



Q1 2025

Trading Update

24 April 2025

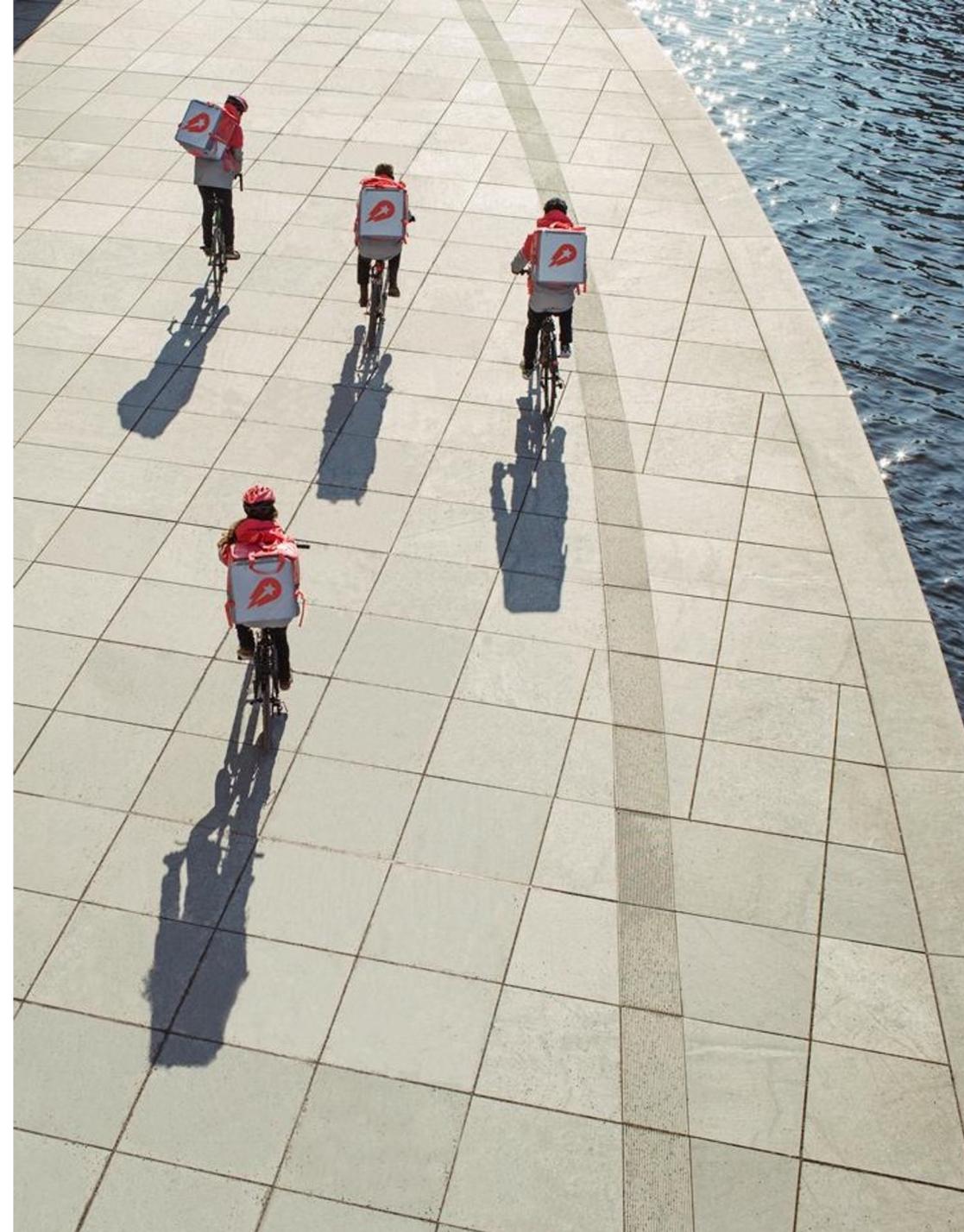
Table of contents

01 Trading Update

02 Annual Results

03 Outlook

04 Appendix



Q1 2025 Key Highlights



Group GMV growth of 9% YoY on a LfL basis , with GMV outside Korea growing by 22% YoY¹



Total Segment Revenue growth of 22% YoY on a LfL basis in Q1 '25¹



Further increase in adj. EBITDA margin YoY in Q1 '25 - business on track to meet FY '25 guidance



Convertible bond buyback of €896m in Q1 '25



Proceeds from breakup fee of \$242m related to Taiwan transaction to further decrease our leverage

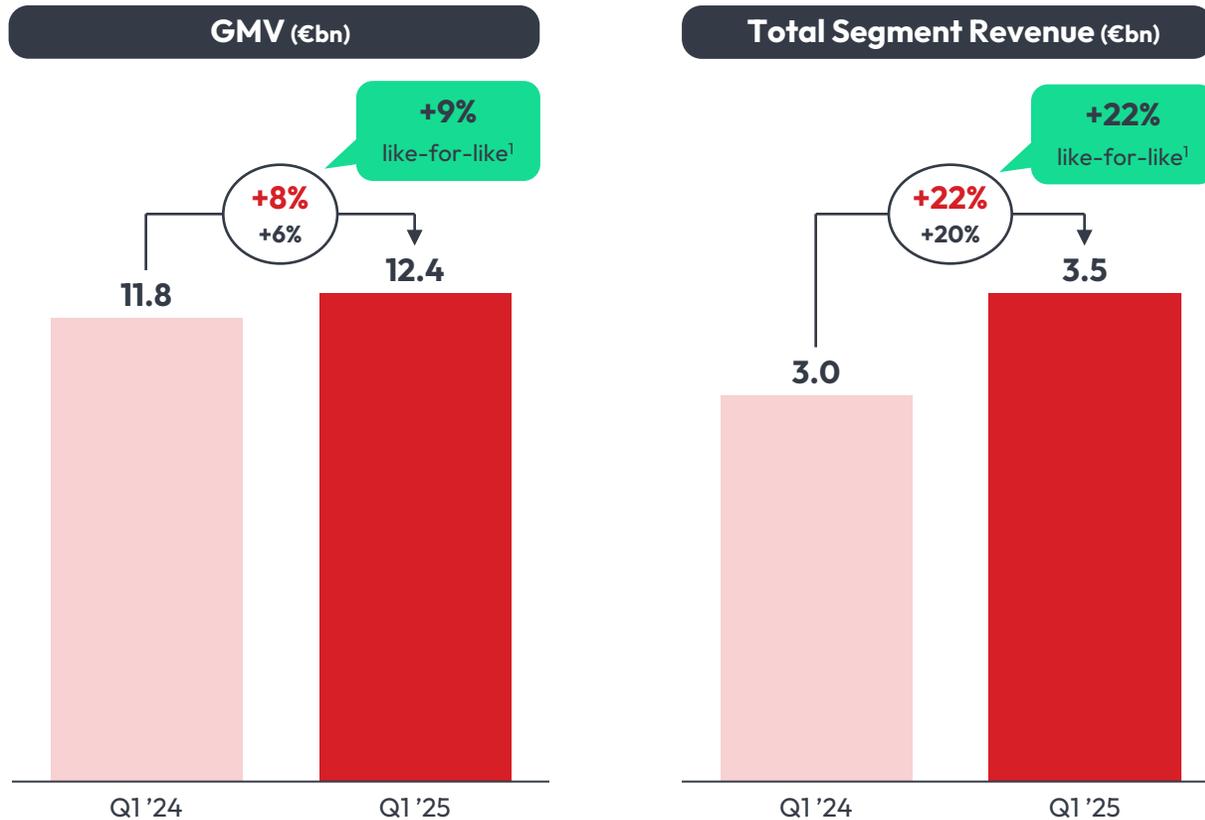
1. In constant currency and excluding effects from hyperinflation accounting. GMV and Revenue growth on a like-for-like (LFL) basis excluding operations the Group exited or divested during FY 2024 (Slovakia, Slovenia, Denmark, Ghana, etc.).

Operational and technology highlights



Glovo Integration All countries 100% migrated to global DH platform by end of Q3 2025, post migration up to +15% log efficiency, +16% ad revenue and +7% search CVR.	15% Increased Logistics Efficiency at Glovo	Woowa Integration Rollout of global logistics platform on track, first cities launched show up to 9% decrease in delivery times and up to 20% higher log efficiency.	20% Increased Logistics Efficiency at Woowa	Delivery Efficiency Improved algorithm reduces riders' waiting time at vendors by 0.7 minutes in 2025, driving up to €41m savings.	41m EUR Savings	
39m EUR Incremental EBITDA	AdTech Improved auction engine and rollout of new ad formats driving €39m adj. EBITDA in 2025.	AI Discovery Leveraging AI for in-app search, recommendations and ranking unlocks more than €100M incremental GMV in 2025.	AI Service AI enabled customer support and automated self service driving €24m savings in 2025, on track to unlock €135m savings until 2027.	AI Content €14m savings from GenAI content optimization and improved content coverage, optimizing 50,000 images every day.	400m EUR Incremental GMV	Vendor Choice Improved delivery area algorithms increase vendor availability, unlocking €400m incr. GMV.
Acquisitions Improved targeting and personalization of acquisition incentives enabling 16% incremental acquisitions at same cost.	16% Increase in Acquisitions YoY	100m EUR incremental GMV	24m EUR Savings	14m EUR Savings	Picking Efficiency Improvements in picker app driving 10% reduction in picking time and costs, saving €10m.	10m EUR Savings

Q1 2025 Delivery Hero Group



Key Highlights

Robust GMV growth of 9% YoY (LFL)¹ on Group level, despite headwinds of 2 percentage points due to calendar effects

GMV outside of Korea growing by 22% YoY (LFL)¹ in Q1 '25, driven by strong order development and growing basket sizes

Total segment revenue growth surpassing GMV development, driven by the roll-out of own delivery, expansion of our AdTech² business, the rising contribution from Dmart, and enhanced monetization efforts

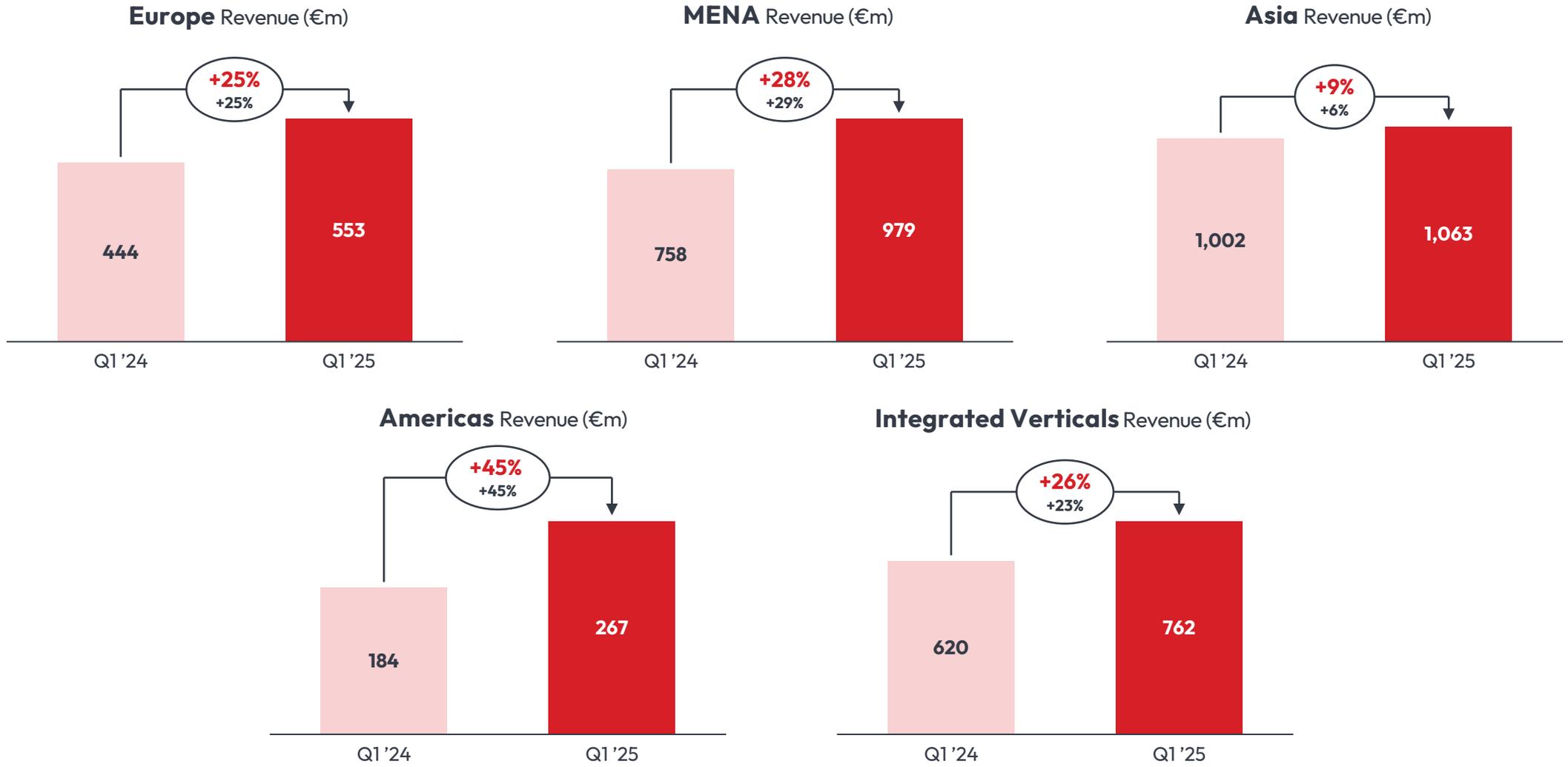
Significant progress on profitability with a further increase in the adjusted EBITDA margin in Q1 '25 compared to the previous year's quarter. Business on track to meet FY '25 guidance

Note: GMV and Revenue figures are in reported currency (RC). YoY growth rates in red are constant currency (CC) and in black reported currency (RC), both growth rates exclude hyperinflation (HI) accounting.

1. GMV growth on a like-for-like basis excluding operations the Group exited or divested during FY 2024 (Slovakia, Slovenia, Denmark, Ghana, etc.).

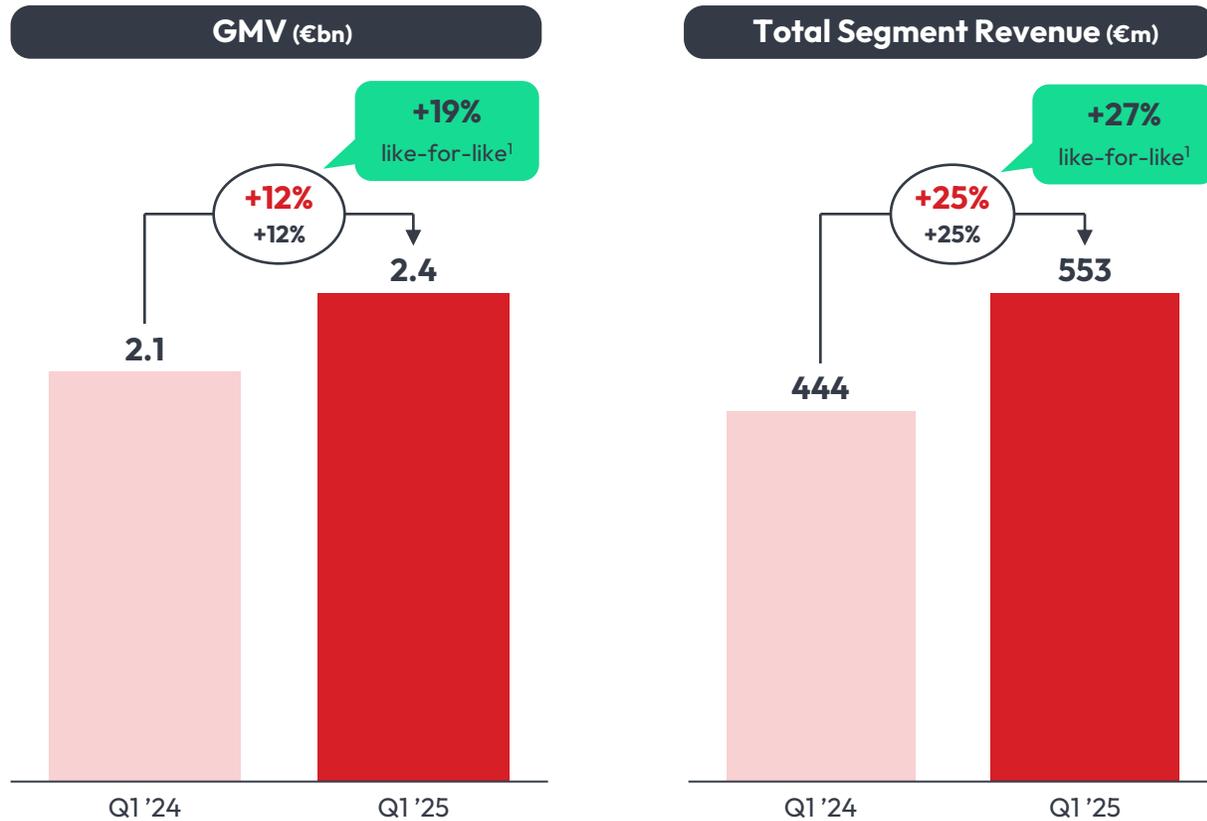
2. AdTech or advertising refers to non-commission based revenues (NCR), which also include other revenues (e.g. merchandise).

Strong revenue growth across all business segments in Q1 2025



Note: Revenue figures are in reported currency (RC) and exclude hyperinflation (HI) accounting. YoY growth rates in red are constant currency (CC) and in black reported currency (RC), both growth rates exclude hyperinflation (HI) accounting.

Q1 2025 Europe Platform business



Key Highlights

Strong GMV growth of 19% YoY (LfL)¹ in Q1 '25, mainly supported by healthy order growth and leading category positions¹

Glovo continued strong top-line performance with double-digit GMV growth YoY

Revenue development accelerated to 27% (LfL)¹, driven by expansion of our logistics service leading to an own-delivery share of 80%

Further progress in AdTech with NCR in the Europe Platform business already achieving >4.0% of GMV in the top-performing country in Q1 '25

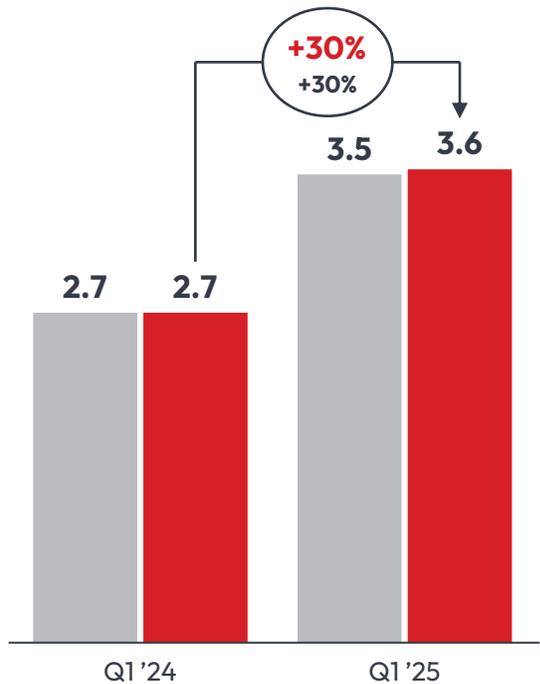
Note: GMV and Revenue figures are in reported currency (RC). YoY growth rates in red are constant currency (CC) and in black reported currency (RC).

1. GMV growth on a like-for-like basis excluding operations the Group exited or divested during FY 2024 (Slovakia, Slovenia, Denmark, Ghana, etc.).

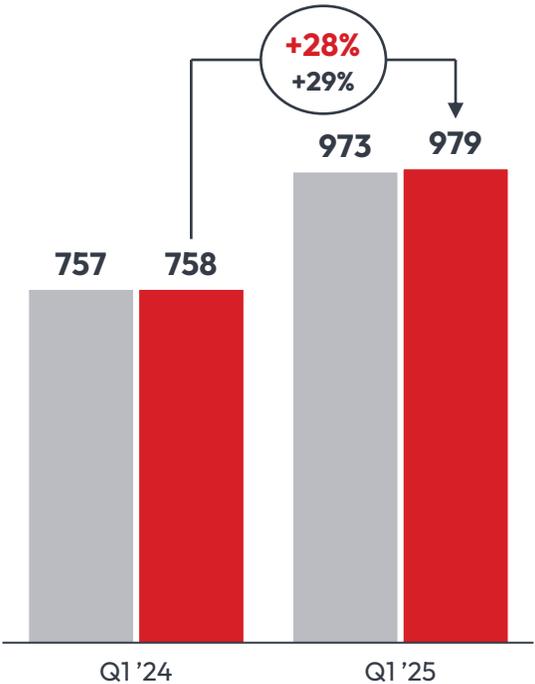
Q1 2025 MENA Platform business



GMV (€bn)



Total Segment Revenue (€m)



Key Highlights

Strong GMV growth of 30% YoY in Q1 '25, driven primarily by robust order development and an excellent category position in all countries

Saudi Arabia achieved order growth of >20% YoY in Q1 '25, overcoming headwinds from the earlier Ramadan. Sustaining clear category leadership through further enhancement in CX. Profitability development slightly ahead of plan

talabat continues to deliver impressive growth and profitability across the region. Q1 '25 results will be released on May 12th

Further adj. EBITDA/GMV margin expansion YoY in Q1 '25 resulted in significant earnings growth in the MENA segment

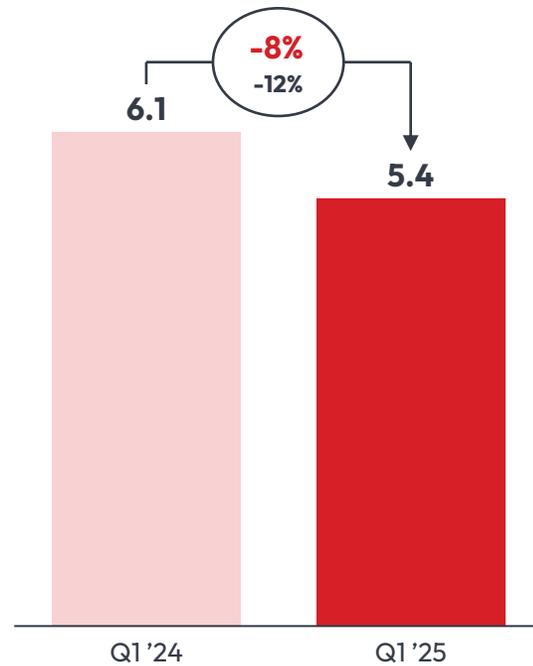
■ incl. hyperinflation accounting ■ excl. hyperinflation accounting

Note: GMV and Revenue figures are in reported currency (RC). YoY growth rates in red are constant currency (CC) and in black reported currency (RC), both growth rates exclude hyperinflation (HI) accounting. GMV, Revenue, adj. EBITDA as well as the respective growth rates in the MENA segment are impacted by operations in Türkiye qualifying as hyperinflationary economies according to IAS 29. In Q1 2025, GMV & Revenue have been retrospectively adjusted with a total impact of -€30.1m and -€5.5m, respectively.

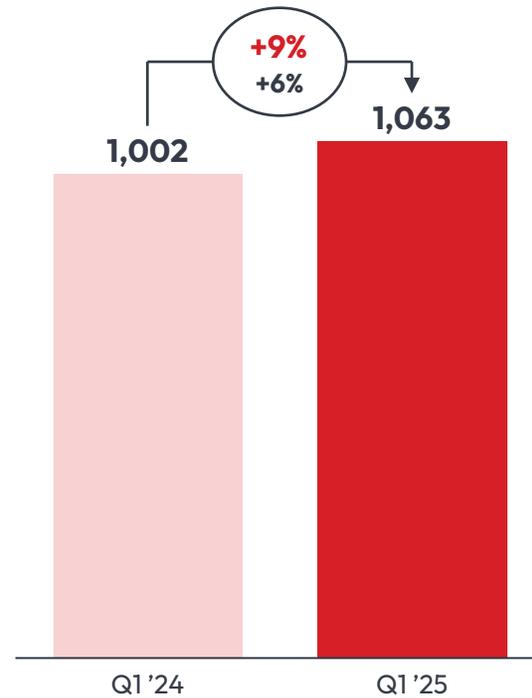
Q1 2025 Asia Platform business



GMV (€bn)



Total Segment Revenue (€m)



Key Highlights

GMV is expected to return to growth during FY '25, driven by multiple initiatives and strong customer acquisitions in recent months. Korea remains impacted by high comparable figures

Revenue growth supported by an accelerated transition to own-delivery, with OD share in Korea showing significant YoY growth in Q1 '25

Enhanced operations and CX in Korea through expansion of subscription with promising user metrics, improved logistics performance, rollout of own-delivery, and full implementation of the new app user interface. **Further initiatives are in the pipeline to unlock growth**

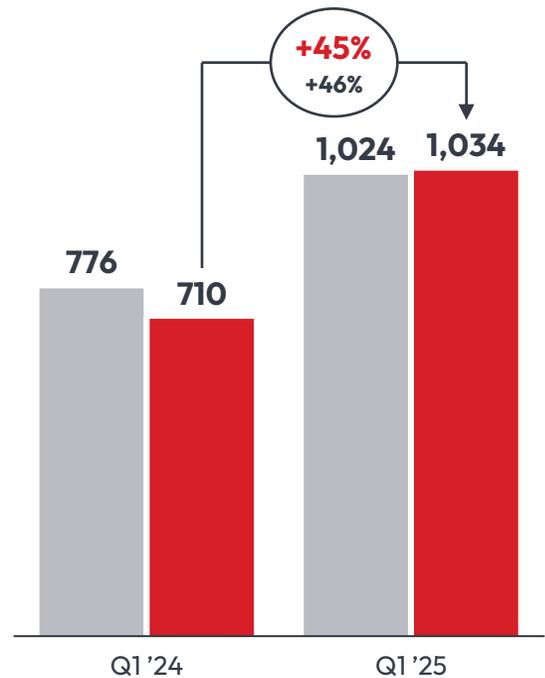
Hong Kong strengthened competitive edge and stabilized category position since H2 '24, with the business now successfully onboarding new vendors and customers

Note: GMV and Revenue figures are in reported currency (RC). YoY growth rates in red are constant currency (CC) and in black reported currency (RC).

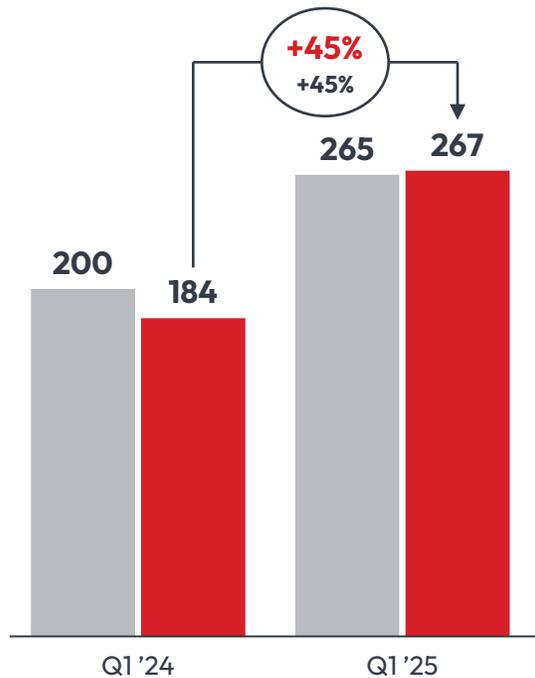
Q1 2025 Americas Platform business



GMV (€m)



Total Segment Revenue (€m)



Key Highlights

- Very strong GMV growth of 45% YoY in Q1 '25** driven by macro-economic recovery in Argentina and ongoing strong performance in the other markets with double-digit order growth
- Further expansion of the Quick Commerce** business and rollout of subscription programs throughout Americas
- Growth in AdTech revenues continued to accelerate** with more untapped potential for future growth
- Continuous improvement in profitability** resulting in further adj. EBITDA growth in Q1 '25

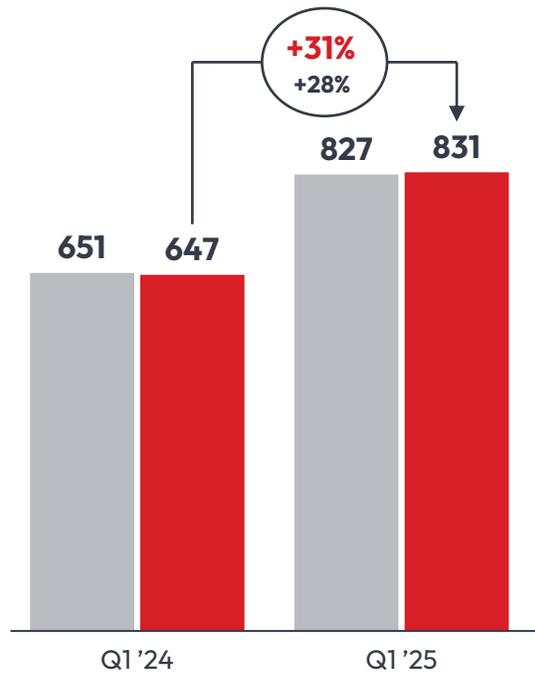
■ incl. hyperinflation accounting ■ excl. hyperinflation accounting

Note: GMV and Revenue figures are in reported currency (RC). YoY growth rates in red are constant currency (CC) and in black reported currency (RC), both growth rates exclude hyperinflation (HI) accounting. GMV, Revenue, adj. EBITDA as well as the respective growth rates of the Americas segment are impacted by operations in Argentina qualifying as hyperinflationary economy according to IAS 29. In Q1 2025, GMV and Segment Revenue have been retrospectively adjusted with a total impact of -€9.4m and -€2.2m, respectively.

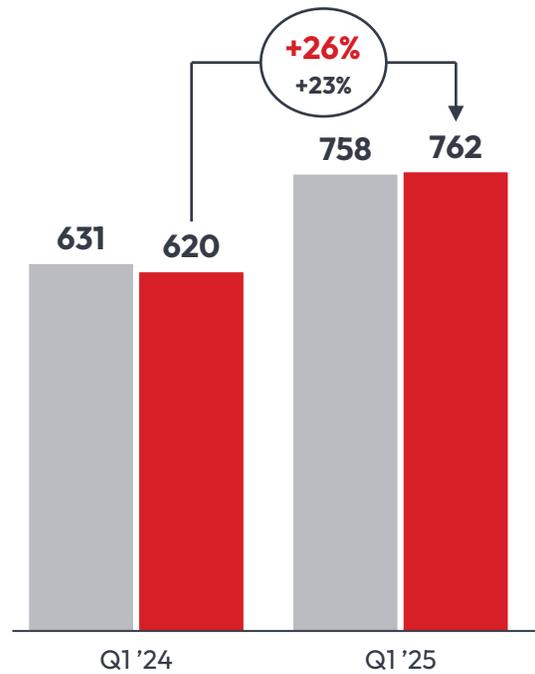
Q1 2025 Integrated Verticals



GMV (€m)



Total Segment Revenue (€m)



Key Highlights

Very good top-line momentum, with GMV growth of 31% YoY, despite reduced Dmarts footprint

Local shops (reported in Platform business), represents the fastest-growing segment within Quick Commerce, with GMV exceeding €1 billion for the first time in Q1 '25, marking an impressive 45% YoY growth

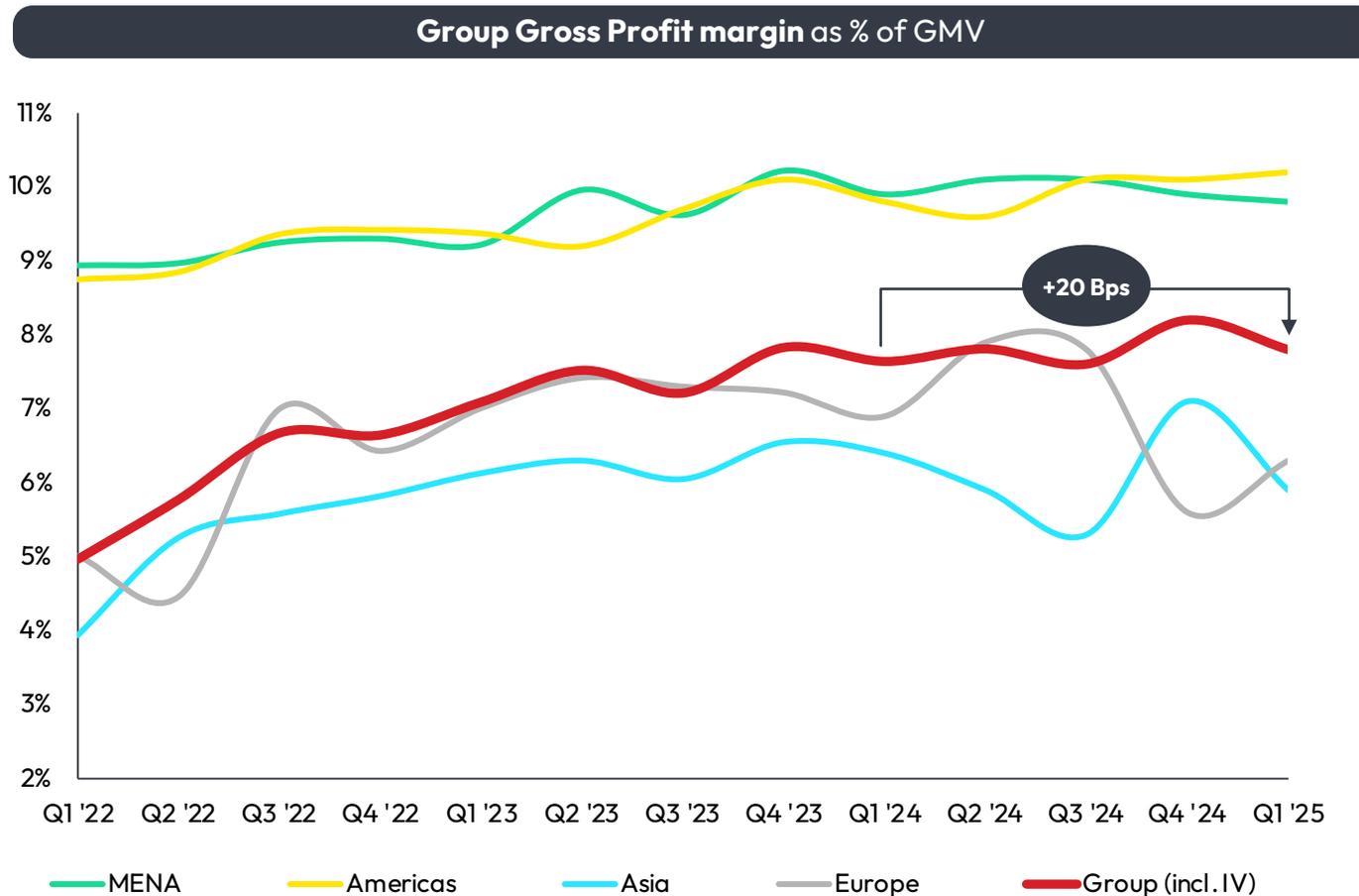
The Gross Profit margin continues to strengthen, driven by higher store utilization, better supplier terms, and the expansion of the AdTech business

Profitability has significantly improved YoY; on track to achieve adj. EBITDA¹ break-even in FY '25

■ incl. hyperinflation accounting ■ excl. hyperinflation accounting

Note: GMV and Revenue figures are in reported currency (RC). YoY growth rates in red are constant currency (CC) and in black reported currency (RC), both growth rates exclude hyperinflation (HI) accounting. GMV, Revenue, adj. EBITDA as well as the respective growth rates of the Integrated Verticals segment are impacted by operations in Argentina and Türkiye qualifying as hyperinflationary economy according to IAS 29. In Q1 2025, GMV & revenues have been retrospectively adjusted with a total impact of -€4.1m and -€3.7m, respectively.
 1. Adj. EBITDA incl. Group costs and excl. hyperinflation accounting.

Gross Profit margin development on Group level



Key Highlights

Gross Profit margin continued to increase by +20 bps YoY

MENA region influenced by the roll-out of OD in Türkiye, with **GP margins across the remainder of the segment maintaining attractive levels**

Americas continues positive trend with **already high Gross Profit margins of around 10%**

Europe affected by legal provisions in Italy in Q4 '24, and the transition to an employment-based model in Spain in Q1 '25

Asia GP margins dropped in Q1 '25 due to new industry-wide tiered commission model¹ and seasonality in Korea. **GP margins expected to increase again in Q2 '25 due to CPO optimization**

AdTech growing by **~35% YoY** enhancing the NCR share to 2.9% of GMV in Q1 '25

Note: The Gross Profit margin shown above differs from IFRS Gross Profit, mainly because the former excludes vouchers and includes them in marketing spending, whereas the latter recognizes vouchers as revenue reduction. To ensure better comparability of the historical segment development, the Digital Service Tax has been reclassified as an operating expense rather than a cost of goods sold in the illustration above. AdTech or advertising refers to non-commission based revenues (NCR) which also include other revenues (e.g. merchandise).

1. For further information, please refer to the announcement from November 14th, 2024: [Link](#)

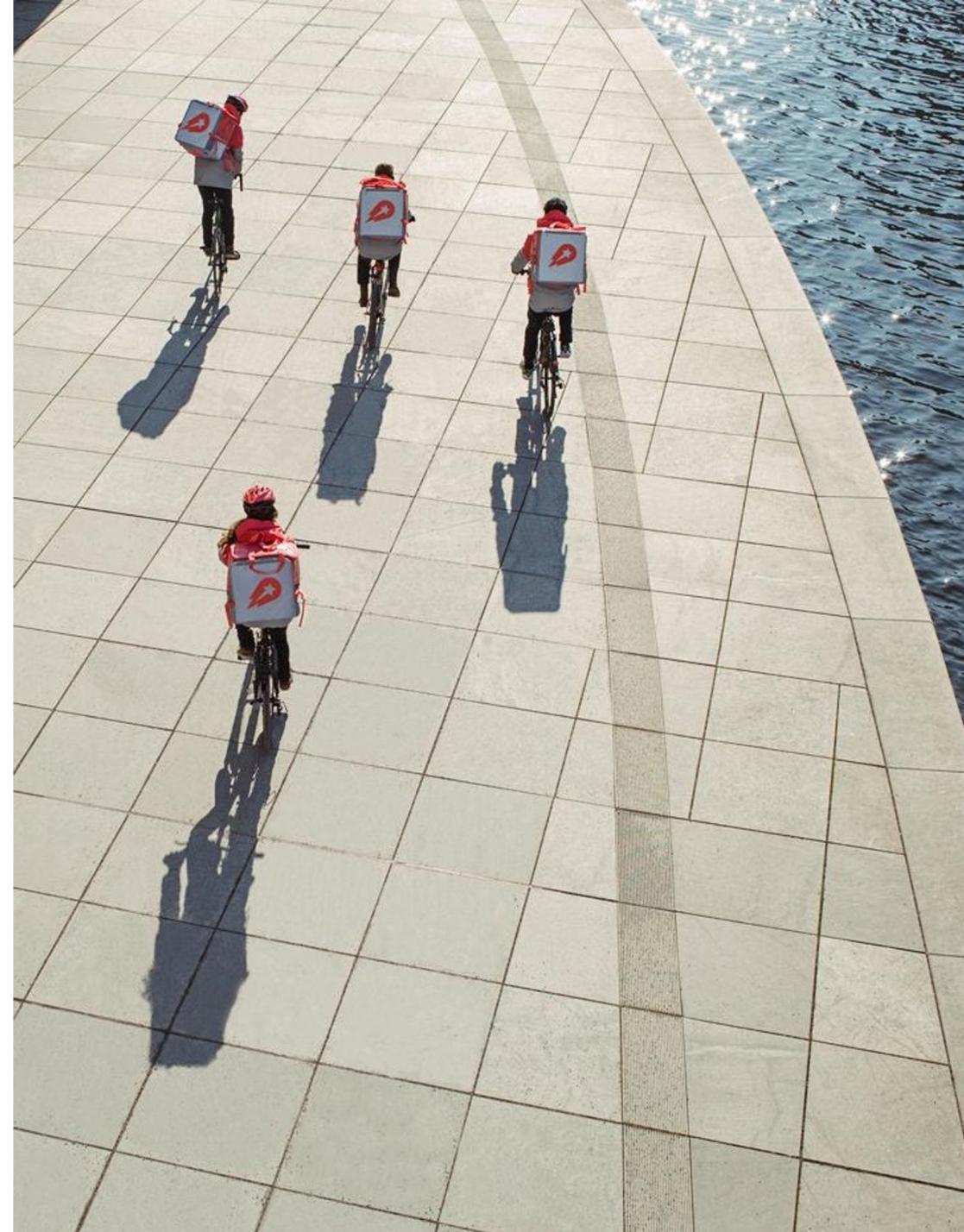
Table of contents

01 Trading Update

02 Annual Results

03 Outlook

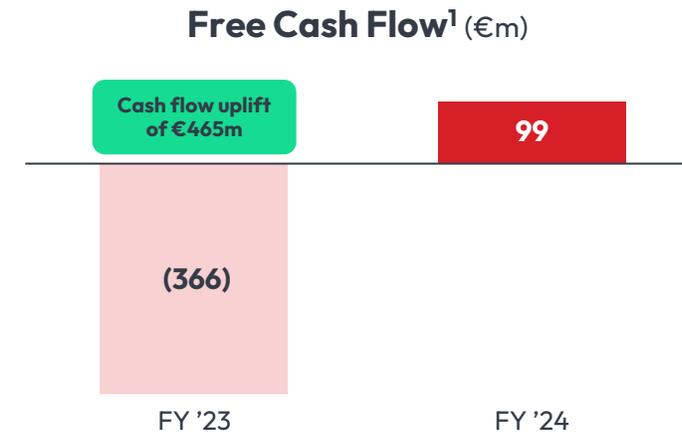
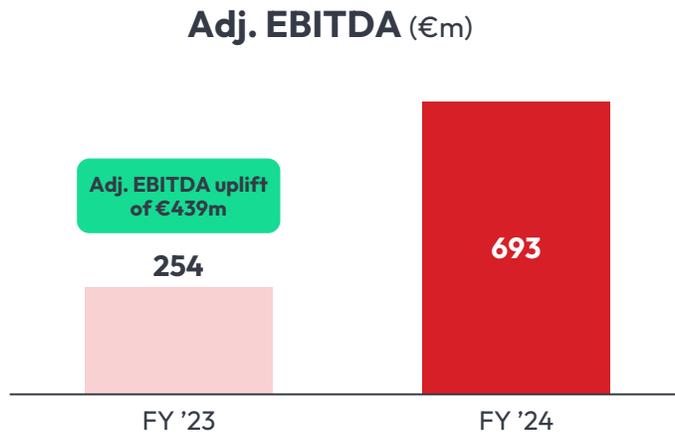
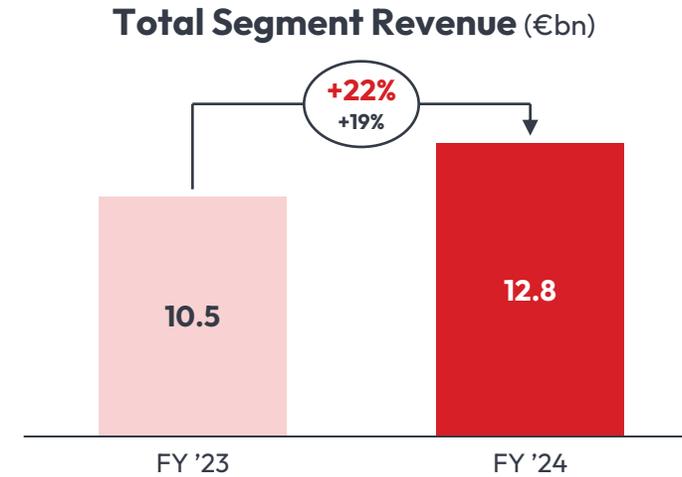
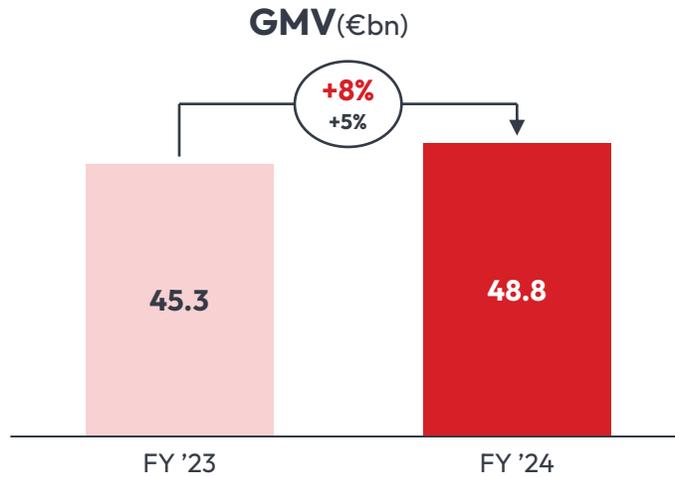
04 Appendix





Annual Results

Significant earnings growth and positive free cash flow in FY 2024

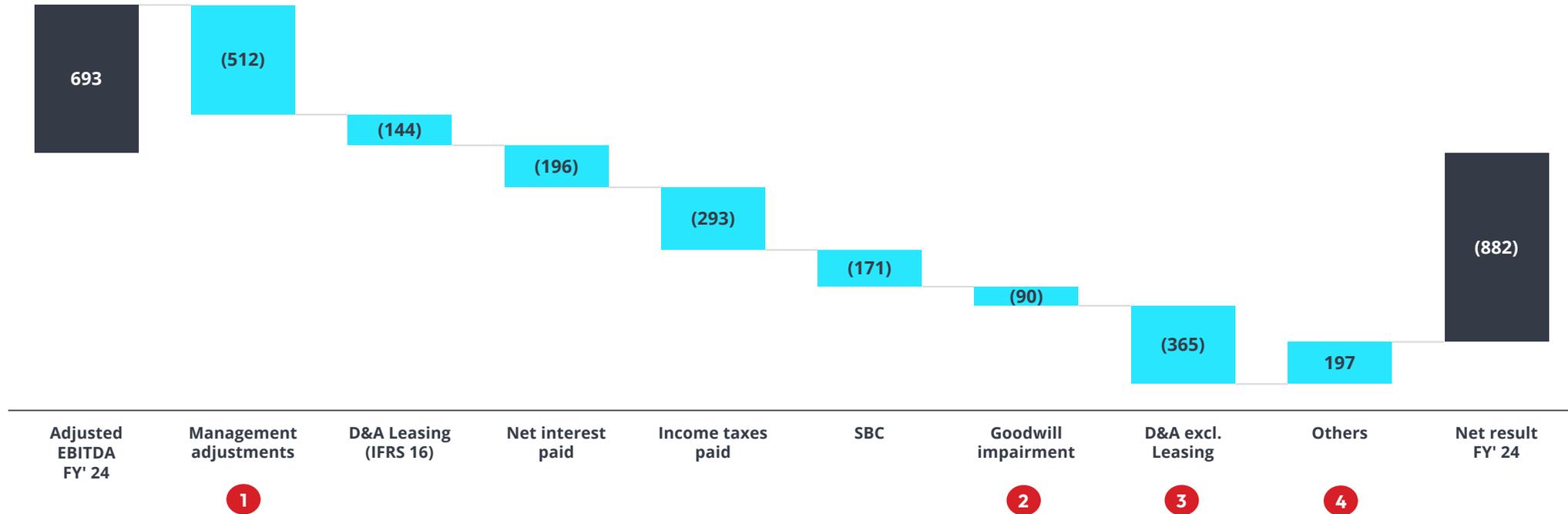


Note: GMV and Revenue figures are in reported currency (RC). YoY growth rates in red are constant currency (CC) and in black reported currency (RC), both growth rates exclude hyperinflation (HI) accounting.
 1. Free Cash Flow as per old definition is calculated as cash flow from operations (changes in WC exclude receivables from payment service providers and restaurant liabilities) less capital expenditures and payment of lease liabilities. Free Cash Flow excludes interest income and expense.

Net result in FY 2024



Values in €m



Comment

- 1 **Management adjustments** include expenses for services related to corporate transactions and financing measures (€81m) including expenses related to the talabat group listing process, expenses for reorganization and other restructuring measures (€39m), and certain legal matters (€392m)
- 2 **Goodwill impairment** is driven by reviewed growth and margin assessment, and relates to the APAC business
- 3 **D&A** includes depreciation, amortization and other impairments, other than goodwill impairment
- 4 **Others** mainly includes the derivative for the breakup fee related to the Taiwan deal (€221m), fair value remeasurement of investments & derivatives (€64m) and net FX gains (€18m), which are partially offset by the amortization of financial liabilities in connection with the convertible bonds and term loans (effective interest method)

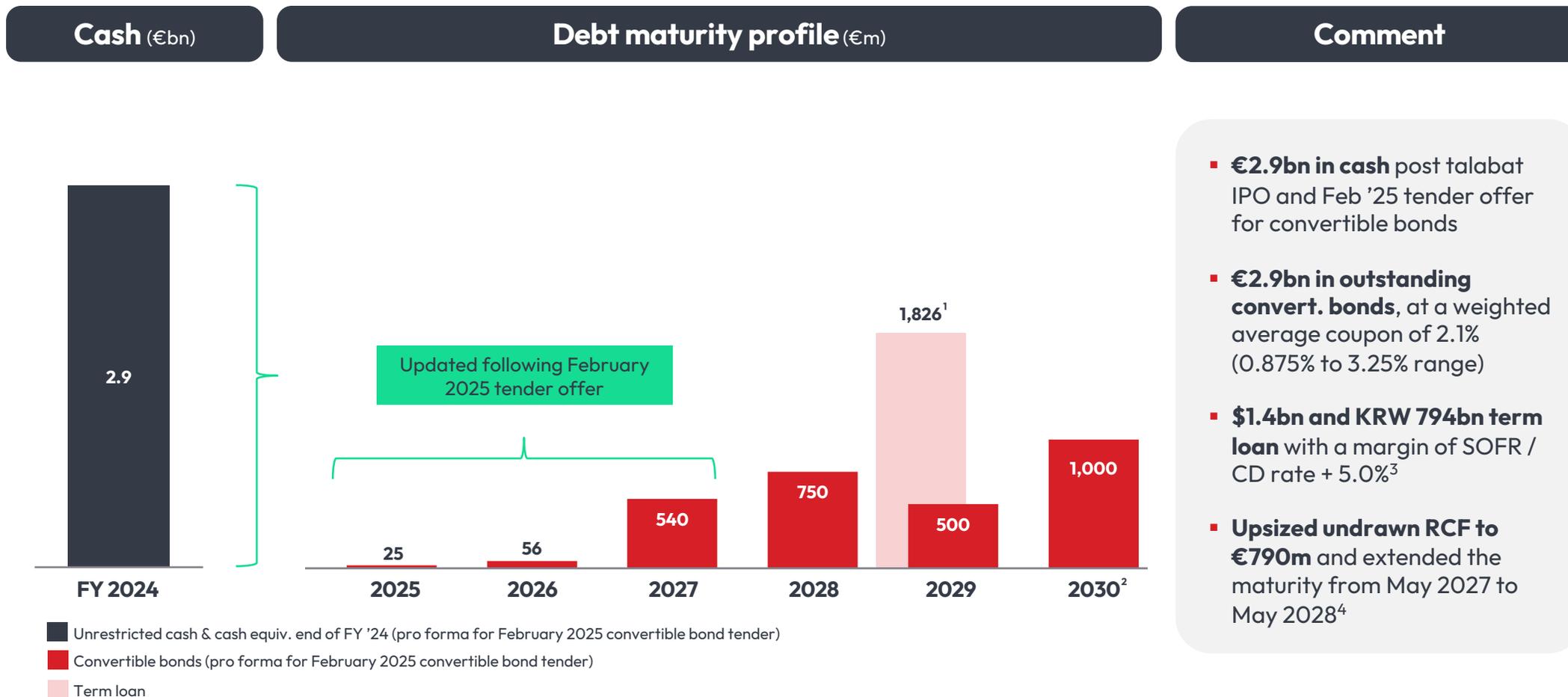
Material improvement across most metrics since 2022



(in % of GMV)	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	Change YoY in €	Non-cash items
Adj. EBITDA	(1.1)%	0.6%	1.4%	+439	
Management adjustments	(0.5)%	(0.3)%	(1.0)%	-364	Antitrust and rider-related provisions, talabat IPO costs
o/w corporate finance, financing and legal matters	(0.4)%	(0.1)%	(0.8)%	-352	
o/w reorganization measures	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	25	
o/w services related to corporate transactions	-	(0.1)%	(0.2)%	-38	SBC declined by 31% YoY
Share-based comp. (SBC)	(0.8)%	(0.5)%	(0.4)%	76	Yes
Other reconciliation items	(1.9)%	(2.0)%	0.3%	1,046	
o/w goodwill impairment	(1.8)%	(1.9)%	(0.2)%	768	Yes
EBITDA	(4.2)%	(2.3)%	0.3%	+1,198	
D&A	(1.1)%	(1.4)%	(1.0)%	118	Yes ¹
o/w Yemeksepeti brand impairment	-	(0.3)%	-	-	Yes
EBIT	(5.4)%	(3.7)%	(0.7)%	+1,316	
Financial result	(1.3)%	(1.1)%	(0.4)%	305	
o/w fair value losses of public & private investments	(1.5)%	(0.4)%	0.1%	207	Yes
Taxes	(0.3)%	(0.3)%	(0.7)%	-197	
Net result	(7.0)%	(5.1)%	(1.8)%	+1,423	

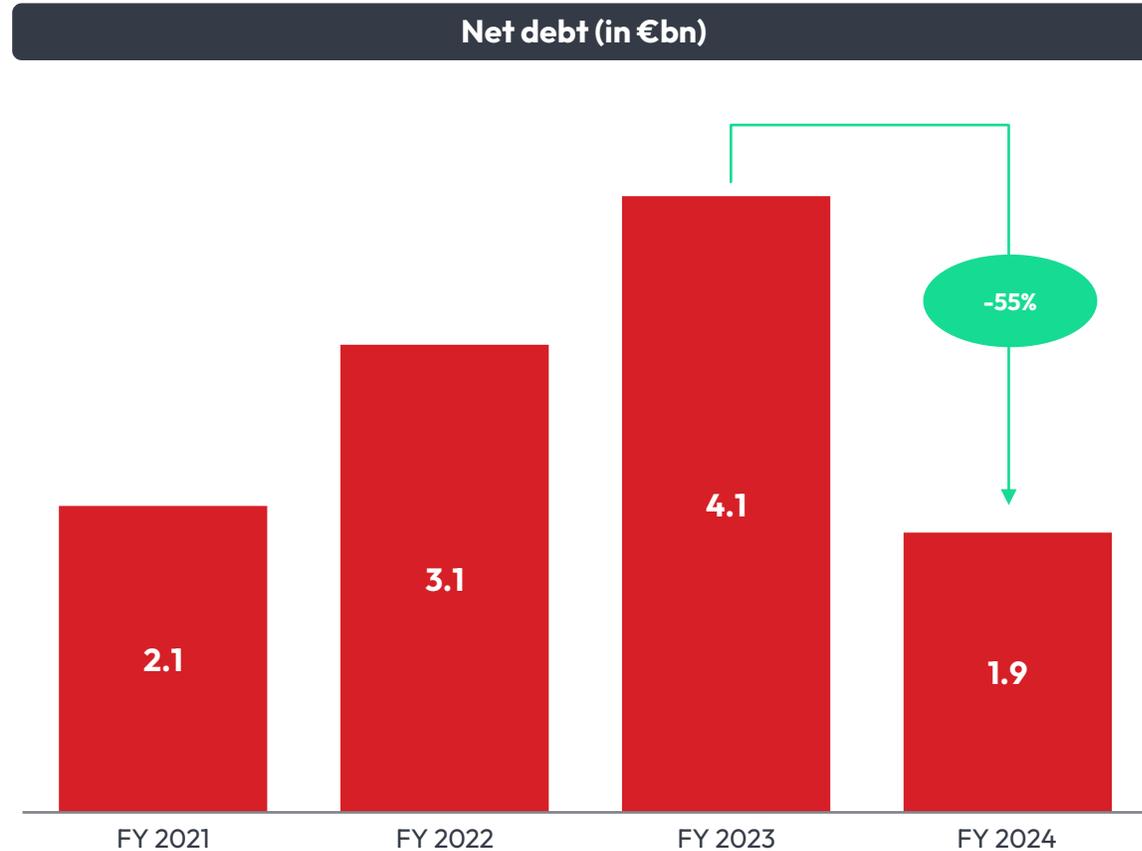
1. D&A for Leasing (IFRS 16) is a cash-relevant item.

Large cash balance combined with a balanced debt maturity profile



Note: In Q1 2025, Delivery Hero used Talabat IPO proceeds for deleveraging and repurchased in aggregate principal amount of the convertible bonds due in 2025, 2026 and 2027 of €895.9 million.
 1. Includes KRW 794bn principal and US\$1,353m principal (at FX rates of 1,530.5 and 1.035, respectively, as of 31 December 2024) | 2. 2030 convertible bond has an investor put option in August 2028 | 3. Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) and Certificate of Deposit (CD) | 4. As of Dec 31, 2024, the RCF of €600m was utilized by way of ancillary guarantee and letter of credit facilities amounted to €268.5m; under those ancillary facilities, as of Dec 31, 2024, guarantees and letters of credit were issued in the amount of €231.4m. The RCF and the instruments issued under the ancillary facilities were fully undrawn as of Dec 31, 2024. In April 2025, the aggregated principal amount of the RCF was increased by additional €190m, resulting in a total RCF amount of €790m the maturity was extended from May 2027 to May 2028.

Significant reduction in net debt



Comments

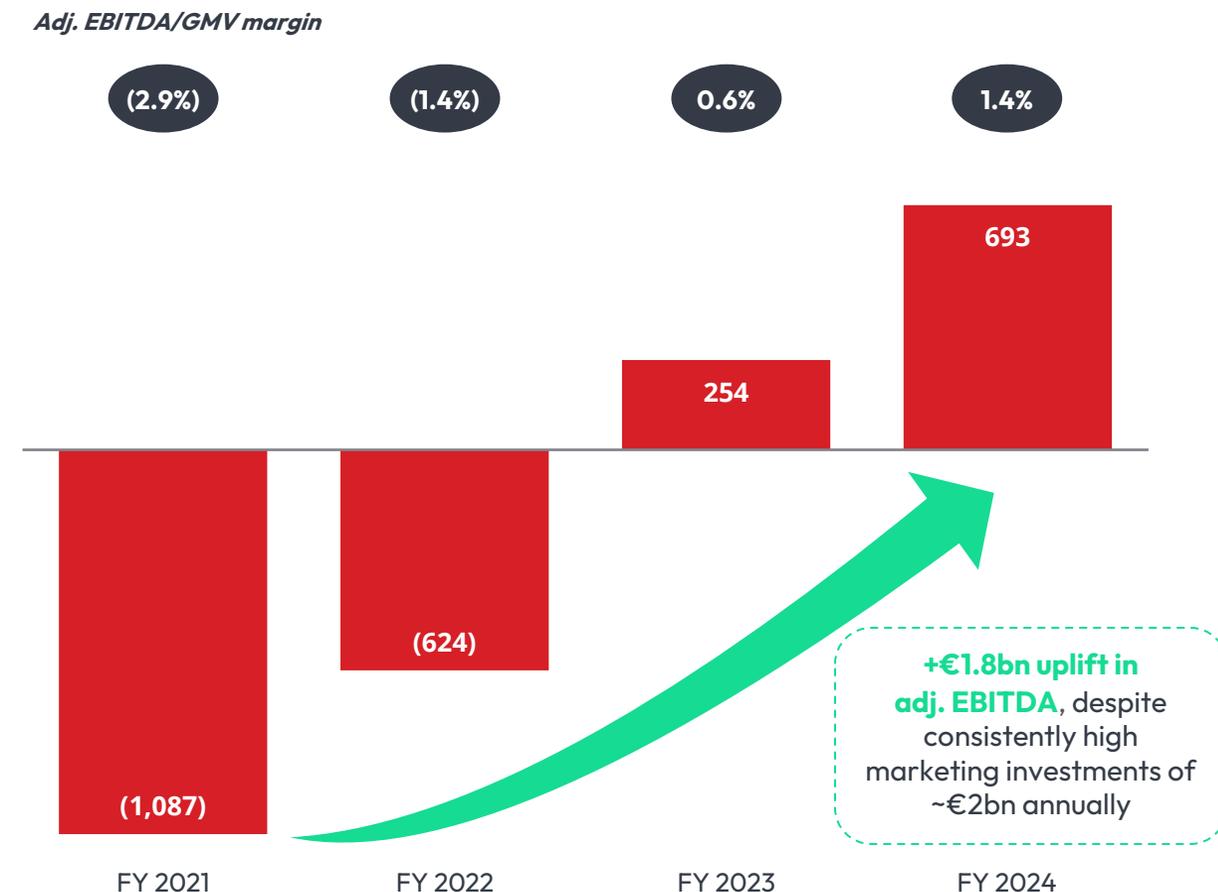
- talabat **IPO proceeds of €1.8bn** boosted cash position to €3.8bn, **reducing the net debt** position by ~55% YoY **to €1.9bn** (end of FY '24)
- **Leverage ratio declined to 2.7x** net debt to adjusted EBITDA in FY '24
- **Proceeds from termination fee of \$242m** (Taiwan transaction) received in April '25 to further decrease our leverage
- **Bought back Convertible Bonds** for a nominal value of €896m during Feb and Mar '25 as well as €608m during FY '24
- **Substantial cash flow generation** over the coming years expected to **reduce net debt and leverage** further

Note: Net debt is defined as the nominal value of convertible bonds, term loans and other debt (€5.7bn) less cash and cash equivalents (€3.8bn).

Strong earnings trajectory and further margin expansion in FY 2024



Adj. EBITDA on Group level (in €m)



Comments

- **Continue to focus on growth, profitability, and cash generation** while strengthening our operations in competitive markets
- **Adj. EBITDA margin has improved by ~1pp per year** and is expected to continue expanding further until it reaches our adj. EBITDA margin target of 5-8% of GMV in FY 2030
- **Achieved FCF¹ of ~€100m in FY 2024** and anticipate generating substantial FCF growth in the years ahead

Note: Numbers including Glovo on a pro-forma basis from FY 2021 onwards.

1. Free Cash Flow as per old definition is calculated as cash flow from operations (changes in WC exclude receivables from payment service providers and restaurant liabilities) less capital expenditures and payment of lease liabilities. Free Cash Flow excludes interest income and expense.

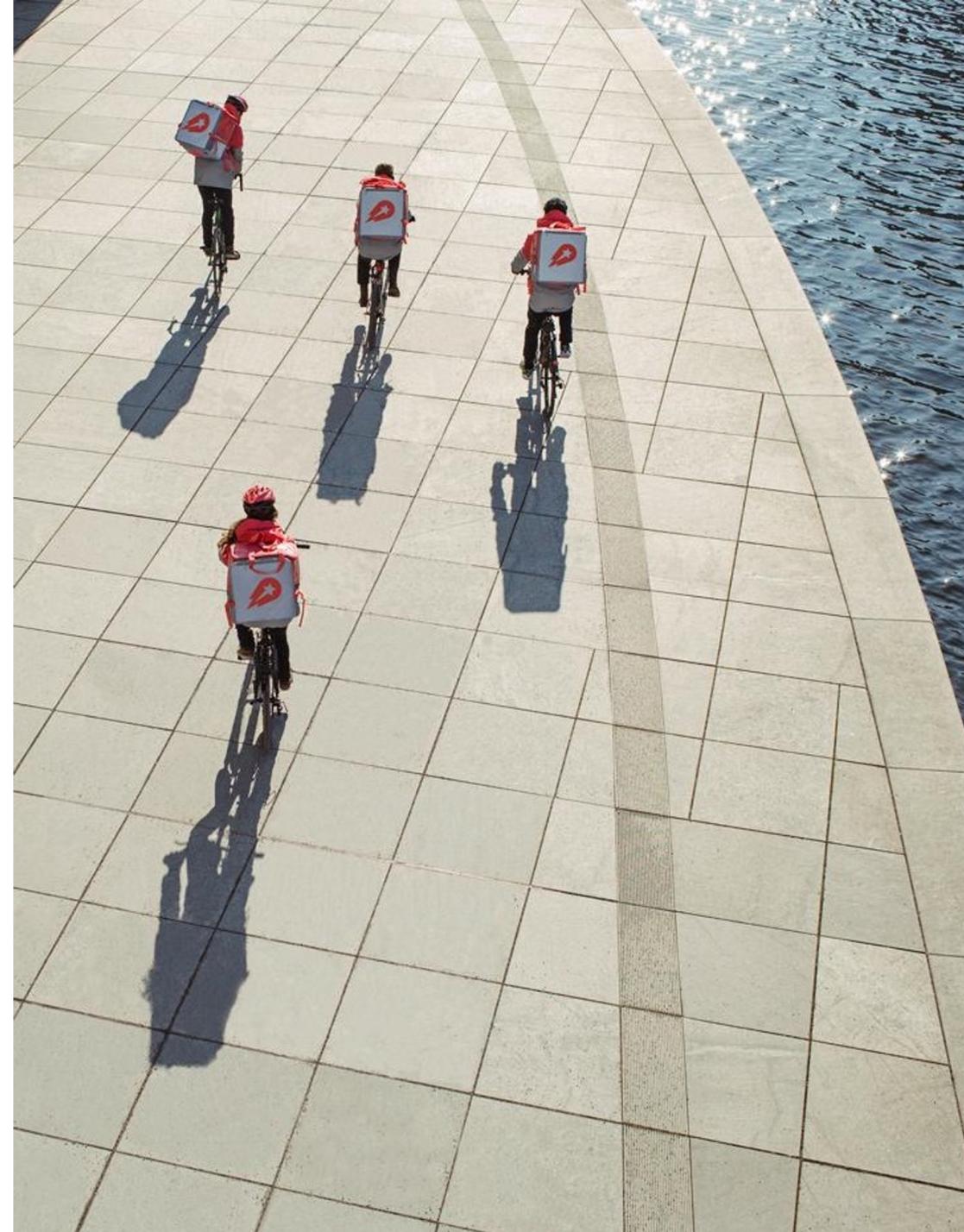
Table of contents

01 Trading Update

02 Annual Results

03 Outlook

04 Appendix



Delivery Hero Group confirms outlook for FY 2025



GMV

8-10% YoY

**Total Segment
Revenue**

17-19% YoY

Adj. EBITDA

€975-1,025m

Free Cash Flow

>€200m¹

Note: GMV and Total Segment Revenue in constant currency and excluding hyperinflation accounting. Adj. EBITDA and FCF in reported currency and including hyperinflation accounting. Free Cash Flow is calculated as cash flow from operating activities as stated in the IFRS Statement of Cash Flows less net capital expenditures, and payment of lease liabilities. Free Cash Flow excludes interest income and expense.

1. The Free Cash Flow guidance for FY 2025 excludes extraordinary cash outflows related to ongoing legal disputes (e.g., EU antitrust and Glovo Spain) and extraordinary cash inflows from M&A breakup fees.

Our long-term ambitions



Growth

Achieve >€200bn GMV
in the long-term



Leadership

#1 player in
all markets¹



Innovation

#1 preferred
delivery app¹



Profitability

Achieve 5–8% adj.
EBITDA/GMV margin²
by 2030

We plan to **grow our GMV substantially**, invest in tech & innovation to **further expand our leadership** as the **#1 delivery player globally**, and **achieve highly attractive margins and cash flows**

1. Referring to the current portfolio of countries & verticals.
2. On Group level, including both Platform and Integrated Verticals.

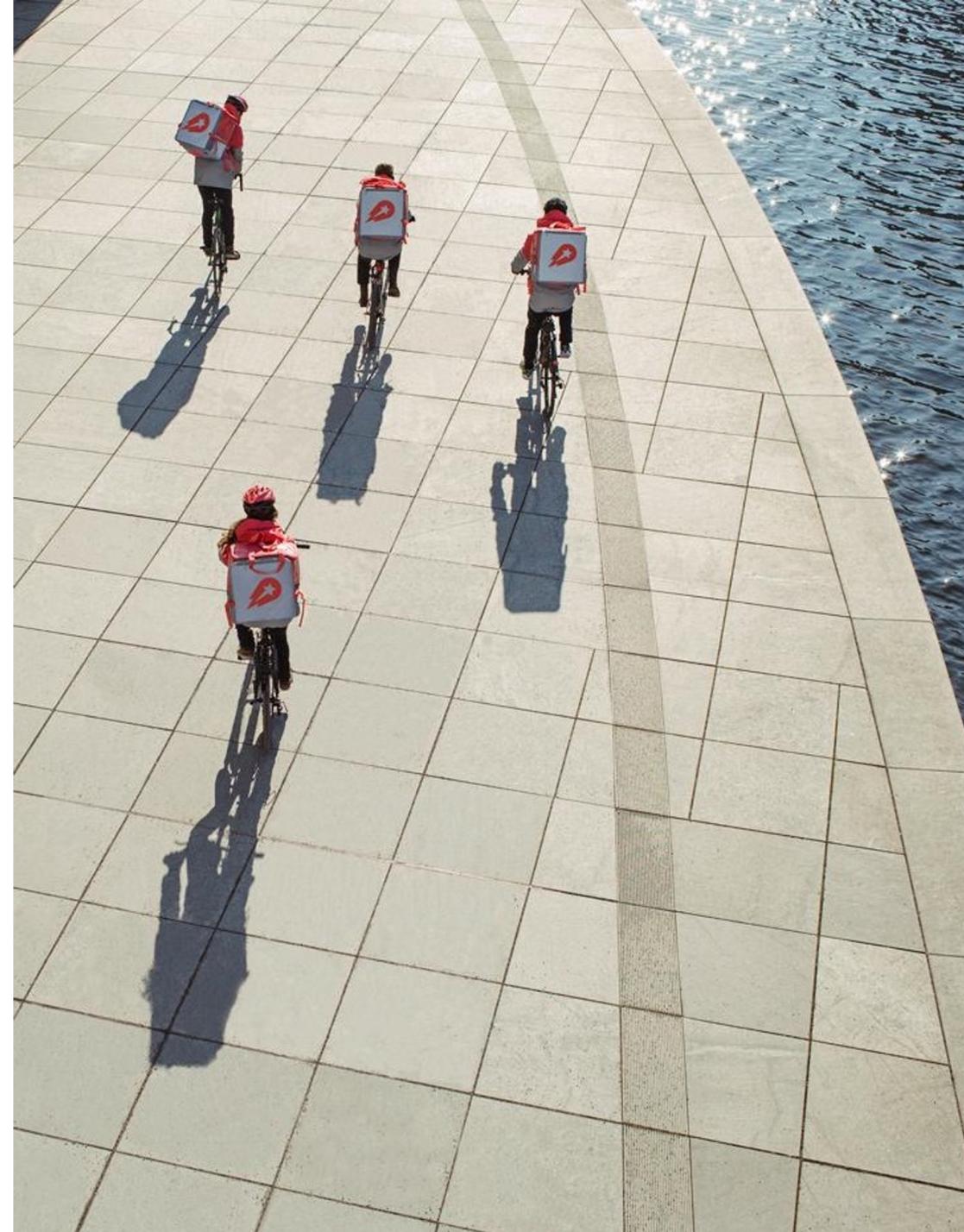
Table of contents

01 Trading Update

02 Annual Results

03 Outlook

04 Appendix



Delivery Hero KPIs



in €m	2023						2024						2025	
	Q1	Q2	H1	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	Q2	H1	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	
Delivery Hero Group														
GMV	11,198.9	11,083.8	22,282.7	11,693.4	11,299.1	45,275.2	11,788.9	11,897.6	23,686.5	12,249.3	12,818.2	48,754.0	12,372.5	
% YoY Growth (RC)	1.5%	2.9%	2.2%	2.1%	-0.5%	1.5%	5.3%	7.3%	6.3%	4.8%	13.4%	7.7%	5.0%	
% YoY Growth (CC)	2.1%	8.1%	5.1%	8.6%	3.3%	5.5%	8.9%	9.5%	9.2%	7.8%	16.1%	10.6%	6.7%	
GMV excl. HI adj.						12,288.4	47,631.2	12,135.7	12,064.7	24,200.4	12,607.9	12,828.8	49,637.1	12,621.4
% YoY Growth (CC), excl. HI adj.						6.7%	6.8%	8.4%	7.4%	7.9%	9.3%	8.2%	8.3%	7.6%
Total Segment Revenue	2,494.2	2,581.4	5,075.6	2,712.9	2,674.7	10,463.2	2,956.8	3,086.8	6,043.7	3,234.5	3,518.2	12,796.4	3,523.3	
% YoY Growth (RC)	11.8%	11.0%	11.4%	8.6%	5.5%	9.1%	18.5%	19.6%	19.1%	19.2%	31.5%	22.3%	19.2%	
% YoY Growth (CC)	12.2%	16.2%	14.3%	16.2%	10.5%	13.8%	22.2%	21.8%	22.0%	22.6%	34.3%	25.3%	20.6%	
Total Segment Revenue excl. HI adj.						2,984.6	11,094.2	3,025.7	3,121.6	6,147.3	3,328.3	3,507.1	12,982.6	3,576.3
% YoY Growth (CC), excl. HI adj.						15.7%	15.7%	21.2%	19.6%	20.4%	24.2%	22.6%	21.9%	21.9%
Intersegment consolidation	(55.3)	(56.0)	(111.3)	(85.6)	(69.5)	(266.4)	(78.1)	(88.7)	(166.8)	(84.5)	(93.2)	(344.5)	(89.6)	
Adj. EBITDA			9.2			253.6			240.6			692.5		
EBITDA Margin % (GMV)			0.0%			0.6%			1.0%			1.4%		
Europe														
GMV	1,809.5	1,836.9	3,646.5	1,819.5	2,044.1	7,510.0	2,132.4	2,176.7	4,309.1	2,185.0	2,384.6	8,878.7	2,385.2	
% YoY Growth (RC)	13.4%	15.0%	14.2%	13.4%	15.3%	14.3%	17.8%	18.5%	18.2%	20.1%	16.7%	18.2%	11.9%	
% YoY Growth (CC)	14.9%	17.0%	16.0%	15.3%	16.3%	15.9%	18.6%	19.2%	18.9%	20.8%	17.4%	19.0%	11.9%	
Segment Revenue	351.5	378.0	729.5	369.9	422.9	1,522.4	444.1	460.8	904.9	467.8	519.3	1,891.9	553.3	
% YoY Growth (RC)	9.7%	14.7%	12.2%	18.3%	18.7%	15.4%	26.3%	21.9%	24.0%	26.4%	22.8%	24.3%	24.6%	
% YoY Growth (CC)	11.6%	17.2%	14.5%	20.9%	20.1%	17.5%	27.5%	22.9%	25.1%	27.3%	23.8%	25.3%	24.7%	
Adj. EBITDA			(98.3)			(168.2)			(39.6)			(77.0)		
EBITDA Margin % (GMV)			(2.7)%			(2.2)%			(0.9)%			(0.9)%		
MENA														
GMV	2,254.8	2,315.0	4,569.8	2,716.3	2,673.1	9,959.3	2,745.2	3,169.0	5,914.2	3,204.9	3,706.8	12,825.9	3,548.0	
% YoY Growth (RC)	16.7%	14.9%	15.8%	20.2%	14.5%	16.6%	21.7%	36.9%	29.4%	18.0%	38.7%	28.8%	29.2%	
% YoY Growth (CC)	16.0%	20.6%	18.3%	31.3%	21.9%	22.7%	24.1%	39.0%	31.6%	22.5%	41.9%	31.9%	29.4%	
Segment Revenue	593.9	640.6	1,234.4	723.5	742.9	2,700.8	757.1	871.3	1,628.4	891.3	1,008.1	3,527.8	973.2	
% YoY Growth (RC)	20.9%	24.4%	22.7%	21.8%	20.2%	21.7%	27.5%	36.0%	31.9%	23.2%	35.7%	30.6%	28.5%	
% YoY Growth (CC)	18.6%	29.2%	24.0%	32.3%	27.3%	27.1%	29.4%	36.7%	33.2%	26.5%	37.3%	32.6%	27.4%	
Adj. EBITDA			111.5			304.6			209.7			472.9		
EBITDA Margin % (GMV)			2.4%			3.1%			3.5%			3.7%		

Note:

For Group, Europe, MENA, Americas and Integrated Verticals, Revenues, adj. EBITDA, Gross Merchandise Value (GMV) as well as the respective growth rates are impacted by the Argentine, Ghanaian, Lebanese and/or Turkish operations qualifying as hyperinflationary economies according to IAS 29.

RC = Reported Currency / CC = Constant Currency.

Difference between Total Segment Revenue and the sum of segment revenues is mainly due to intersegment consolidation adjustments for services charged by the Platform businesses to the Integrated Verticals businesses.

Delivery Hero KPIs



in €m	2023						2024						2025
	Q1	Q2	H1	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	Q2	H1	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1
Asia													
GMV	6,462.1	6,181.1	12,643.2	6,385.6	6,325.5	25,354.2	6,135.7	5,691.3	11,827.0	5,962.2	5,618.3	23,407.4	5,414.9
% YoY Growth (RC)	-7.0%	-4.8%	-5.9%	-6.2%	-5.1%	-5.8%	-5.1%	-7.9%	-6.5%	-6.6%	-11.2%	-7.7%	-11.7%
% YoY Growth (CC)	-5.8%	1.6%	-2.2%	0.3%	-1.9%	-1.5%	-0.1%	-5.3%	-2.6%	-3.5%	-8.2%	-4.2%	-8.4%
Segment Revenue	924.1	907.3	1,831.4	929.4	968.6	3,729.3	1,002.4	966.7	1,969.1	1,053.3	1,049.5	4,071.9	1,063.2
% YoY Growth (RC)	-0.4%	-3.3%	-1.8%	-4.2%	0.1%	-2.0%	8.5%	6.5%	7.5%	13.3%	8.4%	9.2%	6.1%
% YoY Growth (CC)	1.0%	3.2%	2.1%	3.4%	4.3%	3.0%	14.0%	9.5%	11.8%	16.8%	11.4%	12.9%	9.5%
Adj. EBITDA			173.7			385.0			157.1			385.1	
EBITDA Margin % (GMV)			1.4%			1.5%			1.3%			1.6%	
Americas													
GMV	672.5	750.8	1,423.3	772.0	256.4	2,451.7	775.6	860.6	1,636.2	897.3	1,108.6	3,642.0	1,024.4
% YoY Growth (RC)	20.5%	11.3%	15.5%	-1.0%	-55.8%	-5.4%	15.3%	14.6%	15.0%	16.2%	332.4%	48.6%	32.1%
% YoY Growth (CC)	16.9%	11.2%	13.8%	1.5%	-52.1%	-4.6%	18.8%	16.9%	17.8%	19.3%	336.7%	51.6%	31.5%
Segment Revenue	176.6	195.8	372.4	201.9	76.7	651.0	200.4	223.3	423.6	234.1	281.9	939.6	265.0
% YoY Growth (RC)	18.3%	10.1%	13.8%	-0.2%	-49.6%	-4.5%	13.4%	14.0%	13.7%	15.9%	267.4%	44.3%	32.3%
% YoY Growth (CC)	14.7%	9.9%	12.1%	2.4%	-45.8%	-3.7%	17.2%	16.7%	16.9%	19.2%	271.7%	47.7%	31.7%
Adj. EBITDA			(53.4)			(49.9)			(13.0)			10.3	
EBITDA Margin % (GMV)			(3.7)%			(2.0)%			(0.8)%			0.3%	
Integrated Verticals													
GMV	531.0	542.2	1,073.2	602.6	548.6	2,224.4	650.6	693.1	1,343.6	740.4	820.7	2,904.7	826.6
% YoY Growth (RC)	24.6%	18.8%	21.6%	21.4%	5.3%	17.1%	22.5%	27.8%	25.2%	22.9%	49.6%	30.6%	27.1%
% YoY Growth (CC)	26.2%	25.9%	26.1%	31.5%	12.0%	23.6%	26.6%	30.7%	28.6%	28.2%	54.9%	35.1%	29.8%
Segment Revenue	503.4	515.7	1,019.1	573.8	533.1	2,126.1	631.0	653.6	1,284.5	672.7	752.6	2,709.8	758.3
% YoY Growth (RC)	29.6%	24.5%	26.9%	21.2%	8.7%	20.3%	25.3%	26.7%	26.0%	17.2%	41.2%	27.5%	20.2%
% YoY Growth (CC)	31.3%	32.0%	31.7%	31.3%	15.4%	27.1%	29.4%	30.1%	29.8%	22.4%	46.4%	32.0%	22.8%
Adj. EBITDA			(124.3)			(217.9)			(73.7)			(98.7)	
EBITDA Margin % (GMV)			(11.6)%			(9.8)%			(5.5)%			(3.4)%	

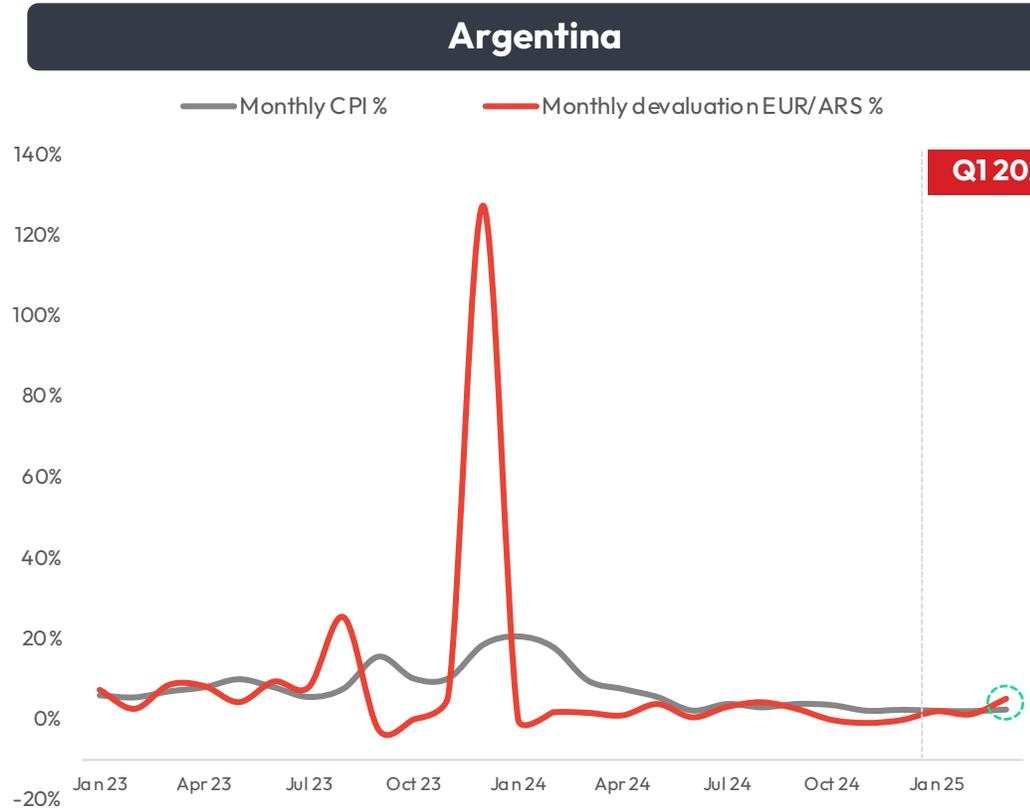
Note:

GMV in the Integrated Verticals segment is accounted for in the respective regional Platform segments. It is shown in the table above in the Integrated Verticals segment for illustrative purposes only.

For Group, Europe, MENA, Americas and Integrated Verticals, Revenues, adj. EBITDA, Gross Merchandise Value (GMV) as well as the respective growth rates are impacted by the Argentine, Ghanaian, Lebanese and/or Turkish operations qualifying as hyperinflationary economies according to IAS 29.

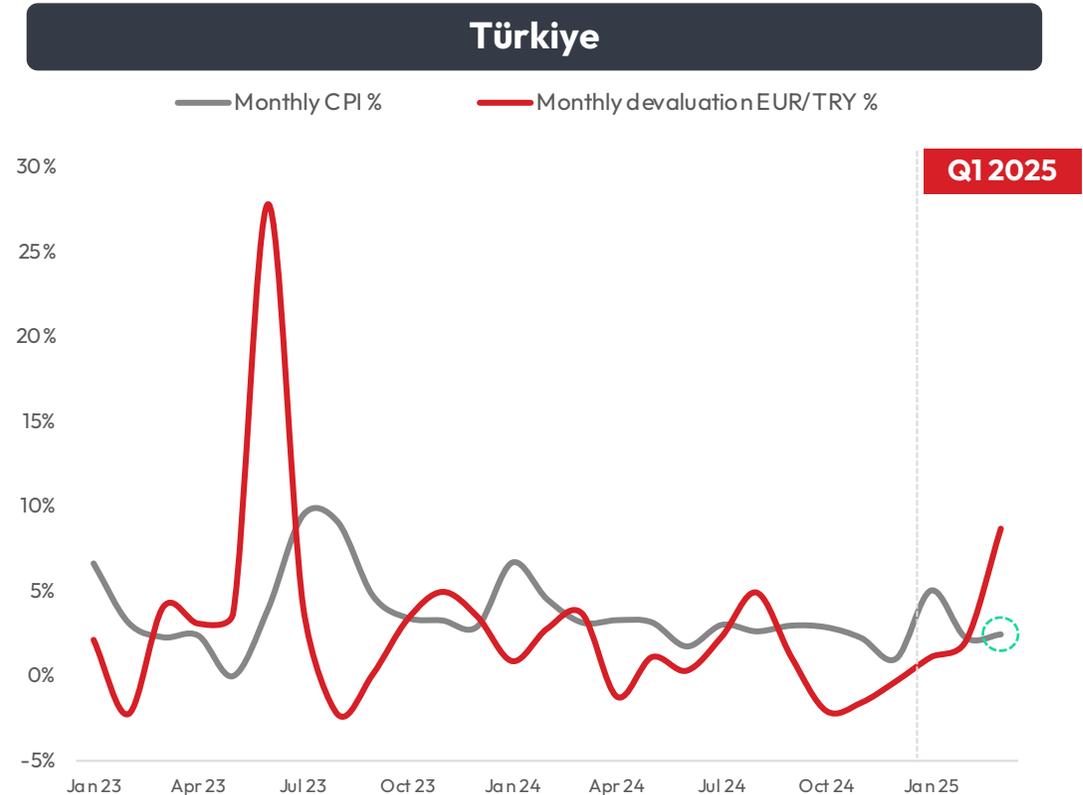
RC = Reported Currency / CC = Constant Currency.

Hyperinflation accounting in Argentina and Türkiye



- **Argentina Platform business:** In Q1 2025, hyperinflation accounting resulted in a **negative** impact on GMV, Revenue, and adj. EBITDA, as in March 2025, the monthly CPI increase (change in %) was **lower** than the monthly FX devaluation (change in %).

Source: National Institute of Statistics and Censuses of the Argentine Republic (INDEC).



- **Türkiye Platform business:** In Q1 2025, hyperinflation accounting resulted in a **negative** impact on GMV and Revenue, as in March 2025, the monthly CPI increase (change in %) was **lower** than the monthly FX devaluation (change in %). The impact on adj. EBITDA was positive.

Source: The Central Bank Of The Republic Of Türkiye (CBRT).

Free Cash Flow old vs. new definition¹



(in €m)	FCF FY '24 old
Adj. EBITDA	693
(-) Other Taxes Paid	(16)
(-) Income Taxes Paid	(293)
(+/-) Change in Working Capital (excl. PSP ² receivables and restaurant liabilities)	83
(+) Change in Provisions - legal risk in Italy	51
(-) CAPEX (tangible and intangible)	(271)
(-) Lease payments (IFRS 16)	(149)
Free Cash Flow (old)	99

Old FCF definition: Adj EBITDA after changes in WC excluding receivables from payment service providers and restaurant liabilities; less taxes, capex and lease payments

(in €m)	FCF FY '24 new
Net result	(882)
(+) Non-cash items	1,182
(-) Income Taxes Paid	(293)
(+/-) Change in Working Capital (incl. PSP ² receivables and restaurant liabilities)	187
(+/-) Change in Provisions	444
Cash Flow from Operating Activities	638
(-) CAPEX (tangible and intangible)	(271)
(-) Lease payments (IFRS 16)	(149)
Free Cash Flow (new)	218

New FCF definition: cash flow from operating activities; less net capex and lease payments

1. Free Cash Flow according to the new definition is calculated as cash flow from operating activities as stated in the IFRS Statement of Cash Flows less net capital expenditures, and payment of lease liabilities. Free Cash Flow excludes interest income and expense. 2. Payment Service Provider

Balance sheet (1/2)



(in €m)	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2024
Intangible assets	6,455.7	5,995.4
Property, plant and equipment	746.7	770.5
Other financial assets	408.3	396.9
Other assets	26.2	30.3
Deferred tax assets	8.8	22.1
Investments accounted for using the equity method	7.6	8.9
Non-current assets	7,653.3	7,224.1
Inventories	143.5	174.6
Trade and other receivables	711.9	659.7
Other financial assets	4.9	225.5
Other assets	255.3	308.1
Income tax receivables	9.9	19.8
Cash and cash equivalents	1,659.4	3,808.7
Assets (disposal groups) classified as held for sale	49.7	-
Current assets	2,834.5	5,196.3
Total assets	10,487.8	12,420.4

Balance Sheet (2/2)



(in €m)	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2024
Share capital/Subscribed capital	270.7	287.4
Capital reserves	10,261.7	12,513.5
Retained earnings and other reserves	-8,878.2	-10,208.5
Treasury shares	-0.7	-0.0
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company	1,653.5	2,592.3
Non-controlling interests	-4.1	120.2
Equity	1,649.4	2,712.6
Liabilities to banks	1,017.5	1,794.5
Provisions for pension and similar obligations	21.2	28.6
Other provisions	298.3	256.1
Trade and other payables	442.8	347.1
Convertible bonds	3,816.2	3,272.6
Other liabilities	36.1	34.4
Income Tax liabilities	-	7.3
Deferred tax liabilities	262.1	234.7
Non-current liabilities	5,894.1	5,975.2
Liabilities to banks	13.4	18.9
Other provisions	311.0	852.5
Trade and other payables	1,704.0	2,023.6
Convertible bonds	286.7	47.4
Other liabilities	447.9	445.3
Income tax liabilities	181.3	345.0
Current liabilities	2,944.4	3,732.7
Total equity and liabilities	10,487.8	12,420.4

Increase of the syndicated term loans

Partial buyback

Provisions for legal risks, including EU antitrust and rider reclassifications

Redemption of the Convertible Bonds tranche which matured in January 2024

Cashflow Statement (1/2)



(in €m)	FY 2023	FY 2024
Net result	-2,304.7	-881.7
Income tax expense	142.1	339.3
Income tax paid	-198.1	-292.9
Amortization and depreciation	475.0	465.4
Impairment of non-current assets	1,004.7	133.2
Increase (+) / decrease (-) in provisions	42.0	442.2
Non-cash expenses from share-based payments	247.4	171.1
Bad debt impairment, unrealized exchange rate effects and other non-cash expenses	65.9	74.0
Gain (-) / loss (+) on disposals of non-current assets	4.2	20.0
Gain (-) / loss (+) on deconsolidation	11.7	-1.2
Increase (-) / decrease (+) in receivables from payment service providers	-109.4	58.4
Increase (-) / decrease (+) in inventories, trade receivables and other assets	-165.0	-193.0
Increase (+) / decrease (-) in restaurant liabilities	145.0	44.9
Increase (+) / decrease (-) in trade and other payables	105.5	276.4
Finance income (-) / expense (+)	514.2	-19.8
Cash flows from operating activities	-19.5	638.3
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	8.3
Payments for investments in property, plant and equipment	-147.7	-139.1
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets	0.7	-
Payments for investments in intangible assets	-113.0	-140.4
Proceeds from divestments of other financial assets	63.8	204.1
Net payments from loans to third parties	-9.3	-4.5
Net payments for the acquisition of subsidiaries	-96.7	-44.9
Net payments from the sale of subsidiaries	-0.3	-0.3
Payments for the acquisition of equity investments	-5.4	-1.4
Interest received	50.2	58.7
Cash flows from investing activities	-257.8	-59.5

Focus on profitability and the improved operating performance in the segments

Divestments of minority shareholdings

Cashflow Statement (2/2)



(in €m)	FY 2023	FY 2024
Proceeds from capital contributions	-	2,138.8
Payments for the acquisition of non-controlling interests	-287.8	-
Proceeds from bonds and borrowings	1,000.8	799.3
Payments of lease liabilities	-156.8	-148.7
Payments of other financial liabilities	-756.8	-954.8
Interest paid	-173.4	-254.9
Dividends paid	-3.3	-
Cash flows from financing activities	-377.3	1,579.6
Cash and cash equivalents		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	-654.6	2,158.4
Effect of exchange rate movements on cash and cash equivalents	-103.8	-9.1
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	2,417.8	1,659.4
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	1,659.4	3,808.7

Related to the talabat IPO proceeds, and Uber's equity investment in DH SE as part of Taiwan transaction

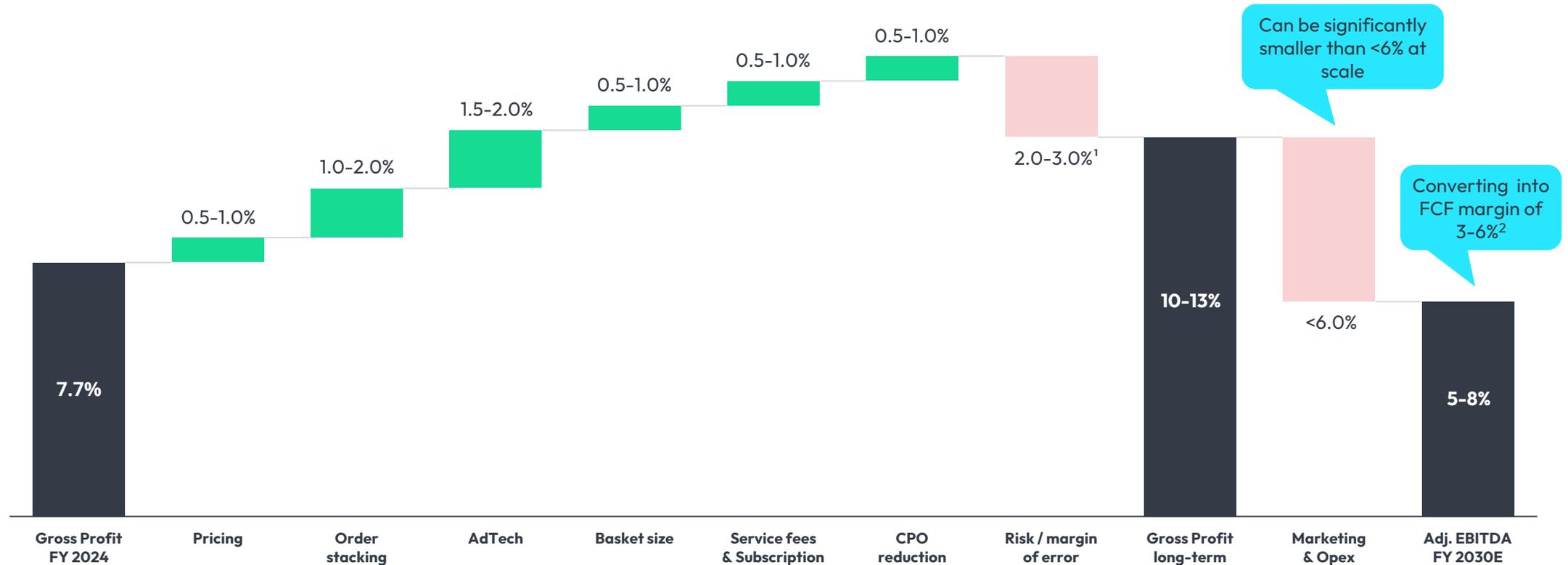
Increase of the syndicated term loans

Partial buyback and redemption of Convertible Bonds

Significant potential for Gross Profit margin expansion



Gross Profit to adj. EBITDA for the Group (as % of GMV): FY 2024 to Long-Term



1. Unknown risks and non-execution of positive levers compared to plan.
 2. Adj. EBITDA margin and FCF margin as % of GMV and on Group level, including both Platform and Integrated Verticals.

Very attractive long-term margins and high cash conversion



(in % of GMV)	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025e	FY 2030e	Comments
Management accounts					
Gross Profit	7.4%	7.7%	Improve	10% to 13%	Driven by pricing, advertising, order stacking and increasing profitability of Dmarts
Marketing	(2.9)%	(2.4)%	Stable %	<(3)%	High focus on improved marketing efficiency while continuing to grow at scale
Opex and others	(4.0)%	(3.9)%	Improve	<(3)%	Top-line growth combined with strict cost control to drive operating leverage
Adj. EBITDA	0.6%	1.4%	~1.9%	5% to 8%	Best-in-class countries already generating adj. EBITDA margin of 6-8% of GMV
IFRS reporting					
Cash Flow from Operations	(0.04)%	1.3%	>1.3%	4% to 6%	Resulting from significant profitability increase and Working Capital optimizations despite higher taxes
- o/w Change in Working Capital	small outflow	0.4%	small inflow	small inflow	Positive cash generation as business scales and driven by active Working Capital management
- o/w Taxes paid	(0.4)%	(0.6)%	Stable %	(0.9)% to (1.9)%	Predominantly income taxes. Long-term cash tax rate of ~25% corresponds to (0.9) to (1.9)% of GMV
Capex	(0.6)%	(0.6)%	Stable %	~(0.3)%	Investment in tangible and intangible CAPEX leverage as business scales
Lease payments	(0.3)%	(0.3)%	Stable %	~(0.2)%	Growth at slower rate vs. GMV
Free Cash Flow	(1.0)%	0.4%	>0.4%	3% to 6%	Highly attractive long-term cash conversion
Share-based comp. (SBC)	(0.6)%	(0.4)%	Stable %	~(0.6)%	Incentivize key employees and align with company objectives

Note: Gross Profit is based on management accounts and differs from IFRS Gross Profit. Free Cash Flow according to the new definition is calculated as Cash Flow from Operating Activities as stated in the IFRS Statement of Cash Flows less net capital expenditures, and payment of lease liabilities. Free Cash Flow excludes interest income and expense. The Free Cash Flow guidance for FY 2025 excludes extraordinary cash outflows related to ongoing legal disputes (e.g., EU antitrust and Glovo Spain) and extraordinary cash inflows from M&A break fees.

Ample liquidity position further increased by talabat IPO proceeds



Values in € billion



Comment

- **Cash generation:** Significant increase in profitability positions the business for strong future cash generation
- **Capital contributions:** As part of the contemplated Taiwan deal, Uber subscribed to a capital increase, resulting in cash proceeds for Delivery Hero SE of €278m in FY 2024. The chart above does not yet reflect the proceeds from the termination fee of \$242m related to the Taiwan transaction (received in Apr'25)
- **IPO proceeds:** Delivery Hero received net proceeds of €1.84bn from the listing of a 20% stake in talabat at the Dubai stock exchange

Definitions



- Gross Merchandise Value (GMV) is the total value paid by customers (including VAT, delivery fees, other fees and subsidies but excluding subscription fees, tips and delivery-as-a-service fee).
- Total Segment Revenue is defined as revenue in accordance with IFRS 15, excluding the effect of vouchers, discounts and other reconciliation effects. Difference between total segment revenue and the sum of segment revenues is mainly due to intersegment consolidation adjustments for services charged by the Platform Businesses to the Integrated Verticals Businesses.
- Adjusted EBITDA figures are preliminary, and the underlying financial data is currently undergoing audit procedures. Adjusted EBITDA is including group cost unless otherwise specified.
- Free Cash Flow is calculated as cash flow from operating activities as stated in the IFRS Cash Flow statement less net capital expenditures, and payment of lease liabilities. Free Cash Flow excludes interest income and expense.
- Constant currency provides an indication of the business performance by removing the impact of foreign exchange rate movements. Due to hyperinflation in Argentina, Türkiye and Ghana we have included reported current growth rates for Argentina, Türkiye and Ghana in the constant currency calculation to provide a more accurate picture of the underlying business.
- AdTech or advertising refers to non-commission based revenues (NCR) which also include other revenues (e.g. merchandise).
- MENA revenues, adj. EBITDA, GMV, as well as the respective growth rates, are impacted by the operations in Türkiye qualifying as hyperinflationary economies according to IAS 29 (Türkiye: since June 2022).
- Americas revenues, adj. EBITDA, GMV, as well as the respective growth rates, are impacted by the Argentine operations qualifying as hyperinflationary economy according to IAS 29 (Argentina: since September 2018).
- Integrated Verticals revenues, adj. EBITDA, GMV as well as the respective growth rates are impacted by operations in Argentina and Türkiye qualifying as hyperinflationary economies according to IAS 29.

1. Glovo's operations located in Africa and Central Asia are included in the Europe segment.

Important Notice



- For the purposes of this notice, “presentation” means this document, its contents or any part of it. This presentation does not, and is not intended to, constitute or form part of, and should not be construed as, an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to purchase, subscribe for or otherwise acquire, any part of it form the basis of or be relied upon in connection with or act as any inducement to enter into any contract or commitment or investment decision whatsoever.
- This presentation is neither an advertisement nor a prospectus and should not be relied upon in making any investment decision to purchase, subscribe for or otherwise acquire any securities. The information and opinions contained in this presentation are provided as at the date of this presentation, are subject to change without notice and do not purport to contain all information that may be required to evaluate Delivery Hero SE. Delivery Hero SE undertakes no obligation to update or revise this presentation. No reliance may or should be placed for any purpose whatsoever on the information contained in this presentation, or any other information discussed verbally, or on its completeness, accuracy or fairness.
- The information in this presentation is of preliminary and abbreviated nature and may be subject to updating, revision and amendment, and such information may change materially. Neither Delivery Hero SE nor any of its directors, officers, employees, agents or affiliates undertakes or is under any duty to update this presentation or to correct any inaccuracies in any such information which may become apparent or to provide any additional information.
- The presentation and discussion contain forward looking statements, other estimates, opinions and projections with respect to anticipated future performance of Delivery Hero SE (“Forward-looking Statements”). These Forward-looking Statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, including the terms “believes”, “estimates”, “anticipates”, “expects”, “intends”, “aims”, “plans”, “predicts”, “may”, “will” or “should” or, in each case, their negative, or other variations or comparable terminology. These Forward-looking Statements include all matters that are not historical facts. They appear in a number of places throughout this presentation and include statements regarding Delivery Hero SE’s intentions, beliefs or current expectations concerning, among other things, Delivery Hero SE’s prospects, growth, strategies, the industry in which it operates and potential or ongoing acquisitions. By their nature, Forward-looking Statements involve significant risks and uncertainties, because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur in the future. Forward-looking Statements should not be read as guarantees of future performance or results and will not necessarily be accurate indications of whether or not such results will be achieved. Similarly, past performance should not be taken as an indication of future results, and nor representation or warranty, express or implied, is made regarding future performance. The development of Delivery Hero SE’s prospects, growth, strategies, the industry in which it operates, and the effect of acquisitions on Delivery Hero SE may differ materially from those made in or suggested by the Forward-looking Statements contained in this presentation or past performance. In addition, even if the development of Delivery Hero SE’s prospects, growth, strategies and the industry in which it operates are consistent with the Forward-looking Statements contained in this presentation or past performance, those developments may not be indicative of Delivery Hero SE’s results, liquidity or financial position or of results or developments in subsequent periods not covered by this presentation. Any Forward-Looking Statements only speak as at the date of this presentation is provided to the recipient and it is up to the recipient to make its own assessment of the validity of any Forward-looking Statements and assumptions. No liability whatsoever is accepted by Delivery Hero SE in respect of the achievement of such Forward-looking Statements and assumptions.

Investor Relations Contact



Christoph Bast

Head of IR

christoph.bast@deliveryhero.com



Barbara Jeitler

Director IR

barbara.jeitler@deliveryhero.com



Moritz Verleger

Senior Manager IR

moritz.verleger@deliveryhero.com



Lukas Herzog

Manager IR

lukas.herzog@deliveryhero.com



Loredana Strîmbei

Specialist IR

loredana.strimbei@deliveryhero.com

ir@deliveryhero.com

T: +49 (0)30 54 4459 105

Oranienburger Straße 70, 10117 Berlin, Germany

ir.deliveryhero.com

