

## Results Q2 2022 Analyst Conference Call

### CEWE Stiftung & Co. KGaA

August 9, 2022



This presentation contains forward-looking statements that are based on current assumptions and forecasts of the management of CEWE. Known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors could lead to material differences between the forward-looking statements given here and the actual development, in particular the results, financial situation and performance of our Company. The Company assumes no liability to update these forward-looking statements or to conform them to future events or developments.

All numbers are calculated as exactly as possible and rounded for the presentation. Due to this, rounding differences might occur.





## Agenda

### **1. Corporate Development by Business Segments**

- 1.1 Photofinishing
- 1.2 Commercial Online-Print
- 1.3 Retail
- 1.4 Other

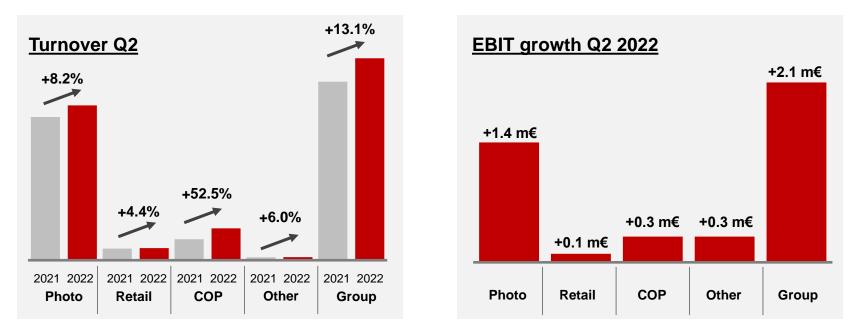
### 2. Group Results

- **3. Financial Details**
- 4. Outlook

### 5. Q&A-Session

## CEWE with stronger Q2 and growth in all business segments: Targets 2022 confirmed

- At 132.0 million euros, Group turnover in Q2 is +13.1% above PY. All business units reported growth in the second quarter. Group EBIT improves by 2.1 million euros to -4.3 million euros in Q2.
- Targets 2022 are confirmed.



## Solid position: CEWE stable in a weak economy

#### **Photofininshing & Retail**

- Customers are emotionally attached to their photo products
- Products with relatively low price points
- Premium positioning in photofinishing market
- Customer base with focus on quality not on price
- Photo products are Christmas gifts you won't postpone

#### **Commercial Online-Print**

Lower break-even situation enables earnings to be increased

2009: Euro-crisis Euro 17 CEWE -4.2% +1.8%

2020: Covid-crisis Euro 17 CEWE -6.3% +1.5%

GDP development for Euro 17 states CEWE fx-adjusted turnover development

»CEWE has repeatedly proven in the past that the company is typically not affected by a downturn in general consumer spending



### **CEWE implements price increases** to compensate for cost increases

- CEWE increases product prices in order to compensate for cost increases, especially in raw materials (paper, photo paper), in the areas of logistics and mail order shipping, energy (electricity, gas) and also in wages and salaries.
- The price adjustment will have an increasing effect over time and will support the seasonal focus of the Christmas business in particular.

» CEWE is excellently positioned to implement these price increases due to its premium positioning in the photofinishing market



## **CEWE once again among "Europe's Climate Leaders**



- » Financial Times and Statista analyzed more than 400 European companies with regard to the reduction of their emissions in relation to their turnover
- » For the second time in a row, they also rank CEWE among "Europe's Climate Leaders", highlighting the company's leading role in reducing emissions intensity



### For the third time in a row: CEWE honored for exemplary corporate management





The competition is organized on an annual basis by Deloitte, Wirtschaftswoche, Credit Suisse and BDI.

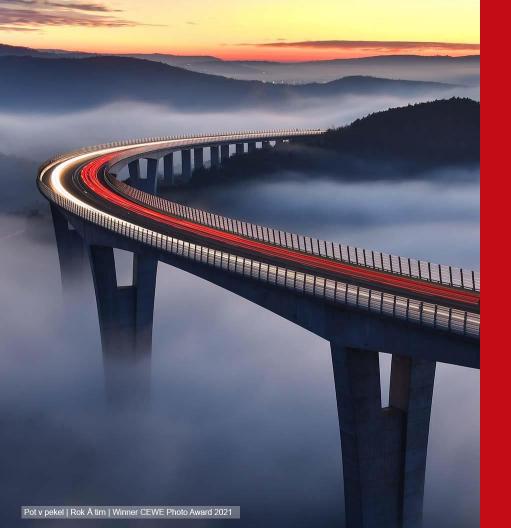


## **CEWE** takes over system supplier for **CEWE** photo station



- » CEWE takes over Hertz Systemtechnik GmbH
- » Specialist for the development and production of POS terminal systems
- »Long-standing partner and supplier for the CEWE photo station
- Strengthening of the competence profile in the instant photo business at the point of sale





## Photofinishing

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### **CEWE and Faber-Castell win German Brand Award 2022**



## Slipcase for CEWE PHOTOBOOK wins TIPA World Award 2022





TIPA World Award 2022 "Best Photo Service Worldwide"

**CEWE PHOTOBOOK Slipcase** 

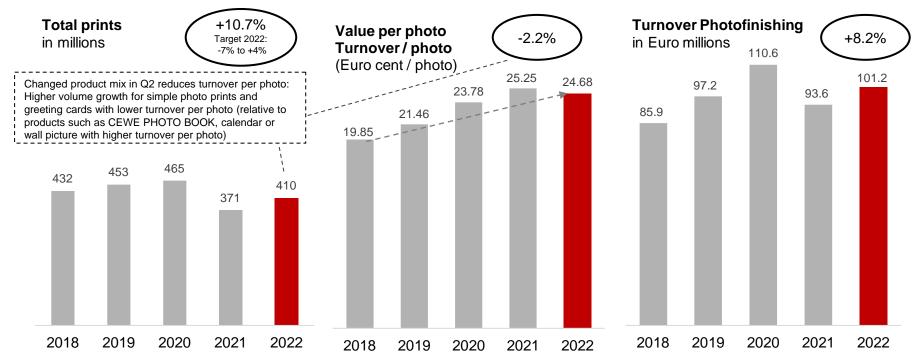


### **Started: CEWE Photo Award 2023**





## Number of prints and turnover Photofinishing Q2

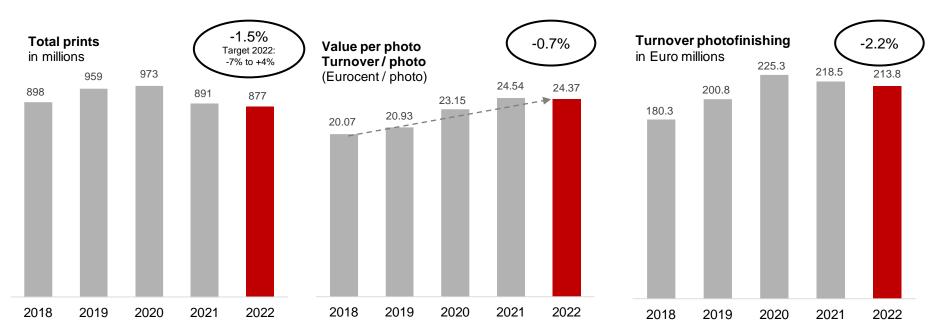


» Corona normalization enables photo opportunities (celebrations, events, travel, ...) and occasions for photo product orders again: Photo volume and turnover increase significantly

- » Overall due to Corona still less occasions to take photos lead to changed product mix with
- <sup>15</sup> slightly lower turnover per photo

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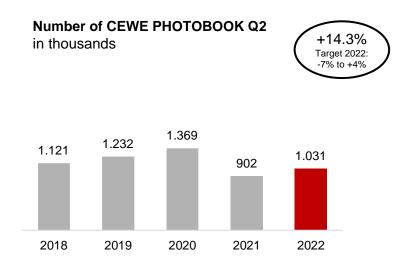
## Number of prints and turnover Photofinishing H1



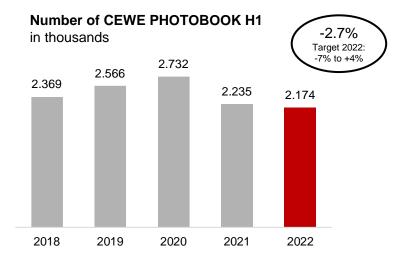
» "Stay-at-home" effects with a particularly positive impact on demand in the Corona years 2020 (here especially in Q2) and 2021 (here especially in Q1) make year-on-year comparability difficult

» Corona-related reduced stock of images among consumers is also evident when comparing the even lower volume of photos with the last pre-Corona H1 in 2019

## **CEWE Photobook Q2 and H1**



- » Corona normalization and above all return of international vacation trips let demand for CEWE PHOTO BOOK increase significantly again in Q2
- » Due to Corona less occasions to take photos still visible in comparison vs. pre-Corona years 2018 and 2019

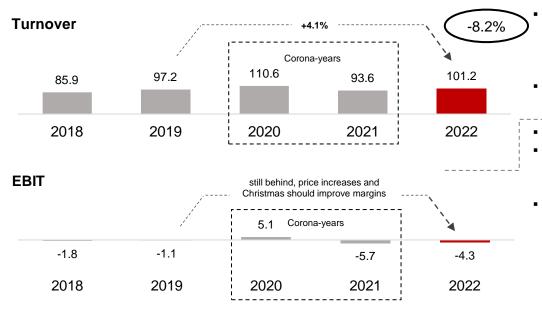


The classic multi-photo product still feels the Corona-related temporary shortage of images among consumers, which was particularly evident in Q1 2022.



## **Business Segment Photofinishing Q2**

in Euro millions

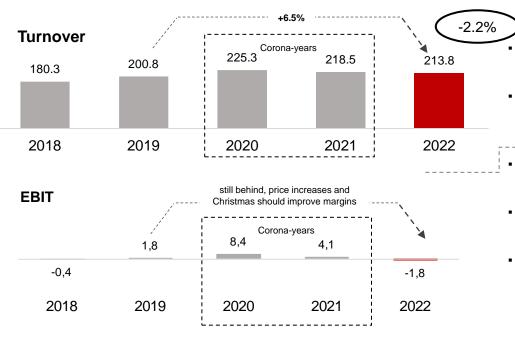


 > Heading towards "back to normal": Q2 turnover above last pre-Corona Q2 in 2019
 > Q2 2020 (lockdown) and Q2 2021 (relaxations) were heavily impacted by Corona measures

- Photofinishing turnover up +8.2% under the impact of a continuing Corona normalization.
- In the previous year's quarter, Corona relaxations (for the first time in a long period) additionally reduced demand: people caught up on things that were not possible in the lockdown and ordered fewer photo products.
- With the turnover now achieved, photofinishing is also up +4.1% compared to the last pre-Corona Q2 in 2019.
- Photofinishing EBIT improves by +1.4 million euros due to demand.
- Thereby, only 116 thousand euros social security payments in the form of short-time working allowance were received (Q2 2021: 437 thousand euros short-time allowance).
- Particularly due to the increased cost structure compared to 2019 (also in preparation for the ever-increasing Christmas business) and ongoing seasonal shift with lower Q2-EBIT, the current quarterly EBIT is below the last pre-Corona Q2 EBIT from 2019 of -1.1 million euros. Agreed price increases will generate additional contribution margins, especially in the second half of 2022 and in the Christmas business.
- Special effects Q2 2022: -0.9 million euros
  - Effects from purchase price allocation of Cheerz: -0.4 million euros
    - Effects from the purchase price allocation of WhiteWall: -0.5 million euros
- Special effects Q2 2021: -1.0 million euros
  - Effects from the purchase price allocation of Cheerz: -0.5 million euros
  - Effects from the purchase price allocation of WhiteWall: -0.5 million euros

## **Business Segment Photofinishing H1**

in Euro millions

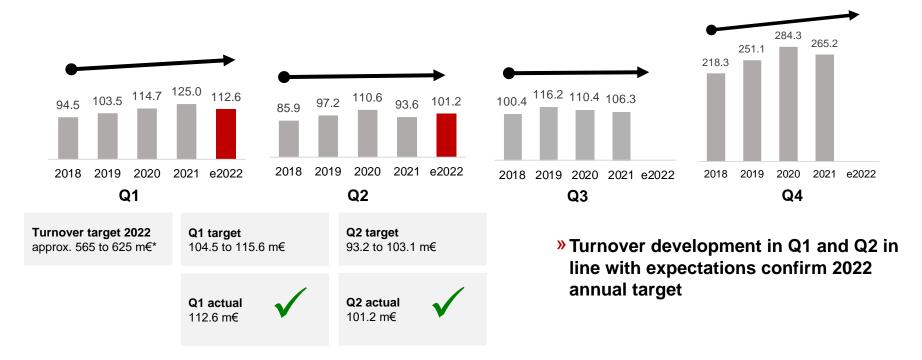


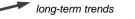
#### The increase in turnover and the improvement in earnings in Q2 reduce the Corona-induced turnover and earnings gap with H1

- Expected decrease in Q1 turnover: Last year's Q1 benefited particularly strongly from the Corona/Lockdown-driven "stay-at-home" effect; as expected, in view of the current "Corona normalization", this special development was not repeated in this year's Q1, with turnover declining by -9.9%.
  - In Q2, photofinishing turnover increase by +8.2% under the influence of the continuing corona normalization. In the previous year's Q2, corona relaxations (for the first time in a long period) additionally reduced demand.
- With the turnover now achieved, photofinishing is also up +6.5% compared to the last pre-Corona H1 in 2019 (growth with comparable inclusion of WhiteWall (acquired in June 2019): +2,3%).
- The Q1 earnings gap (-7.3 million euros compared with Q1 of the previous year) became smaller at the end of the first half of the year (-5.9 million euros compared with H1 of the previous year).
- Only 177 thousand euros in social security benefits in the form of short-time working allowances partially compensated for the personnel costs incurred without work performed (H1 2021: 566 thousand euros).
- Particularly due to the increased cost structure compared to 2019 (also in preparation for the ever-increasing Christmas business) and ongoing seasonal shift with lower Q2-EBIT, the current quarterly EBIT is below the last pre-Corona Q2 EBIT from 2019 of 1.8 million euros. Agreed price increases will generate additional contribution margins, especially in the second half of 2022 and in the Christmas business.
- Special effects H1 2022: -1.9 million euros
  - Effects from the purchase price allocation of Cheerz: -0.8 million euros
  - Effects from the purchase price allocation of WhiteWall: -1.1 million euros
- Special effects H1 2021: -2.1 million euros
  - Effects from the purchase price allocation of Cheerz: -1.0 million euros
  - Effects from the purchase price allocation of WhiteWall: -1.1 million euros

## **Photofinishing-Turnover by Quarter**

Seasonal distribution: CEWE 2018 to 2022 - Share in turnover by quarter as a million





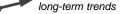


Rounding differences may occur.

## **Photofinishing-EBIT by Quarter**

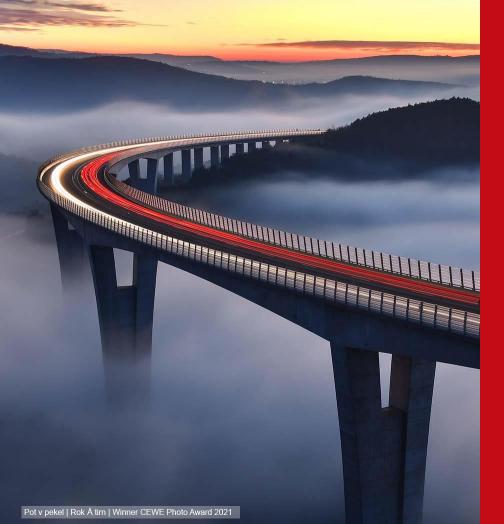
Seasonal distribution: CEWE 2018 to 2022 - EBIT by quarter in Euro million







Rounding differences may occur.



## **Commercial Online-Print**

### **Commercial Online-Print**

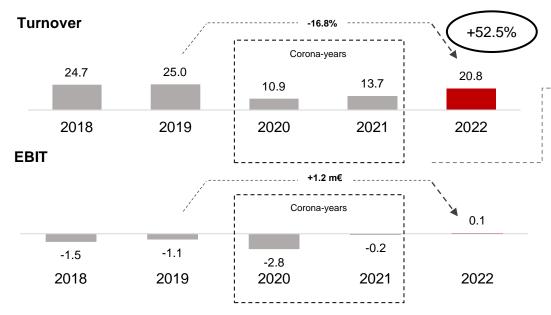


» Business and advertising prints: flyers, business cards, stationery, packaging, promotional items, etc.



## **Business Segment Commercial Online-Print Q2**

in Euro millions



- » COP benefits from (post-Corona) recovery and increases turnover and earnings
- » Lower break-even level: Although turnover has not yet returned to pre-Corona levels, higher earnings are
- 24 already being achieved

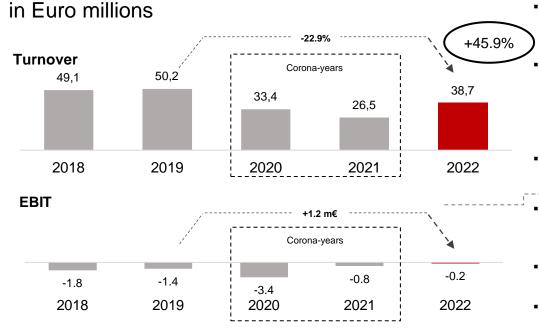
COP continues to benefit from the ongoing "Corona normalization" in Q2 and significantly increases turnover.

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- This still leaves COP below the pre-Corona revenue level from Q2 2019 (EUR 25.0 million), but ...
- ... shows strongly improved result and overall lower break-even level mainly due to optimized cost structure vs. Q2 2019 (EBIT 1.1 million euros).
- The growth in turnover and continued strict cost management also improved EBIT compared with the previous year.
- The COP fully compensated for social security payments in the form of short-time working allowance in the amount of 255 thousand euros received in the previous year's quarter (EBIT Q2 2021 without short-time working allowance: -0.4 million euros; Q2 2022: no short time work).
- Special effects Q2 2022: -0.1 million euros
  - Effects from the purchase price allocation of Laserline: -0.1 million euros
- Special effects Q2 2021: -0.1 million euors
  - Effects from the purchase price allocation of Laserline: -0.1 million euros



## **Business Segment Commercial Online-Print H1**



- » COP benefits from (post-Corona) recovery and increases turnover and earnings
- » Lower break-even level: Although turnover has not yet returned to pre-Corona levels, higher earnings are already being achieved

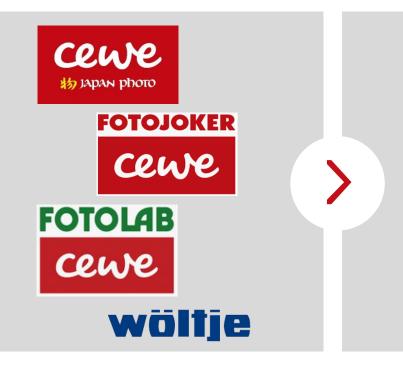
- COP benefits from the ongoing "Corona normalization" and grows significantly in turnover (Q1 2022: +38.8%; Q2 2022: +52.5%).
  - In the Q1 lockdown of the previous year, COP was still under strong Corona influence with heavy revenue decline in the B2B printing business (Q1 2021: -43.2%), Q2 in the previous year was able to increase again with the Corona easing (Q2 2021: +25.8%).
- This still leaves COP below the pre-Corona revenue level from H1 2019 (EUR 50,2 million), but ...
  - ... shows strongly improved result and overall lower break-even level mainly due to optimized cost structure vs. H1 2019 (EBIT -1.4 million euros).
- The increase in turnover and continued strict cost management also improved EBIT compared with the previous year.
- The COP fully compensated for social security payments received last year in the form of short-time working allowances amounting to 867 thousand euros (EBIT H1 2021 without shorttime working allowances: -1.6 million euros; H1 2022: no short time work).
- Special effects H1 2022: -0.1 million euros
  - Effects from the purchase price allocation of Laserline: -0.1 million euros
- Special effects H1 2021: -0.1 million euros
  - Effects from the purchase price allocation of Laserline: -0.1 million euros



## Retail

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### **Retail with focus on photofinishing business**



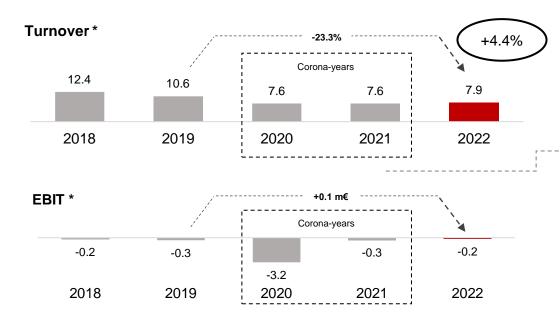
- 101 own retail stores in NO, PL, CZ, SK
- Strategic focus on photofinishing and online business
- EUR 31.2 million revenue (2021) with photo-hardware (cameras, lenses, ...)

» Retail segment contains hardware revenue only, photofinishing business is shown in photofinishing segment



## **Business Segment Retail\* Q2**

### in Euro millions



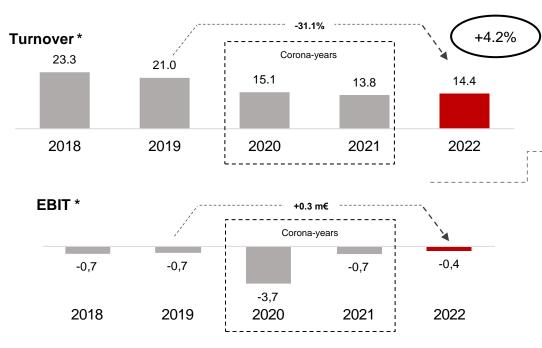
## » Retail well positioned with optimized store structure

- Retail also continues to benefit from the ongoing Corona normalization and increased hardware turnover in Q2.
- By focusing on the photofinishing business and refraining from low-margin hardware business, the active reduction in turnover before the onset of the Corona crisis was around -10% in line with business strategy.
- Also looking at retail against the last pre-Corona Q2 in 2019, it has significantly reduced hardware turnover with reduced store footprint by a good 30% in line with strategy ...
- ... while still improving the earnings situation (Retail-EBIT Q2 2019: -0.3 million euros).
- The traditionally negative Q2 EBIT in retail due to seasonality also improves year-on-year.
- Retail fully compensated for social security payments in the form of short-time working allowance in the amount of 209 thousand euros received in the previous year's quarter (EBIT Q2 2021 without short-time working allowance: -0.5 million euros; Q2 2022: no short time work).
- Special effects Q1 2022: none
- Special effects Q1 2021: none



## **Business Segment Retail\* H1**

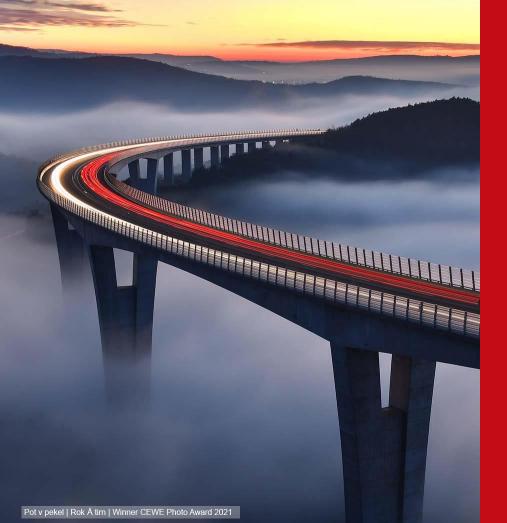
### in Euro millions



#### » Retail well positioned with optimized store structure

- Already in Q1 2022, retail was able to increase its turnover by +4.0% with the Corona normalization, and this positive development continued in Q2 with +4.4%: In the first half of the year, retail is up +4.2%.
- Retail continues to focus on photofinishing and online business.
- Looking also at retail against the last pre-Corona H1 in 2019, it has significantly reduced hardware turnover with reduced store footprint by a good 30% in line with strategy ...
- ... while still improving the earnings situation (EH-EBIT Q2 2019: -0.7 million euros).
- EBIT in retail also improved year-on-year.
- Retail fully compensated for social security payments in the form of short-time working allowance in the amount of 669 thousand euros received in the previous year (EBIT H1 2021 without short-time working allowance: -1.4 million euros; H1 2022: no short time work).
- Special effects H1 2022: none
- Special effects H1 2021: none



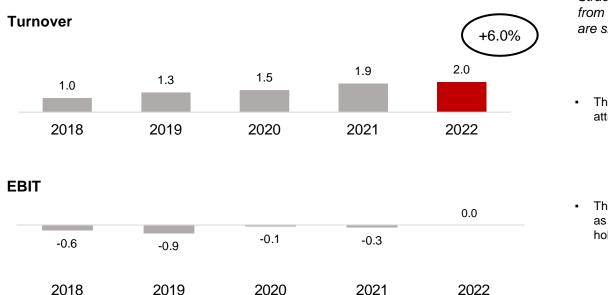


## Other

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## **Business Segment Others Q2**

### in Euro millions



Structural and corporate costs and profits arising from real estate property and company investments are shown in the "other" business segment.

 The 2.0 million euros in turnover is exclusively attributable to futalis (Q2 2021: 1.9 million euros).

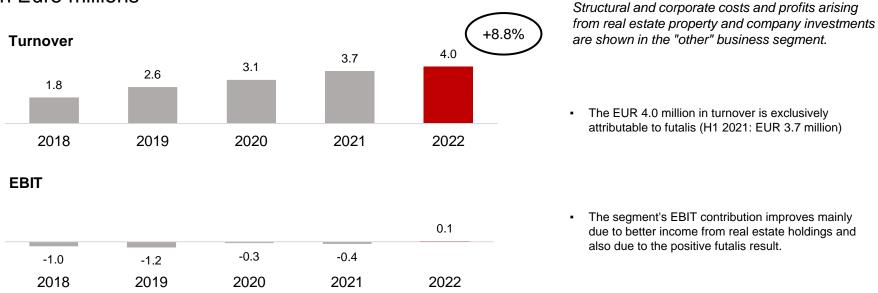
				0.0	
-0.6	-0.9	-0.1	-0.3		
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	

The segment's EBIT contribution improved mainly as a result of better income from real estate holdings.

#### » Business segment "Others" increases turnover and improves earnings

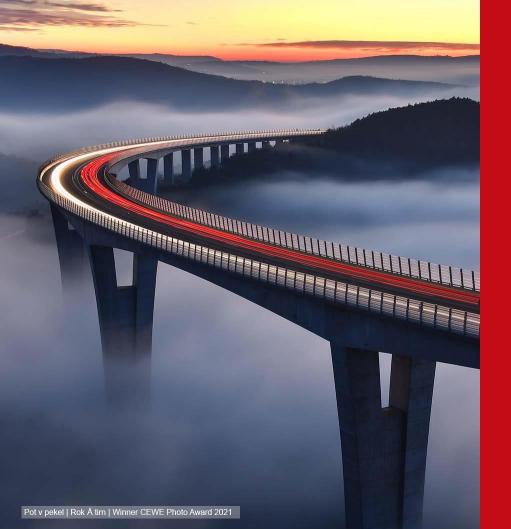
## **Business Segment Others H1**

### in Euro millions



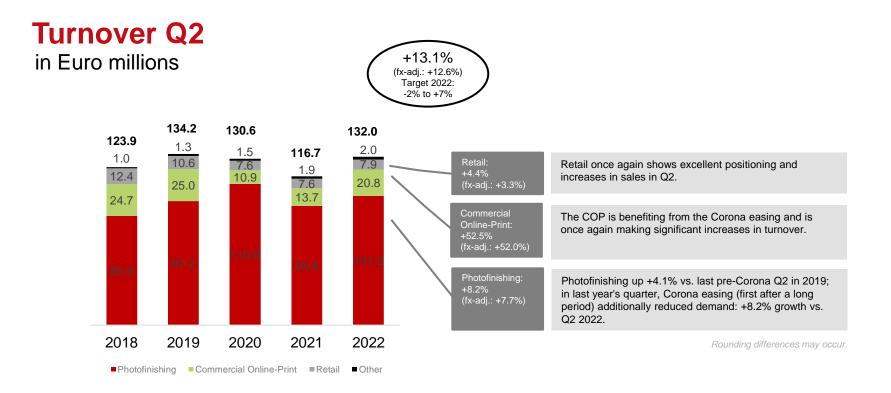
» Business segment "Others" increases turnover and improves earnings





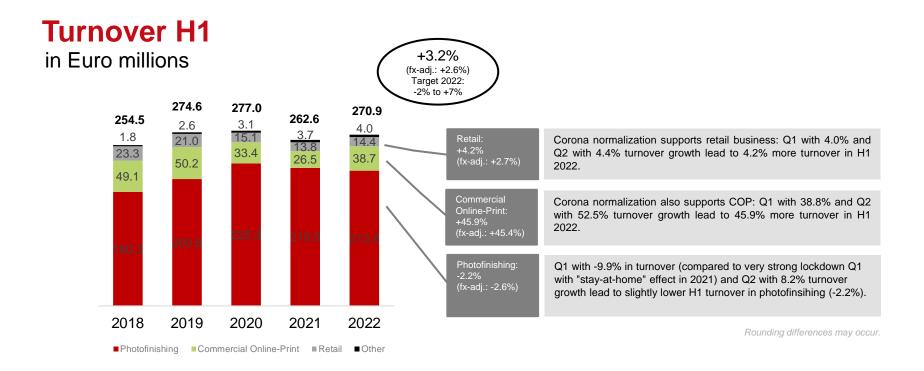
## **Group Results**

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#### » Turnover growth in all business segments in Q2

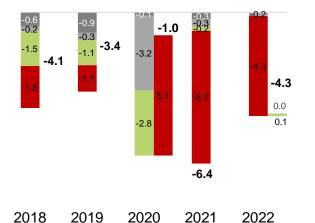




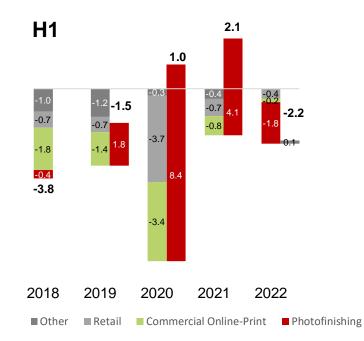
#### » Group turnover up again in the first half of the year

# **EBIT** in Euro millions

Q2

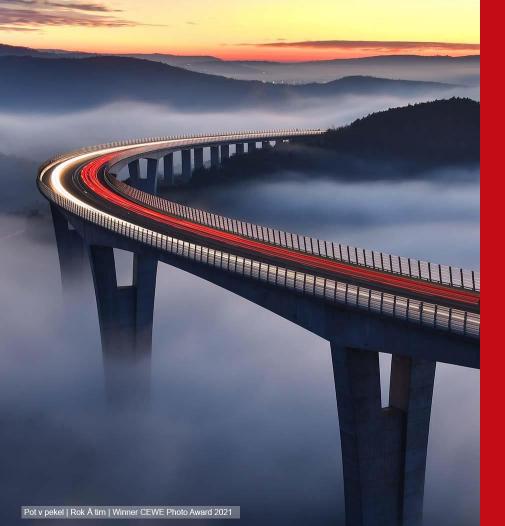


» Year-on-year comparison: All business areas contribute to improvement in Group EBIT in Q2



### » Group EBIT in H1 at earnings level of pre-Corona years 2018 and 2019





# Financial Details

#### **Consolidated income statement Q2**

Figures in Euro millions	Q2 2021	in % of revenues	Q2 2022	in % of revenues	$\Delta$ as %	∆ as m€
Revenues	116.7	100%	132.0	100%	13.1%	15.3 -
Increase / decrease in finished and unfinished goods	0.0	0%	-0.1	-0.1%	-	-0.1
Other own work capitalised	0.3	0.2%	0.7	0.5%	183%	0.5
Other operating income	6.3	5.4%	8.1	6.1%	28.2%	1.8
Cost of materials	-31.7	-27.1%	-39.0	-29.5%	23.1%	-7.3
Gross profit	91.6	78.5%	101.7	77.0%	11.0%	10.1
Personnel expenses	-45.0	-38.5%	-47.7	-36.1%	-6.0%	-2.7
Other operating expenses	-40.2	-34.5%	-45.1	-34.1%	-12.1%	-4.9
EBITDA	6.5	5.5%	9.0	6.8%	38.6%	2.5
Amortisation/Depreciation	-12.9	-11.1%	-13.3	-10.0%	-2.8%	-0.4
Earnings before interest, taxes (EBIT)	-6.4	-5.5%	-4.3	-3.3%	-33.2%	2.1
Financial income	0.0	0.0%	0.5	0.4%	>1000%	0.5
Financial expenses	-0.3	-0.3%	-0.4	-0.3%	-8.0%	0.0
Financial result	-0.3	-0.3%	0.2	0.1%	156%	0.5
Earnings before taxes (EBT)	-6.8	-5.8%	-4.1	-3.1%	-39.0%	2.6

	Increasing sales in all segments (PF (+ 8,2%), COP (+ 52,5%),
	Retail (+4,4 %)) mainly due to corona-weakened prior-year quarter
	Mainly due to reversal of provisions no longer required, such as
	impairment losses, and higher gains from FX differences
$\sim$	
	Generally following increased sales, while price increases (e.g.
$\backslash$	(photographic) paper) result in a higher cost of materials ratio
$\langle \cdot \rangle$	Slight overall increase in personnel (e.g. central functions, COP, Hertz)
	and tariff adjustments
- \_	
	Higher occupancy costs, operating costs due to energy prices and
	higher selling expenses due to sales increase

Rounding differences may occur.



# **Balance Sheet at 30 June**

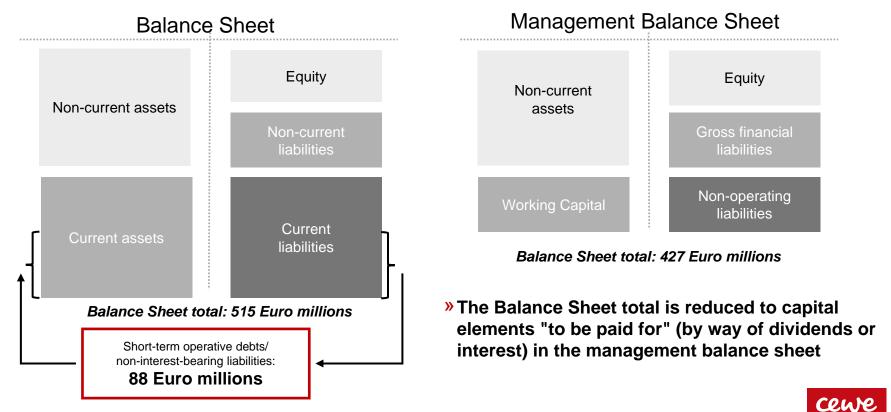
**Total comprehensive income** +€53.3 m **Operating Assets**  $+ \notin 9.8 \text{ m.:}$  (+) Acquisition of a building at the headquarters ( $\notin 8.9 \text{ m.}$ ), **Dividend** - € 16.6 m. (-) Scheduled amortisation (software, PPA amortisation of brands and customer bases). Acquisition of treasury shares (+) Goodwill for the acquisition of Hertz €20.0 m **Deferred tax assets**  $- \notin 5.1$  m.: Decrease in pension accruals Pension accruals Liabilities - € 10.5 m.: Significant Assets 515.0 515.0 change in the actuarial 508.7 487.8<sub>+27.2</sub> 508.7 in Euro millions 491.4 491.4 487.8 in Euro millions interest rate =60.1% 402.9 402.9 = 59.8% Deferred tax liabilities Equity ratio — € 1 6 m Equity ratio 365.6 Lease liabilities Non-current Equity - 212.6 +4.4– 0,2 Mio. €: +17.9 assets (+) First-time Non-current Consolidation of Hertz 35.7 liabilities 87.1 -12.8 (€ 3.0 m.) (-) Repayments (-€ +22.8 149.4 175.7 Current - 154.6 126.9 26.6 137.5 109.1 +22.1 131.2 3.2 m.) Current liabilities assets 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 **Income tax receivables**  $+ \notin 6.2$  m.: Mostly from prepayments in excess of tax expense for fiscal year 2021 Other current liabilities + € 24.6 m.: Acquisition of treasury shares **Trade receivables** + € 5.3 m.: Higher sales in the second guarter compared to the Trade Payables + € 3.7 m.: Stocking as well as recovery of COP and retail previous vear Income Tax liabilities – € 3.1 m. Inventories + € 4.9 m.: Increase in inventories in photofinishing (mainly digital printing Other current provisions  $- \notin 2.8 \text{ m}$ . paper and auxiliary materials) and COP, and due to first-time consolidation of Hertz

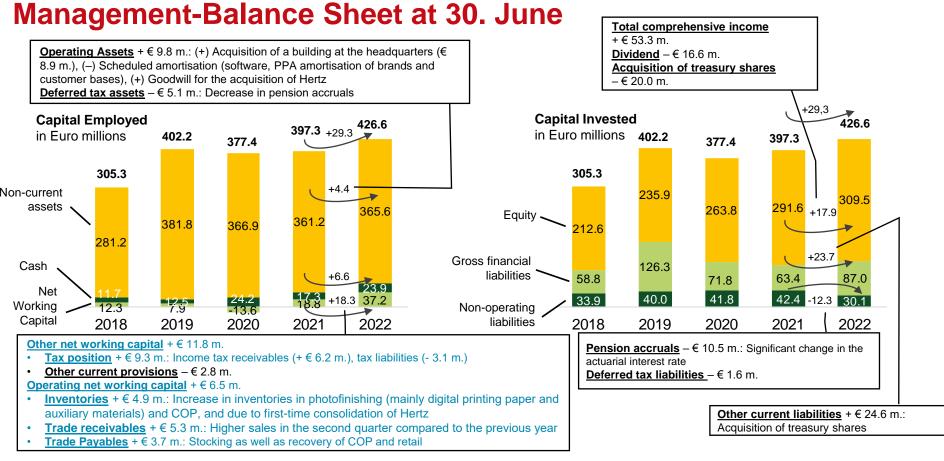
- <u>Cash</u> + € 6.6 m.
  - »Expiry of Corona effects partly "back to normal" leads to an increase in current assets (+ € 22.8 m.) and, thus, in assets by € 27.2 m.
  - Strong results from the past Corona boom led to an increase in the equity ratio to 60.1 %, before the purchase of treasury shares even to 64.0 %
    Blue = Corona-related



Rounding differences may occur

# **From Balance Sheet to Management Balance Sheet**





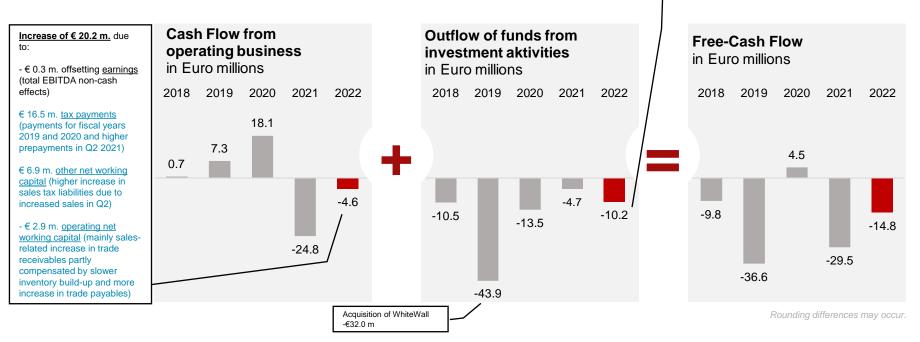
» Above all, the expiry of the Corona effects – partly "back to normal" – leads to an increase in net working capital and thus capital employed of € 29.3 m.
Blue = Corona-related

Rounding differences may occur.

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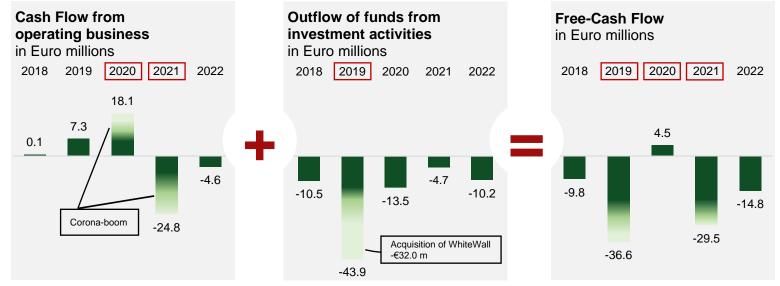
# Free cash flow Q2

**Increase of - € 5.5 m.** due to - € 6.2 m. for the purchase of consolidated shares (Hertz), - € 2.9 m. lower inflows from the sale of property, plant and equipment and, in the opposite direction, + € 4.3 m. lower operating capital expenditure



- »Above all, the expiry of the Corona effects partly "back to normal" increase cash flow from operating business by € 20.2 m.
- » Acquisition of Hertz increases cash outflow from investment activities by € 5.5 m.
- » Q2 free cash flow increases by € 14.7 m.

#### Free cash flow Q2

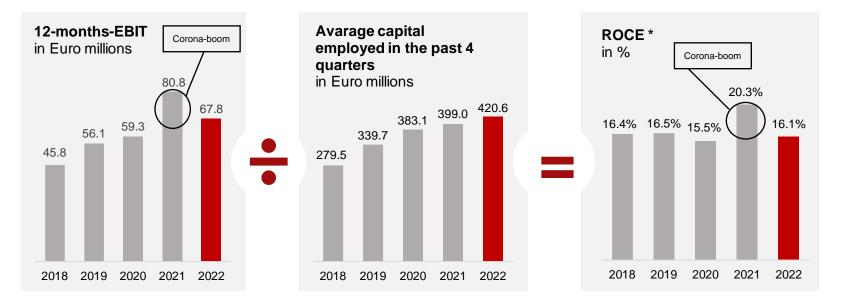


Rounding differences may occur.

- » Due to the expiry of the Corona special effects in 2020 and 2021, operating cash flow is moving back towards the pre-Corona range
- » Cash outflow from investment activities is around the long-term average
- » Free cash flow is back in the pre-Corona range after the two Corona special years

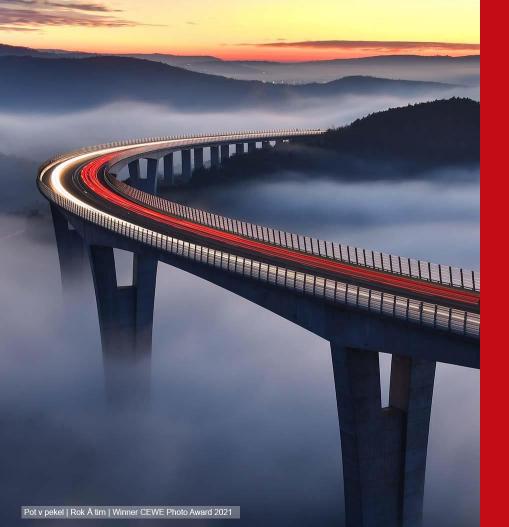


#### ROCE



» Decline in 12-month EBIT (absence of Corona-strengthened results from Q4-2020 and Q1-2021 in particular) causes ROCE to fall to the usual level of 16.1 %

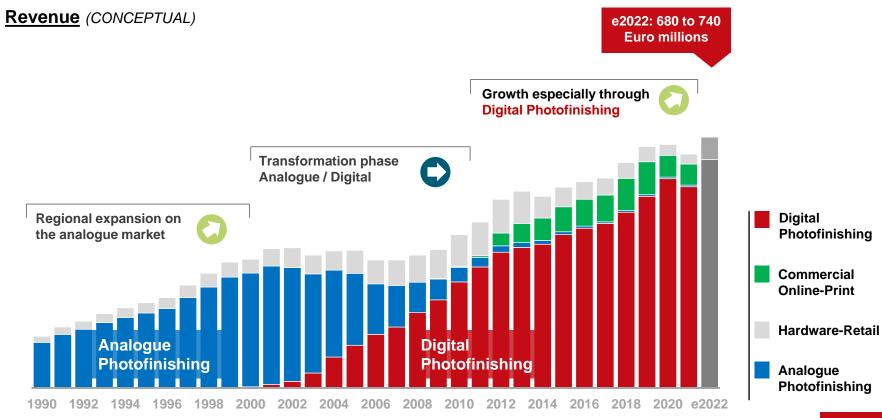
\* ROCE = EBIT /  $\oslash$  Capital Employed. Rounding differences may occur.



# Outlook

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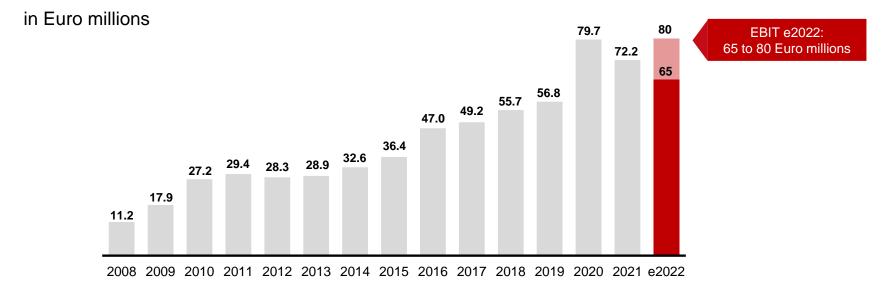
# Targets 2022 confirmed with Q2: CEWE on long term growth path







# Targets 2022 confirmed with Q2



- The range of the 2022 EBIT target reflects the uncertainty that is currently arising from the pandemic and also from general price increases
- » CEWE assumes that the company will not be directly affected by the war in the Ukraine, neither on the procurement nor on the sales side
- » At this point, CEWE's planning for 2022 does not take into account any effects e.g. on consumer behavior – of the war in Ukraine extending in terms of time and/or space



# **Targets confirmed with Q2: CEWE Group Targets 2022**

Targets		PY 2021	Target 2022	Change
Photos <sup>1</sup>	billion photos	2.18	2.0 to 2.3	-7% to +4%
CEWE PHOTO BOOK	millions	5.65	5.4 to 5.8	-4% to +3%
Operational Investments <sup>2</sup>	Euro millions	36.8	60	
Revenue	Euro millions	692.8	680 to 740	-2% to +7%
EBIT	Euro millions	72.2	65 to 80	-10% to +11%
EBT <sup>3</sup>	Euro millions	72.7	62 to 77	-15% to +6%
Earnings after tax <sup>4</sup>	Euro millions	48.9	42 to 52	-14% to +6%
Earnings per share	Euro	6.77	5.89 to 7.32	-13% to +8%

1 The number of photos is the sum of the images with which CEWE photo products were designed and refers to all images that are used in value-added (CEWE PHOTOBOOK, calendars, wall art, greeting cards, etc.) 2 Outflows from investments in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, netted against inflows from the sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets; without acquisitions/company acquisitions 3 Without subsequent valuations of equity instruments

4 Based on the normalized group tax rate of the previous year

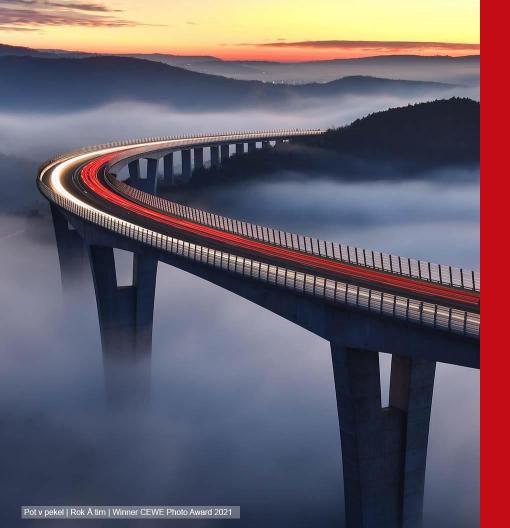
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At this point, CEWE's planning for 2022 does not take into account any effects - e.g. on consumer behavior - of the war in Ukraine extending in terms of time and/or space.

Rounding differences might occur.

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# **Q&A-Session**

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