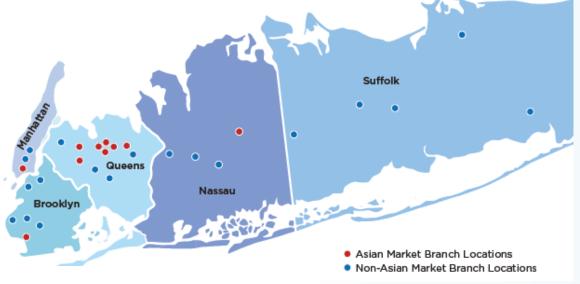
Brand Promise

Nurturing Relationships and Rewarding Customers, Employees, and Shareholders



Footprint

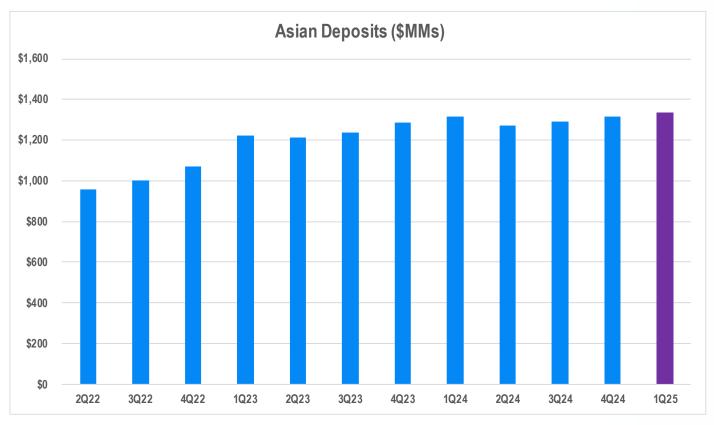
Deposits primarily from 29 branches in multicultural neighborhoods and our online division, consisting of iGObanking® and BankPurely®



¹ See Reconciliation of GAAP (Loss) to Core Earnings in Appendix

² See Reconciliation of GAAP to Core Net Interest Income and NIM in Appendix

Strong Asian Banking Market Focus



\$40B market size; 3% market share

- Asian Communities Total Loans \$737.8 million and Deposits \$1.3 billion
- **Multilingual Branch Staff** Serves Diverse Customer Base in NYC Metro Area
- **About One Third of Branches** are in Asian markets... more to come
- Growth Aided by the Asian Advisory Board
- **Sponsorships of Cultural Activities** Support New and Existing Opportunities



Key Community Events: Lunar New Year Parades



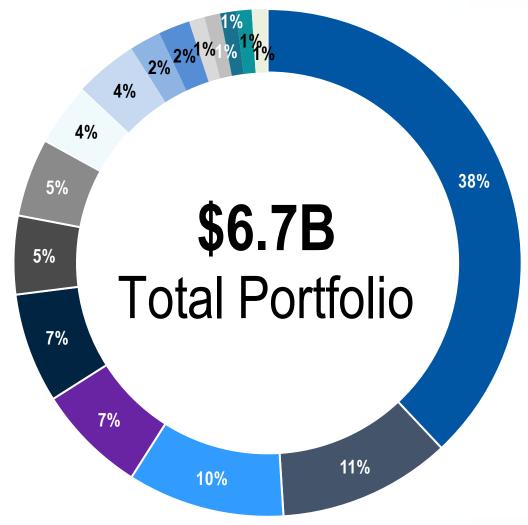








Loans Secured by Real Estate Have an Average LTV of <35%



90% Real Estate Based

■ Multifamily: 38.0%

Owner Occupied CRE: 11.0%

Non Real Estate: 10.0%

One-to-four family - Mixed Use: 7.0%

■ General Commercial: 7.0%

■ CRE - Shopping Center: 5.0%

■ CRE - Strip Mall: 5.0%

Commercial Mixed Use: 4.0%

■ One-to-four family - Residential: 4.0%

■ CRE - Single Tenant: 2.0%

■ Industrial: 2.0%

■ Office - Multi & Single Tenant: 1.0%

■ Health Care/Medical Use: 1.0%

■ Construction: 1.0%

■ Commercial Special Use: 1.0%

Office Condo & Co-Op: 1.0%

Multifamily Lending Conservative Standards; Minimal Losses

Our Lending Looks More Like This



Generally, Not Like This





Office CRE Minimal Manhattan Exposure

Our Lending Looks More Like This





Not Like This



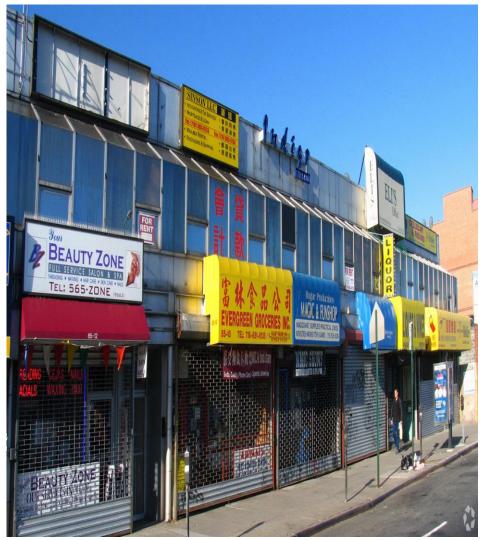
50 Hudson Years, Photo by Michael Young

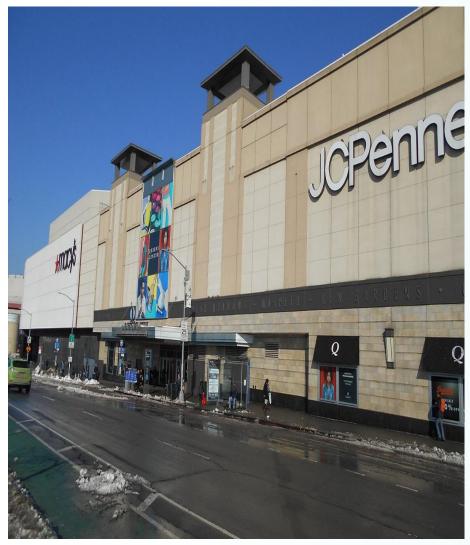


Retail CRE Essential to Local Communities

Our Lending Looks More Like This

Generally, Not Like This







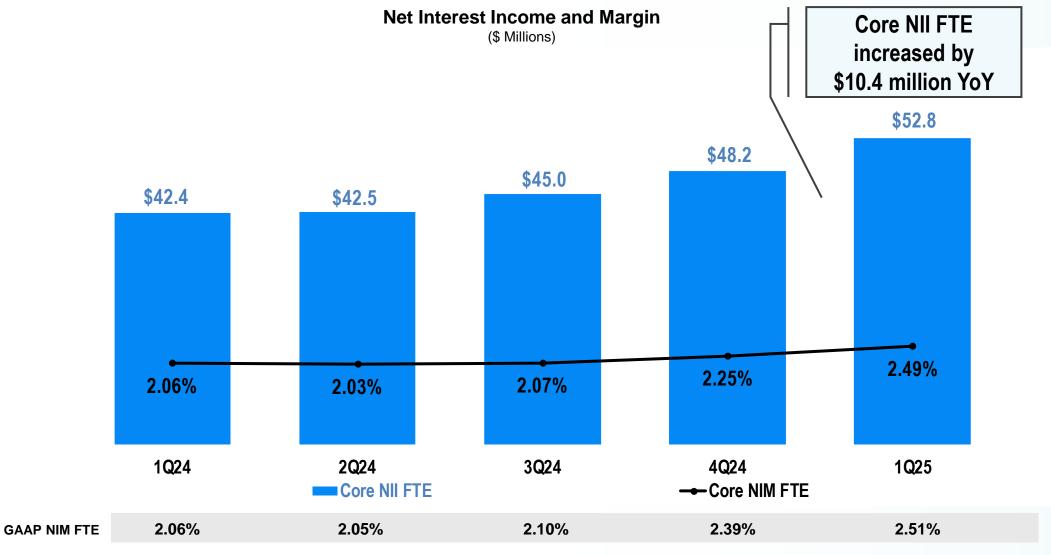
Area of Focus: Improving Profitability



- GAAP and Core NIM expanded 12 and 24 bps QoQ, respectively
- Real estate loans to reprice ~175 bps higher through 2027
- \$602 million of CDs to reprice in 2Q25
- Continue to invest in the business
- Focused on improving ROAE over time
- Capital to grow as profitability improves



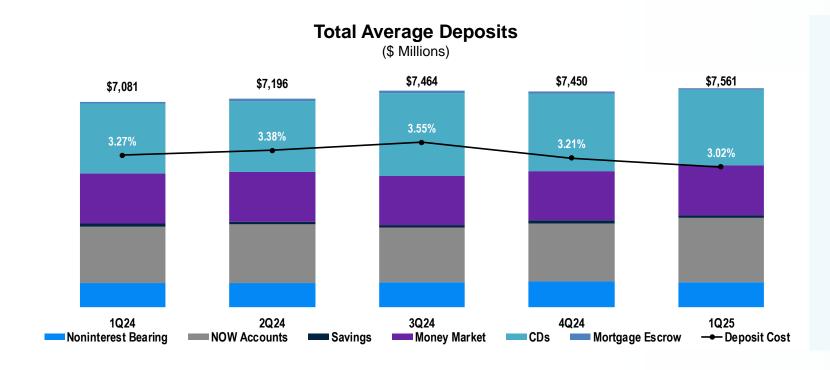
NIM Expansion GAAP & Core NII and NIM Increase



See Appendix for definitions of Core NII FTE and Core NIM



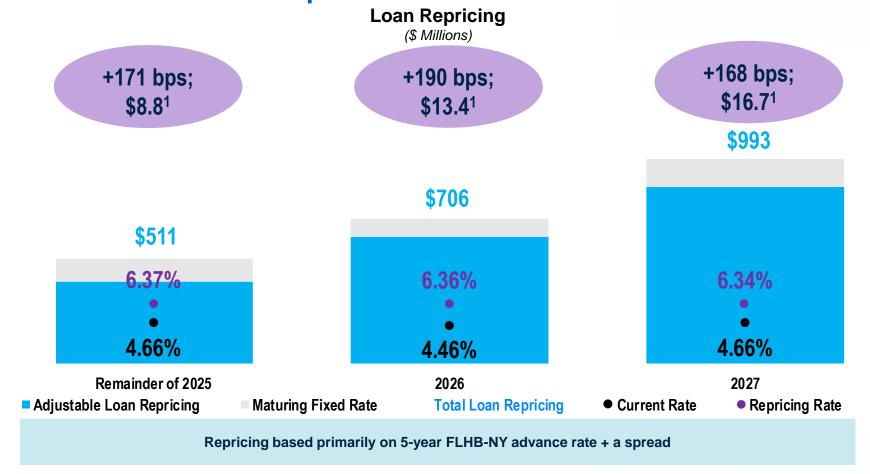
Average Deposits Increase YoY and QoQ; Cost of Deposits Declines



- Noninterest bearing deposits turned a corner in 2H24
- Incentive plans emphasize noninterest bearing deposits
- Checking account openings increased 5.5% YoY and 5.8% QoQ



Contractual Real Estate Loan Repricing to Drive NIM Expansion



Over three years ended December 31, 2027, loan repricing interest income would cumulatively increase by \$50 million^{1,2}

Floating rate loans of \$1.4 billion include any loans (including back-to-back swaps) tied to an index that reprices within 90 days; Including interest rate hedges of \$600 million, \$2.0 billion or ~29% of the loan portfolio is effectively floating rate

Index values as of March 31, 2025



¹ Assumes 100% retention; Annualized

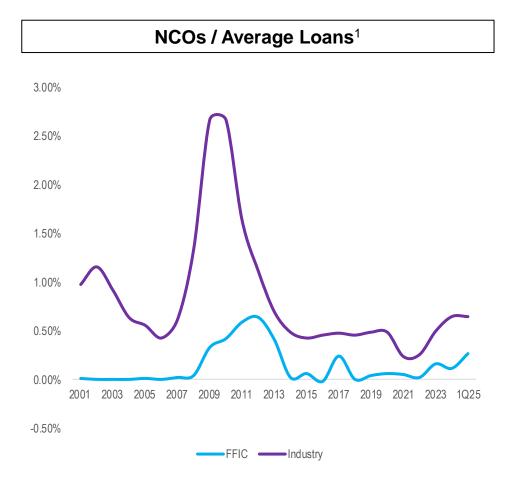
² Assumes half of annualized income in the year the loans reprice

Area of Focus: Maintain Credit Discipline

- Low risk profile
- Conservative loan underwriting
- History of low credit losses
- Enhanced focus on relationship pricing



Net Charge-offs Significantly Better than the Industry; Strong DCR



- Multifamily and Investor CRE portfolios debt coverage ratios (DCR) at ~1.82x^{2,3}
- Charge-offs limited due to DCR stress testing and underwriting practices:
 - 200 bps shock increase in rates produces a weighted average DCR of ~1.52x3
 - 10% increase in operating expense yields a weighted average DCR of ~1.84x³
 - 200 bps shock increase in rates and 10% increase in operating expenses results in a weighted average DCR ~1.373
 - In all scenarios, weighted average CLTV is less than 50%3,4



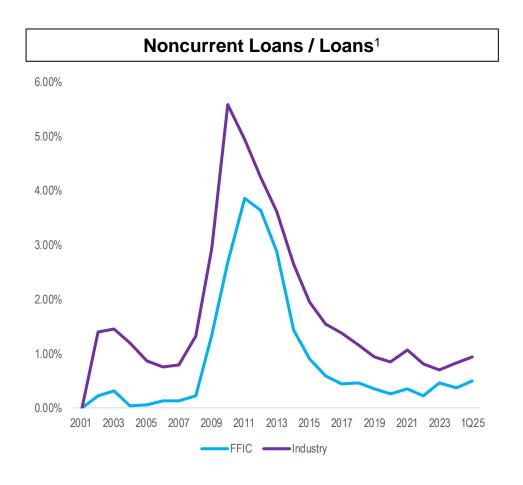
¹ "Industry" includes all U.S. Commercial Banks per S&P Capital IQ

² Based on most recent Annual Loan Review

³ Based upon a sample size of 62% of multifamily and investor real estate loans schedule to reprice within 36 months as of December 31, 2024

⁴ Based on appraised value at origination

Noncurrent Loans Outperforming the Industry



- Over two decades and multiple credit cycles, Flushing Financial has a history of better than industry credit quality
- Average LTVs on the Real Estate portfolio is less than 35%²
 - Only \$41.7 million of real estate loans (0.6% of gross loans) with an LTV of 75% or more²; \$14.5 million have mortgage insurance as of March 31, 2025

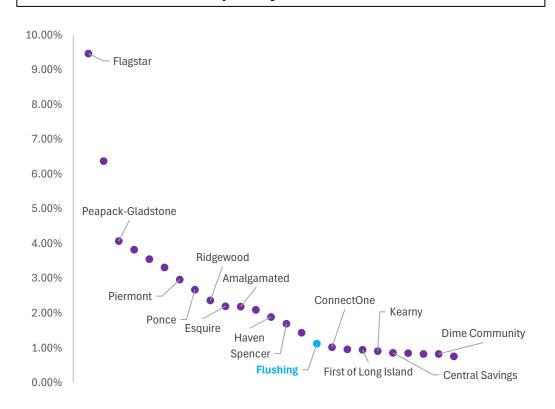


¹ "Industry" includes all U.S. Commercial Banks per S&P Capital IQ

² Based on appraised value at origination

Low Multifamily Delinquency Rate with QoQ Improvement

Low Delinquency Ratio^{1,2} vs. Peers



¹ Total multifamily delinquencies (include nonaccrual loans) to total multifamily loans per S&P Capital IQ

² Local competitors highlighted Delinquency trends of top 25 banks with multifamily concentrations of at least 25% per S&P Capital IQ



Improved Delinquency QoQ

	Del Ratio*	QoQ
Esquire Bank NA	2.20%	-89
Merchants Bancorp	6.38%	-39
Flushing Financial Corp	1.12%	-14
National Consumer Cooperative Bank	2.10%	-12
Central Savings FSB	0.86%	-6
Kearny Financial Corp.	0.91%	-2
Horizon Bank	0.96%	0
Dime Community Bancshares Inc.	0.83%	0
Ponce Bank	2.68%	1
ConnectOne Bancorp Inc	1.02%	5
United Orient Bank	3.56%	10
First National Bank Ames Iowa	0.76%	24
Spencer Savings Bank SLA	1.70%	34
Community Federal Savings Bank	1.44%	49
Ridgewood Savings Bank	2.37%	53
Haven Savings Bank	1.89%	72
EB Acquisition Co. LLC	0.83%	76
First of Long Island Corp.	0.95%	81
Universal Bank	0.85%	85
Peapack-Gladstone Financial Corp	4.08%	113
Amalgamated Financial Corp	2.19%	158
Piermont Bank	2.97%	166
Flagstar Financial	9.47%	199
FFB Bank	3.32%	332
Beneficial State Bank	3.83%	339

Area of Focus: Preserving Strong Liquidity and Capital

- Maintain ample liquidity with \$4.0 billion of undrawn lines and resources as of March 31, 2025
- Average total deposits increased by 6.8% YoY and 1.5% QoQ
- Uninsured and uncollateralized deposits only 16% of deposits as of March 31, 2025
- Tangible common equity to tangible asset stable QoQ at 7.79% at March 31, 2025
- Company and Bank well capitalized



Operating Environment Has Shifted

- The 3-month to 5-year spread has become inverted again
- Greater opportunity from loans than deposits for NIM expansion with no changes in rates
- Focused on remixing the balance sheet
- Executing on initiatives for 2025
 - Demand deposits
 - SBA
 - Select hiring opportunities





Outlook

Balance Sheet

- Expect stable total assets; loan growth market dependent
- Focused on improving asset and funding mix; expect normal historical funding patterns

Net Interest Income

- \$602 million of retail CDs at a weighted average rate of 4.16% to mature in the second quarter; March 2025 CD retention rates were 3.94%
- Some opportunity to continue to reprice non-maturity deposits lower
- \$511 million of loans scheduled to mature or reprice upwards 171 bps in 2025¹
- As of March 31, 2025, our interest rate hedging program contributed approximately \$25.1 million of annualized net interest income
- \$225 million of funding swaps with a weighted average pay rate of 0.67% will mature throughout 2Q25, partially replaced by \$75 million of forward starting swaps with a pay rate of 3.01%; Expected annualized impact on the NIM of approximately 9 bps or 7 bps impact in 2Q25

Noninterest Income

- Approximately \$46 million of back-to-back swaps in the loan pipeline; banking services fee income to benefit in the quarter as these loans close
- BOLI income expected to be \$2.9 million in 2Q25 and \$2.2 million per quarter thereafter²

Noninterest Expense

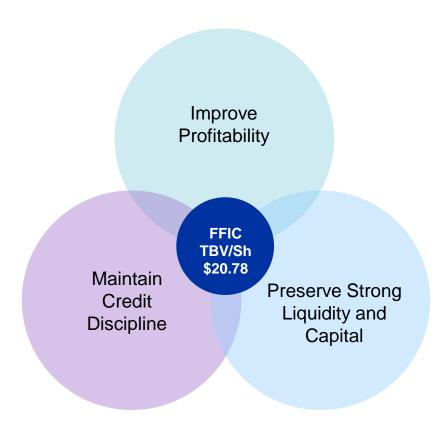
2025 core noninterest expense expected to increase 5-8% from the 2024 base of \$159.6 million

Effective Tax Rate

Expecting 25-28% for the remainder of 2025



Areas of Focus



2025 Areas of Focus

Improve Profitability

- GAAP and Core NIM expanded 12 and 24 bps, respectively, QoQ
- Real Estate loans expected to reprice ~175 bps higher
- Some CD repricing benefit remains; overall more challenging
- Continuing to invest in people and branches to drive core business improvements
- Focused on improving ROAE over time
- Capital to grow as profitability improves

Maintain Credit Discipline

- Approximately 90% of the loan portfolio is collateralized by real estate with an average LTV of less than 35%
- Weighted average debt service coverage ratio is 1.9x for multifamily and investor commercial real estate loans
- Criticized and classified loans are 1.33% of gross loans
- Manhattan office buildings exposure is minimal at 0.5% of gross loans

Preserve Strong Liquidity and Capital

- \$4.0 billion of undrawn lines and resources at of March 31, 2025
- Uninsured and uncollateralized deposits were 16% of total deposits
- Average total deposits increased 6.8% YoY
- Tangible Common Equity to Tangible Assets was 7.79% at March 31 2025, stable QoQ



Key Messages

Leading Community Bank in the Greater NYC Area

Well Diversified and Low Risk Loan Portfolio

History of Sound Credit Quality since IPO in 1995

Growing Asian Banking Niche

Beneficiary of a **Steepening Yield Curve**





Digital Banking Usage Continues to Increase

7%



Increase in Monthly Mobile Deposit Active Users

March 2025 YoY Growth



~15,600

Users with Active Online Banking Status

March 2025



15%



Digital Banking Enrollment

March 2025 YoY Growth

Internet Banks



iGObanking and BankPurely national deposit gathering platforms

~2% of Average Deposits





Small Business Lending Platform

\$3.7MM of Commitments in YTD 2025



~15,100

Żelle

Zelle® Transactions

~5.5MM

Zelle Dollar Transactions in March 2025



Annual Financial Highlights

	2024	2023	2023			2021		2020		2019	
Reported Results											
(Loss) Earnings per Share	(\$1.07)	\$0.96	i	\$2.50		\$2.59		\$1.18		\$1.44	
ROAA	(0.35)	% 0.34	. %	0.93	%	1.00	%	0.48	%	0.59	%
ROAE	(4.73)	4.25	;	11.44		12.60		5.98		7.35	
NIM FTE	2.15	2.24		3.11		3.24		2.85		2.47	
Core ¹ Results											
EPS	\$0.73	\$0.83	}	\$2.49		\$2.81		\$1.70		\$1.65	
ROAA	0.24	% 0.29	%	0.92	%	1.09	%	0.68	%	0.68	%
ROAE	3.25	3.69)	11.42		13.68		8.58		8.42	
NIM FTE	2.10	2.21		3.07		3.17		2.87		2.49	
Credit Quality											
NPAs/Loans & REO	0.76	% 0.67	%	0.77	%	0.23	%	0.31	%	0.24	%
LLRs/Loans	0.6	0.58	;	0.58		0.56		0.67		0.38	
LLR/NPLs	120.51	159.55	;	124.89		248.66		214.27		164.05	
NCOs/Average Loans	0.11	0.16	i	0.02		0.05		0.06		0.04	
Criticized & Classifieds/Loans	1.07	1.11		0.98		0.87		1.07		0.66	
Capital Ratios											
CET1	10.13	% 10.25	%	10.52	%	10.86	%	9.88	%	10.95	%
Tier 1	10.82	10.93	}	11.25		11.75		10.54		11.77	
Total Risk-based Capital	14.23	14.33	}	14.69		14.32		12.63		13.62	
Leverage Ratio	8.04	8.47	,	8.61		8.98		8.38		8.73	
TCE/TA	7.82	7.64		7.82		8.22		7.52		8.05	
Balance Sheet											
Book Value/Share	\$21.53	\$23.21		\$22.97		\$22.26		\$20.11		\$20.59	
Tangible Book Value/Share	20.97	22.54		22.31		21.61		19.45		20.02	
Dividends/Share	0.88	0.88	;	0.88		0.84		0.84		0.84	
Average Assets (\$B)	9.0	8.5	i	8.3		8.1		7.3		6.9	
Average Loans (\$B)	6.8	6.8	}	6.7		6.6		6.0		5.6	
Average Deposits (\$B)	7.3	6.9)	6.5		6.4		5.2		5.0	



¹ See Reconciliation of GAAP (Loss) Earnings and Core Earnings in Appendix

Approach to Real Estate Lending: Low Leverage & Shared Philosophy

- Since 1929, we have a long history of lending in metro New York City
 - Historically, credit quality has outperformed the industry and peers
 - From 2001-2024, median NCOs to average loans has been 4 bps compared to 59 bps for the industry
 - Median noncurrent loans to total loans has been 41 bps compared to 127 bps for the industry over the same period
- The key to our success is shared client philosophy
 - Our clients tend to have low leverage (average LTV is <35%) and strong cash flows (DCR is 1.9x for multifamily and investor CRE¹)
 - Multigenerational our clients tend to build portfolio of properties;
 generally, buy and hold
 - Borrowers are not transaction oriented average real estate loan seasoning is over 8 years, which is generally passed the 5-year reset for multifamily and investor CRE loans
 - We do not attract clients who are short term borrowers, who want funds on future cash flows, or who are aggressively trying to convert rent regulated units into market rents

Our conservative lending profile has served us well over many cycles.

¹ Based on most recent Annual Loan Review



Multifamily: Conservative Underwriting Standards

Portfolio Data Points	
Portfolio Size:	\$2.6 billion
Average Loan Size:	\$1.2 million
Current Weighted Average Coupon:	5.18%
Weighted Average LTV:	43%
% of Loans with LTV >75%	0.11%
Weighted Average DCR ¹ :	1.8x
NPLs/Loans	1.01%
30-89 Days Past Due/Loans	0.11%
Criticized and Classified Loans/Loans	116 bps

¹ Excludes co-ops

Data as of March 31, 2025



Underwriting Standards at Origination

- All loans underwritten with a 250-300 bps increase in rates at origination; especially when rates were low
- Debt coverage ratios (DCR) based on current rents; not projected cash flows
- Underwritten Net Operating Income (NOI) at origination includes forecasted increases in expenses and potential increase in interest rates, which limits overall leverage
- Cap rates were underwritten to 5%+ when rates were low
- Annual loan reviews performed; cash flows updated annually and a trend analysis on the portfolio is performed
- 30-year amortization
- Loans generally reset every 5 years (FHLB Advance rate + spread)

Investor CRE: Conservative Underwriting Standards

Portfolio Data Points											
Portfolio Size:	\$2.0 billion										
Average Loan Size:	\$2.6 million										
Current Weighted Average Coupon:	5.38%										
Weighted Average LTV:	44%										
% of Loans with LTV >75%	130 bps										
Weighted Average DCR:	1.9x										
NPLs/Loans	34 bps										
30-89 Days Past Due/Loans	10 bps										
Criticized and Classified Loans/Loans	174 bps										

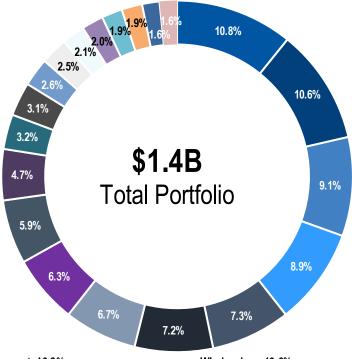
Key Data Points¹

- All loans underwritten with a 250-300 bps increase in rates at origination; especially when rates were low
- Debt coverage ratios (DCR) based on current rents;
 not projected cash flows
- Underwritten Net Operating Income (NOI) at origination includes forecasted increases in expenses and potential increase interest rates, which limits overall leverage
- Cap rates were underwritten to 5%+ when rates were low
- Annual loan reviews performed; cash flows updated annually and a trend analysis on the portfolio is performed
- 30-year amortization
- Loans generally reset every 5 years (FHLB Advance rate + spread)



Well-Diversified Commercial Business Portfolio

Real Estate Collateral \$758MM



- Trucking/Vehicle Transport: 10.8%
- Construction/Contractors: 9.1%
- Financing Company: 7.3%
- Hotels: 6.7%
- Manufacturer: 5.9%
- Apparel: 3.2%
- Airlines: 2.6%
- Theaters: 2.1%
- Food Service: 1.9%
- Schools/Daycare Centers: 1.6%

- Wholesalers: 10.6%
- Other: 8.9%
- Professional Services (Excluding Medical): 7.2%
- Medical Professionals: 6.3%
- Automobile Related: 4.7%
- Restaurants: 3.1%
- Electrical Equipment: 2.5%
- Real Estate: 2.0%
- Civic and Social Organizations: 1.9%
- Retailer: 1.6%

Commercial Business

- Primarily in market lending
- Annual sales up to \$250 million
- Lines of credit and term loans, including owner occupied mortgages
- Loans secured by business assets, including account receivables, inventory, equipment, and real estate
- Personal guarantees are generally required
- Originations are generally \$100,000 to \$10 million
- Adjustable rate loans with adjustment periods of five years for owner-occupied mortgages and for lines of credit the adjustment period is generally monthly
- Generally not subject to limitations on interest rate increases but have interest rate floors



Experienced Executive Leadership Team



John Buran President and CEO

FFIC: 24 years Industry: 48 years



Maria Grasso SEVP, COO. Corporate Secretary

19 years 39 years



Susan Cullen SEVP, CFO. Treasurer

10 years 35 years



Francis Korzekwinski SEVP, Chief of Real Estate

31 years 36 years



Michael Bingold SEVP, Chief Retail and Client Development Officer

12 years 42 years



Douglas McClintock SEVP, General Counsel

3 years 49 years



Allen Brewer SEVP, Chief Information Officer

16 years 51 years



Tom Buonaiuto SEVP, Chief of Staff, Deposit **Channel Executive**

17 years1 33 years



Vincent Giovinco EVP, Commercial Real Estate Lending

5 years 27 years



Alan Jin EVP. Residential and Mixed Use

27 years 32 years



Theresa Kelly EVP, Business Banking

19 years 41 years



Patricia Mezeul EVP, Director of Government Banking

17 years 45 years

Executive Compensation and Insider Stock Ownership (5.7%²) Aligned with Shareholder Interests

29 Year Track Record of Steady Growth





Calculated from 1996-2024

Reconciliation of GAAP Earnings (Loss) and Core Earnings

Non-cash Fair Value Adjustments to GAAP Earnings

The variance in GAAP (loss) earnings and core earnings is partly driven by the impact of non-cash net gains and losses from fair value adjustments. These fair value adjustments relate primarily to borrowings carried at fair value under the fair value option.

Core Net Income, Core Diluted EPS, Core ROAE, Core ROAA, Pre-provision, Pre-tax Net Revenue, Core Net Interest Income FTE, Core Net Interest Margin FTE, Core Interest Income and Yield on Total Loans, Core Noninterest Income, Core Noninterest Expense and Tangible Book Value per common share are each non-GAAP measures used in this presentation. A reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures appears below in tabular form. The Company believes that these measures are useful for both investors and management to understand the effects of certain interest and noninterest items and provide an alternative view of the Company's performance over time and in comparison, to the Company's competitors. These measures should not be viewed as a substitute for net income. The Company believes that tangible book value per common share is useful for both investors and management as this measure is commonly used by financial institutions, regulators and investors to measure the capital adequacy of financial institutions. The Company believes this measure facilitates comparison of the quality and composition of the Company's capital over time and in comparison, to its competitors. This measure should not be viewed as a substitute for total shareholders' equity.

These non-GAAP measures have inherent limitations, are not required to be uniformly applied and are not audited. They should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of results reported under GAAP. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.



Reconciliation of GAAP (Loss) Earnings to **CORE Earnings -**Quarters

			I	or the	three months e	nded					
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	 March 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	:	September 30, 2024		June 30, 2024		March 31, 2024		
GAAP (loss) income before income taxes	\$ (5,931)	\$	(71,857)	\$	11,457	\$	7,136	\$	4,997		
Vet (gain) loss from fair value adjustments											
Noninterest income (loss))	152		1,136		(974)		(57)		834		
Ver loss on sale of securities			72 215								
Noninterest income (loss))	_		72,315		_		_				
ife insurance proceeds (Noninterest income (loss)) 'aluation allowance on loans transferred to held for	_		(284)		(1)		_		_		
ale (Noninterest income (loss))	194		3,836		_		_		_		
let (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on hedges	174		3,630								
Net interest income)	(56)		(2,911)		(554)		(177)		187		
repayment penalty on borrowings (Noninterest	()		(=,,,		(22.1)		()				
xpense)	_		2,572		_		_		_		
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments											
nd intangibles (Various)	(167)		(101)		(62)		(85)		(169		
mpairment of goodwill (Noninterest expense)	17,636		_		_		_		_		
discellaneous expense (Professional services)	(1)		218		10		494		_		
Core income before taxes	 11,827		4,924		9,876		7,311		5,849		
rovision for core income taxes	3,896		715		2,153		1,855		1,537		
ore net income	\$ 7,931	\$	4,209	\$	7,723	\$	5,456	\$	4,312		
	 .,,,,,,	_	-,	<u> </u>		=		_	.,		
AAP diluted (loss)earnings per common share	\$ (0.29)	\$	(1.64)	\$	0.30	\$	0.18	\$	0.12		
let (gain) loss from fair value adjustments, net of tax	_		0.03		(0.03)		(0.01)		0.02		
let loss on sale of securities, net of tax	_		1.65		_		_		_		
ife insurance proceeds	_		(0.01)		_		_		_		
aluation allowance on loans transferred to held for											
ale, net of tax	_		0.09		_		_		_		
let (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on hedges,											
et of tax	_		(0.06)		(0.01)		_		_		
repayment penalty on borrowings, net of tax	_		0.06		_		_		_		
let amortization of purchase accounting adjustments,											
et of tax			_		_		_		_		
mpairment of goodwill	0.51		_		_		_		_		
Aiscellaneous expense, net of tax	_		_		_		0.01		_		
oss not attributable to participating securities	_		0.03		_		_		_		
ore diluted earnings per common share ⁽¹⁾	\$ 0.23	\$	0.14	\$	0.26	\$	0.18	\$	0.14		
ore net income, as calculated above	\$ 7,931	\$	4,209	\$	7,723	\$	5,456	\$	4,312		
verage assets	9,015,880		9,060,481		9,203,884		8,830,665		8,707,505		
Average equity	731,592		662,190		672,762		667,557		669,185		
Core return on average assets ⁽²⁾	0.35 %		0.19 %		0.34 %		0.25 %		0.20		
Core return on average equity ⁽²⁾	4.34 %		2.54 %		4.59 %		3.27 %		2.58		

¹ Core diluted earnings per common share may not foot due to rounding



² Ratios are calculated on an annualized basis

Reconciliation of GAAP Revenue and **Pre-provision** Pre-tax Net Revenue -Quarters

	For the three months ended March 21 Section has 20 June 20 March 21													
	M	larch 31,	De	cember 31,	Sep	tember 30,		June 30,	March 31,					
(Dollars in thousands)		2025	_	2024	_	2024		2024		2024				
GAAP Net interest income	\$	52,989	\$	51,235	\$	45,603	\$	42,776	\$	42,397				
Net (gain) loss from fair value				,										
adjustments on hedges		(56)		(2,911)		(554)		(177)		187				
Net amortization of purchase														
accounting adjustments		(252)		(191)		(155)		(182)		(271				
Core Net interest income	\$	52,681	\$	48,133	\$	44,894	\$	42,417	\$	42,313				
GAAP Noninterest income (loss) Net (gain) loss from fair value	\$	5,074	\$	(71,022)	\$	6,277	\$	4,216	\$	3,084				
djustments		152		1,136		(974)		(57)		834				
Net loss on sale of securities		134		72,315		(7/4)		(31)		034				
Valuation allowance on loans		_		14,313		_		_		_				
ransferred to held for sale		194		3,836										
Life insurance proceeds		174		(284)		(1)		_		_				
Core Noninterest income	\$	5,420	\$	5,981	\$	5,302	\$	4,159	\$	3,918				
sore Nonniterest income	Þ	3,420	Þ	3,961	Ф	3,302	Ф	4,139	Ф	3,910				
AAP Noninterest expense	\$	59,676	\$	45,630	\$	38,696	\$	39,047	\$	39,892				
repayment penalty on borrowings		_		(2,572)		_		_		_				
let amortization of purchase														
ccounting adjustments		(85)		(90)		(93)		(97)		(102				
mpairment of goodwill		(17,636)		_		_				_				
Aiscellaneous expense		1		(218)		(10)		(494)		_				
Core Noninterest expense	\$	41,956	\$	42,750	\$	38,593	\$	38,456	\$	39,790				
Net interest income	\$	52,989	\$	51,235	\$	45,603	\$	42,776	\$	42,397				
Noninterest income (loss)		5,074		(71,022)		6,277		4,216		3,084				
Ioninterest expense		(59,676)		(45,630)		(38,696)		(39,047)		(39,892				
re-provision pre-tax net (loss)														
evenue	\$	(1,613)	\$	(65,417)	\$	13,184	\$	7,945	\$	5,589				
Core:														
Net interest income	\$	52,681	\$	48,133	\$	44,894	\$	42,417	\$	42,313				
Noninterest income		5,420		5,981		5,302		4,159		3,918				
Noninterest expense		(41,956)		(42,750)		(38,593)		(38,456)		(39,790				
Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue	\$	16,145	\$	11,364	\$	11,603	\$	8,120	\$	6,441				
Efficiency Ratio		72.2 9	, —	79.0 %	_	77.2 %	_	82.6 %	_	86.1				

For the three months ended

Efficiency ratio, a non-GAAP measure, was calculated by dividing core noninterest expense (excluding OREO expense and the net gain/loss from the sale of OREO) by the total of core net interest income and core noninterest income.



Reconciliation of GAAP to Core Net Interest Income and NIM -Quarters

	For the three months ended													
		March 31,		December 31,	:	September 30,		June 30,		March 31,				
(Dollars in thousands)		2025		2024		2024		2024		2024				
GAAP net interest income	\$	52,989	\$	51,235	\$	45,603	\$	42,776	\$	42,397				
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on hedges Net amortization of purchase accounting		(56)		(2,911)		(554)		(177)		187				
adjustments		(252)		(191)		(155)		(182)		(271)				
Tax equivalent adjustment		96		98		100		98		100				
Core net interest income FTE	\$	52,777	\$	48,231	\$	44,994	\$	42,515	\$	42,413				
Episodic items ⁽¹⁾ Net interest income FTE excluding episodic		(294)		(648)		(1,647)		(369)		(928)				
items	\$	52,483	\$	47,583	\$	43,347	\$	42,146	\$	41,485				
Total average interest-earning assets (2)	\$	8,471,609	\$	8,590,022	\$	8,712,443	\$	8,358,006	\$	8,238,395				
Core net interest margin FTE Net interest margin FTE excluding episodic		2.49 %		2.25 %		2.07 %		2.03 %		2.06 %				
items		2.48 %		2.22 %		1.99 %		2.02 %		2.01 %				
GAAP interest income on total loans, net ⁽³⁾ Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments) \$	92,368	\$	94,104	\$	95,780	\$	92,728	\$	92,959				
on hedges - loans Net amortization of purchase accounting		(56)		29		(364)		(137)		123				
adjustments		(252)		(216)		(168)		(198)		(295)				
Core interest income on total loans, net	\$	92,060	\$	93,917	\$	95,248	\$	92,393	\$	92,787				
Average total loans, net (2)	\$	6,674,665	\$	6,783,264	\$	6,740,579	\$	6,751,715		6,807,944				
Core yield on total loans		5.52 %		5.54 %		5.65 %		5.47 %	5.45 %					



¹ Episodic items include prepayment penalty income, net reversals and recovered interest from nonaccrual and delinquent loans, and swap terminations fees/income

² Excludes purchase accounting average balances for all periods presented

³ Excludes interest income from loans held for sale.

Calculation of Tangible Stockholders' Common **Equity** to **Tangible Assets** - Quarters

		March 31,		December 31,	September 30,			June 30,		March 31,
(Dollars in thousands)		2025		2024		2024		2024		2024
Total Equity	\$	702,851		724,539	\$	666,891	\$ 665,322		\$	669,827
Less:										
Goodwill				(17,636)		(17,636)		(17,636)		(17,636)
Core deposit intangibles		(1,029)		(1,123)		(1,220)		(1,322)		(1,428)
Tangible Stockholders' Common										
Equity	\$	701,822	\$	705,780	\$	648,035	\$	646,364	\$	650,763
			-							
Total Assets	\$	9,008,396	\$	9,038,972	\$	9,280,886	\$	9,097,240	\$	8,807,325
Less:										
Goodwill		_		(17,636)		(17,636)		(17,636)		(17,636)
Core deposit intangibles		(1,029)		(1,123)		(1,220)		(1,322)		(1,428)
Tangible Assets	\$	9,007,367	\$	9,020,213	\$	9,262,030	\$	9,078,282	\$	8,788,261
Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to										
Tangible Assets		7.79 %	6	7.82 %		7.00 %		7.12 %		7.40 %
i diigiote i issees	_	1.19	· <u> </u>	7.82 /0	_	7.00 /0		7.12 /0	_	7.40 /0



Reconciliation of GAAP (Loss) Earnings and Core Earnings -Years

	Years Ended												
	December 31,		D	ecember 31,	Γ	ecember 31,	Γ	December 31,	D	ecember 31,	Ι	December 31,	
(Dollars In thousands, except per share data)		2024		2022		2021		2020		2019	_	2018	
GAAP (loss) income before income taxes	\$	(48,267)	\$	39,833	\$	104,852	\$	109,278	\$	45,182	\$	53,331	
Day 1, Provision for Credit Losses - Empire transaction		_		_		_		_		1,818		_	
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments		939		(2,573)		(5,728)		12,995		2,142		5,353	
Net (gain) loss on sale of securities		72,315		_		10,948		(113)		701		15	
Life insurance proceeds		(285)		(1,281)		(1,822)		_		(659)		(462)	
Valuation allowance on loans transferred to held for sale		3,836		_		_		_					
Net gain on sale or disposition of assets		_		_		(104)		(621)		_		(770)	
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on hedges		(3,455)		(371)		(775)		(2,079)		1,185		1,678	
Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death		_		_		_		_		_		455	
Prepayment penalty on borrowings		2,572		_		_		_		7,834		_	
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments and intangibles		(417)		(1,007)		(2,030)		(2,489)		80		_	
Miscellaneous/Merger expense		722		526		_		2,562		6,894		1,590	
Core income before taxes		27,960		35,127		105,341		119,533		65,177		61,190	
Provision for core income taxes		6,260		10,209		28,502		30,769		15,428		13,957	
Core net income	\$	21,700	\$	24,918	\$	76,839	\$	88,764	\$	49,749	\$	47,233	
GAAP diluted (loss) earnings per common share	\$	(1.07)	\$	0.96	\$	2.50	\$	2.59	\$	1.18	\$	1.44	
Day 1, Provision for Credit Losses - Empire transaction, net of tax		_		_		_		_		0.05		_	
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments, net of tax		0.02		(0.06)		(0.14)		0.31		0.06		0.14	
Net (gain) loss on sale of securities, net of tax		1.68		_		0.26		_		0.02		_	
Life insurance proceeds		(0.01)		(0.04)		(0.06)		_		(0.02)		(0.02)	
Valuation allowance on loans transferred to held for sale, net of tax		0.09		_		_		_					
Net gain on sale or disposition of assets, net of tax		_		_		_		(0.01)		_		(0.02)	
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on hedges, net of tax		(0.08)		(0.01)		(0.02)		(0.05)		0.03		0.05	
Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death, net of tax		_		_		_				_		0.01	
Prepayment penalty on borrowings, net of tax		0.06		_		_		_		0.20		_	
Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments and intangibles, net of tax		(0.01)		(0.02)		(0.05)		(0.06)		_		_	
Miscellaneous/Merger expense, net of tax		0.02		0.01		_		0.06		0.18		0.04	
Loss not attributable to participatng securities		0.02		_		_		_		_		_	
NYS tax change				<u> </u>				(0.02)					
Core diluted earnings per common share ⁽¹⁾	\$	0.73	\$	0.83	\$	2.49	\$	2.81	\$	1.70	\$	1.65	
Core net income, as calculated above	\$	21,700	\$	24,918	\$	76,839	\$	88,764	\$	49,749	\$	47,233	
Average assets	8,9	51,618		8,501,564		8,307,137		8,143,372		7,276,022		6,947,881	
Average equity	6	667,913		675,151		672,742		648,946		580,067		561,289	
Core return on average assets (2)		0.24 %		0.29 %		0.92 %		1.09 %		0.68 %		0.68 %	
Core return on average equity ⁽²⁾		3.25 %		3.69 %		11.42 %		13.68 %		8.58 %		8.42 %	
Core return on average equity		3.43 70		3.05 70		11.42 70		13.00 70		0.50 70		0.42 70	



¹ Core diluted earnings per common share may not foot due to rounding

² Ratios are calculated on an annualized basis

Reconciliation of GAAP Revenue and **Pre-Provision Pre-Tax Net** Revenue - Years

(Dollars In thousands)	De	cember 31,	De	ecember 31, 2023	De	ecember 31,	De	ecember 31, 2021	De	ecember 31, 2020	De	cember 31, 2019
GAAP Net interest income	\$	182,011	\$	179,152	\$	243,616	\$	247,969	\$	195,199	\$	161,940
Net (gain) loss from fair value												
adjustments on hedges		(3,455)		(371)		(775)		(2,079)		1,185		1,678
Net amortization of purchase		.=										
accounting adjustments	Φ.	(799)	Φ.	(1,454)	_	(2,542)	Φ.	(3,049)	Φ.	(11)	Φ.	
Core Net interest income	\$	177,757	\$	177,327	\$	240,299	\$	242,841	\$	196,373	\$	163,618
GAAP Noninterest income (loss) Net (gain) loss from fair value	\$	(57,445)	\$	22,588	\$	10,009	\$	3,687	\$	11,043	\$	9,471
adjustments		939		(2,573)		(5,728)		12,995		2,142		5,353
Net (gain) loss on sale of securities		72,315		_		10,948		(113)		701		15
Valuation allowance on loans												
transferred to held for sale		3,836		_		_		_		_		_
Life insurance proceeds		(285)		(1,281)		(1,822)		_		(659)		(462)
Net gain on disposition of assets						(104)		(621)				(770)
Core Noninterest income	\$	19,360	\$	18,734	\$	13,303	\$	15,948	\$	13,227	\$	13,607
GAAP Noninterest expense	\$	163,265	\$	151,389	\$	143,692	\$	147,322	\$	137,931	\$	115,269
Prepayment penalty on borrowings	Ψ	(2,572)	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	(7,834)	Ψ	-
Accelerated employee benefits upon		(=,= : =)								(,,,,,,		
Officer's death		_				_		_		_		(455)
Net amortization of purchase												` /
accounting adjustments		(382)		(447)		(512)		(560)		(91)		_
Miscellaneous/Merger expense		(722)		(526)		_		(2,562)		(6,894)		(1,590)
Core Noninterest expense	\$	159,589	\$	150,416	\$	143,180	\$	144,200	\$	123,112	\$	113,224
G. A. D.												
GAAP:	\$	102.011	\$	170 152	\$	242.616	¢.	247.060	d.	105 100	¢.	161.040
Net interest income Noninterest income (loss)	Э	182,011 (57,445)	Ф	179,152 22,588	ф	243,616 10,009	\$	247,969 3,687	\$	195,199 11,043	\$	161,940 9,471
Noninterest income (1088) Noninterest expense		(163,265)		(151,389)		(143,692)		(147,322)		(137,931)		(115,269)
Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue	\$	(38,699)	\$	50,351	\$	109,933	\$	104,334	\$	68,311	\$	56,142
The provision pro tax net revenue	Ψ	(30,077)	Ψ	30,331	Ψ	107,733	Ψ	104,334	Ψ	00,311	Ψ	30,142
Core:												
Net interest income	\$	177,757	\$	177,327	\$	240,299	\$	242,841	\$	196,373	\$	163,618
Noninterest income		19,360		18,734		13,303		15,948		13,227		13,607
Noninterest expense		(159,589)		(150,416)		(143,180)		(144,200)		(123,112)		(113,224)
Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue	\$	37,528	\$	45,645	\$	110,422	\$	114,589	\$	86,488	\$	64,001
Efficiency Ratio		81.0 %	_	76.7 %)	56.5 %	6	55.7 %	ó	58.7 %	ó	63.9 %

Efficiency ratio, a non-GAAP measure, was calculated by dividing core noninterest expense (excluding OREO expense and the net gain/loss from the sale of OREO) by the total of core net interest income and core noninterest income.



Reconciliation of GAAP and **Core Net Interest** Income and NIM - Years

						Ye	Years Ended													
]	December 31,		December 31,		December 31	,	December 31,		December 31,]	December 31	1,							
(Dollars In thousands)		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019								
GAAP net interest income	\$	182,011	\$	179,152	\$	243,616	\$	247,969	\$	195,199	\$	161,940								
Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on hedges Net amortization of purchase accounting		(3,455)		(371)		(775)		(2,079)		1,185		1,678								
adjustments		(799)		(1,454)		(2,542)		(3,049)		(11)		_								
Tax equivalent adjustment		396		404	_	461		450		508		542								
Core net interest income FTE	\$	178,153	\$	177,731	\$	240,760	\$	243,291	\$	196,881	\$	164,160								
Episodic items ⁽¹⁾ Net interest income FTE excluding episodic	_	(3,592)		(5,268)		(6,445)	_	(6,629)	_	(4,576)	_	(6,501))							
items	\$	174,561	\$	172,463	\$	234,315	\$	236,662	\$	192,305	\$	157,659	_							
Total average interest-earning assets (2)	\$	8,475,681	\$	8,027,898	\$	7,841,407	\$	7,681,441	\$	6,863,219	\$	6,582,473								
Core net interest margin FTE Net interest margin FTE excluding episodic		2.10 %	6	2.21	%	3.07	%	3.17	%	2.87	%	2.49	%							
items		2.06 %	6	2.15	%	2.99	%	3.08	%	2.80	%	2.40	%							
GAAP interest income on total loans, net ⁽³⁾ Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments	\$	375,571	\$	355,348	\$	293,287	\$	274,331	\$	248,153	\$	251,744								
on hedges Net amortization of purchase accounting		(349)		(345)		(775)		(2,079)		1,185		1,678								
adjustments		(877)		(1,503)	_	(2,628)		(3,013)		(356)	_	_	_							
Core interest income on total loans, net	\$	374,345	\$	353,500	\$	289,884	\$	269,239	\$	248,982	\$	253,422	_							
Average total loans, net (2)	\$	6,770,826	\$	6,850,124	\$	6,748,165	\$	6,653,980	\$	6,006,931	\$	5,621,033								
Core yield on total loans		5.53 %	6	5.16	%	4.30	%	4.05	%	4.14	%	4.51	%							

¹ Episodic items include prepayment penalty income, net reversals and recovered interest from nonaccrual and delinquent loans, and swap terminations fees/income.



² Excludes purchase accounting average balances for the years ended 2024, 2023, 2022, 2021, and 2020

³ Excludes interest income from loans held for sale.

Calculation of Tangible Stockholders' Common **Equity** to **Tangible Assets** - Years

	December 31,					
(Dollars in thousands)	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Equity	\$ 724,539	\$ 669,837	\$ 677,157	\$ 679,628	\$ 618,997	\$ 579,672
Less:						
Goodwill	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(16,127)
Core deposit intangibles	(1,123)	(1,537)	(2,017)	(2,562)	(3,172)	_
Intangible deferred tax liabilities				328	287	292
Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity	\$ 705,780	\$ 650,664	\$ 657,504	\$ 659,758	\$ 598,476	\$ 563,837
Total Assets	\$ 9,038,972	\$ 8,537,236	\$ 8,422,946	\$ 8,045,911	\$ 7,976,394	\$ 7,017,776
Less:						
Goodwill	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(17,636)	(16,127)
Core deposit intangibles	(1,123)	(1,537)	(2,017)	(2,562)	(3,172)	_
Intangible deferred tax liabilities				328	287	292
Tangible Assets	\$ 9,020,213	\$ 8,518,063	\$ 8,403,293	\$ 8,026,041	\$ 7,955,873	\$ 7,001,941
Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to						
Tangible Assets	7.82 %	7.64 %	7.82 %	8.22 %	7.52 %	8.05 %





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