Deutsche Familienversicherung Preliminary financial results 2022





Welcome

Preliminary and unaudited

+34 % -12 %



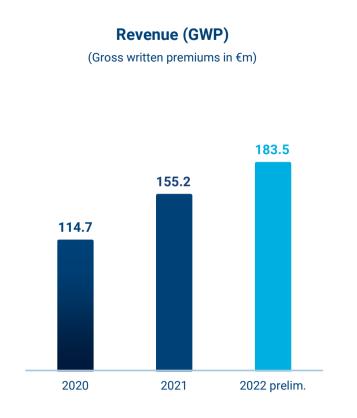
Revenue growth net

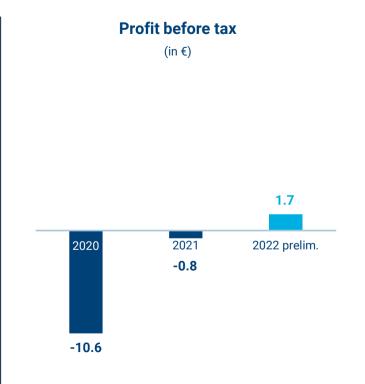
Opex (Cost cutting) net

Over-delivered on profitability target



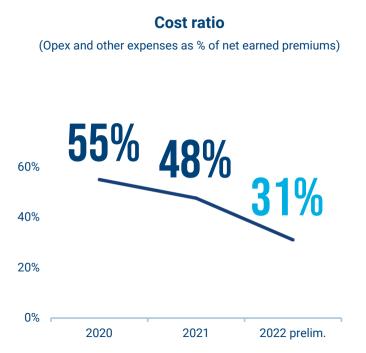
First financial year with positive operating profit since IPO





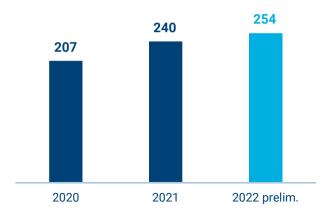
- DFV continues its growth path while reaching a positive operating profit:
 - GWP increased by 18 % in 2022; net earned premiums grew by 34 %.
 - First financial year since the 2018 IPO with a positive profit before tax.
 - In a challenging capital market with high volatility, DFV managed to stabilise the investments and to protect the insureds' funds.

Focus on cost management





(Primary insurance; in €)



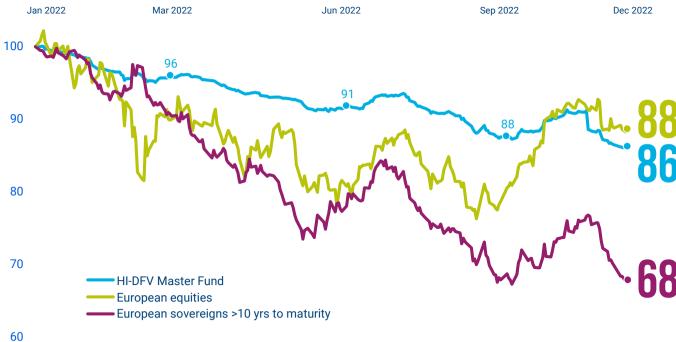
- A significant profitability driver: substantial cost reduction despite revenue increase
 - Opex decreased by 12 % despite a 34 % revenue growth (net).
 - Enhanced commitment to cost discipline.
 - Initiatives to further automate processes add further momentum.
 - Strengthening of the revenue per policy results in an increase in efficiency.

Investments

Preliminary and unaudited







Stabilised investment portfolio

- DFV's predominantly fixed income portfolio experienced unrealised fair value losses in 2022.
- High volatility in the equity portfolio.
- De-risking strategy has been implemented.

IFRS 17/9

Transition to new accounting regime – IFRS 17

Preliminary and unaudited

Health

(Dental, LTC and other product portfolios)



PAA VFA

Share of total GWP for Dental and other nAdS / LTC and other nAdL

PAA for most Health portfolios, but VFA for products calculated as life insurance (nAdL)

Property-Casualty

(Pet insurance and other P-C portfolios)

8%

PAA

Share of total GWP

Simple PAA model, due to short contract boundary

Outwards Reinsurance

(Treated separately from gross business)





Share of total GWP

PAA for most contracts, but GMM for three contracts with long contract boundary

Inwards Reinsurance

(Contract with Barmenia)

20%

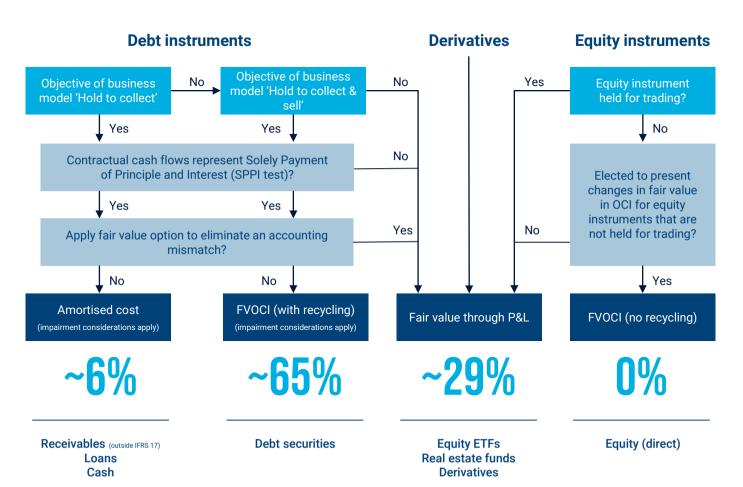
PAA

Share of total GWP

Simple PAA model, due to short contract boundary

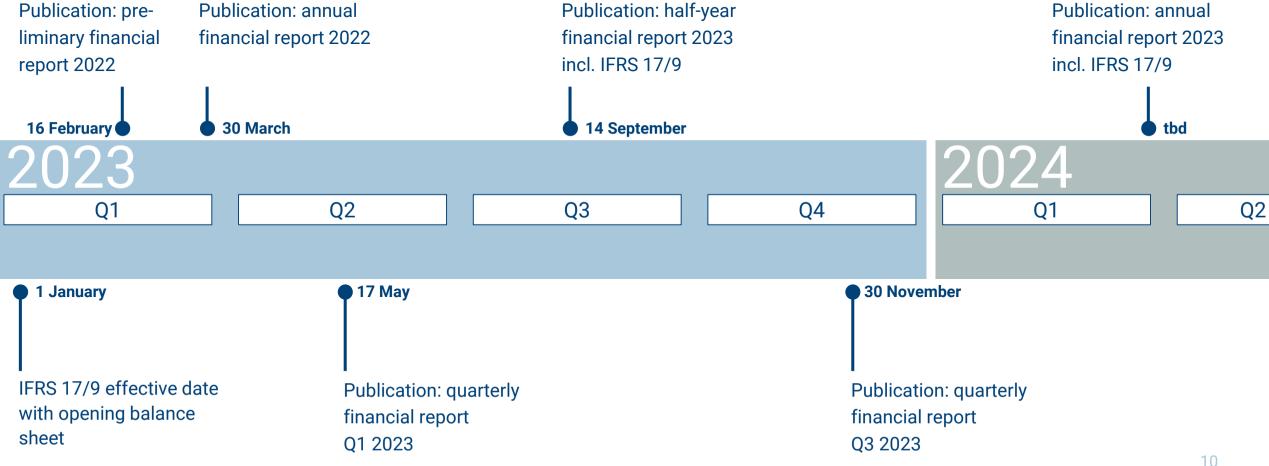
- DFV adopts all three measurement models of IFRS 17:
 - GMM (General Measurement Model), the IFRS 17 default approach, applied only for three LTC outwards reinsurance contracts with long contract boundary.
 - PAA (Premium Allocation Approach), the simplified model that will be adopted for most of DFV's portfolios (77% of total GWP); also applied to most of DFV's outwards reinsurance contracts, partly based on an eligibility assessment.
 - VFA (Variable Fee Approach) which is to be adopted if underlying contracts contain elements of policyholder participation, i.e. DFV's LTC and other Health products calculated as life insurance (23% of total GWP).

Transition to new accounting regime – IFRS 9



- Impact from IFRS 9 transition will be limited, some additional volatility expected
 - Unrealised gains and losses for debt securities continue to be recorded through OCI.
 - Currently no debt securities that fail the Solely Payment of Principle and Interest (SPPI) test.
 - Expected Credit Loss (ECL) allowance expected to be not material in the Group context, as the portfolio is predominantly investment grade.
 - Equity ETFs and real estate funds measured at FVTPL – this will induce additional P&L volatility, compared to IAS 39.

Our IFRS 17/9 roadmap



2023: Focus on profitable growth

DFV remains exciting - We look forward to your questions!

Our next IR events

March 2023 Metzler Small- and MicroCap Days

30 Publication

March 2023 Publication annual financial report

15 – 17 Analyst conference

May 2023 Equity Forum Frühjahrskonferenz

17 Publication

May 2023 Publication quarterly financial report (call-date Q1)

24 Annual General Meeting

May 2023 Annual General Meeting 2023

DEUTSCHE (Familienversicherung